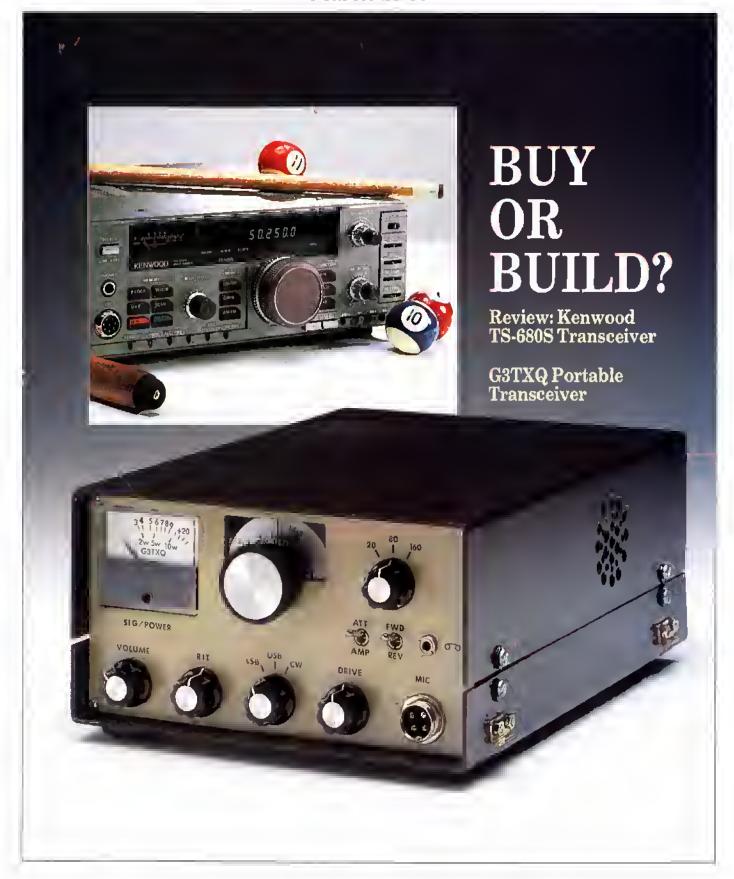
Radio Communication

March 1989



KENWOOD



TS-790E - Just when you thought it was impossible

Impossible to design and produce a multi band VHF/UHF transceiver which would render all others obsolete? But this is what Kenwood have done with the TS-790E, in the same way that the TS-940S set new standards which have not yet been beaten, or the TR-751E 2 metre multimode, which is still without any serious competition. Kenwood have the magic touch which gives the customer what the customer wants, in a package which is easy to use, performs like a dream, and is simply a delight to own.

The TS-790E gives you all-mode operation on 2 metres, 70 centimetres, and with an optional internally fitted section adds 23 centimetres as well. Power output is 45 watts on 2, 40 watts on 70, and 10 watts on 23; and there is little doubt that the receiver performance will better any previous transceiver.

It is fashfonable in some quarters to sneer at the microprocessor, but Kenwood write the software in their processors with the aim of giving the user complete control over a wide range of facilities and not confusing the issue. In this respect, the TS-790E adds a new dimension to VHF operating, with its dual (triple) band monitoring, cross band operation, full duplex facilities, and a wide range of features to make life easy for the operator.

I must mention the TS-790G which has already been advertised elsewhere. The "G" suffix denotes that the transceiver is produced for the Japanese home market. That's acceptable if you can read the Japanese handbook, but the 10 watt power outputs on 2 and 70 may not be to your liking, nor indeed the lact that there is no connection at all between the purveyor of the product and the Kenwood UK sales and service network. I know and understand the destre of certain importers to be the "First on the market" with a new product, but so often it's a bit like being the first man to offer the square wheel — not quite right for the intended purpose, but somebody will always buy it.

As always; Caveat Emptor.

John Wilson G3PCY/5N2AAC

LOWE ELECTRONICS LTD.

Chesterfield Road, Matlock, Derbyshire DE4 5LE

Telephone 0629 580800 (4 lines)

Sole Appointed UK Distributor for KENWOOD Amateur Radio

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THE LAST WORD

RADIO SOCIETY OF **GREAT BRITAIN**

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY WHICH REPRESENTS UK RADIO AMATEURS

Founded 1913, Incorporated 1926, Limited by guarantee. Member society of the International Amateur Fladio Union

PATRON: HRH PRINCE PHILIP, DUKE OF EDINBURGH, KG

Membership is open to all those with an active interest in radio experimentation and communication as a hobby. Applications for membership should be made to the secretary, from whom full details of Society services may also be obtained.

Headquarters and registered office: Lambda House, Crenborne Roed, Potters Bar, Herts EN6 3JE Telex 9312 130923 (RGS) Electronic mail via Dialcom/Telecom Gold: 87:COQ083 Telephone: 0707 59015, Fax: 0707 45105

Secretary and Chief Executive: David Evans, G3OUF

COUNCIL OF THE SOCIETY

PRESIDENT: J Gannaway, G3YGF EXECUTIVE VICE-PRESIDENT: To be announced IMMEDIATE PAST-PRESIDENT: Sir Richard Davies, KCVO, CBE, CEng, FIEE, G2XM HONORARY TREASURER: B O'Brien, ACIB, G2AMV

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Zone G

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Chief morse test examiner: A N lanson, G3GDO HF maneger: E.J. Alleway, G3FKM Microwave manager: C.W. Suckling, G3WDG

Observation Service organiser: Fi J Osborne, G4FJN Trophles manager: Mrs M H Claytonsmith, G4JKS

VHF menager: K A M Fisher, G3WSN

Correspondence to honorary officers should be addressed directly to them (QTHR), not to RSGB HQ

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Dnce-off joining fee: £1.50 Corporate members: UK and overseas (Radio Communication by accelerated surface post): £20.50

UK associate member under 18: £6.95. Family member: £8.20 UK students over 18 and under 25: £10.45 (Applications should give applicant's age at last renewal date and include evidence of student status) Affilleted club or society/registered group (UK): £20.50 (including Radio Communication): £12.30 (excluding Radio Communication) (Subscriptions

include VAT where applicable) Membership application forms available from RSGB HO

COUNCIL BRIEFS

24 November 1988

- In his financial report, the Hon. Treasurer announced that the income from the lottery totalled £32,600 and it was hoped that this sum would increase to £35,000 before the closing date. The accounts for the quarter showed a surplus before depreciation and tax.
- ■The Secretary reported on Project YEAR, which was proceeding well, being enthusiastically received in many clubs recently visited by Society representatives. An analysis of the Project YEAR questionnaire had just been completed and a report for Rad Com was currently being prepared.
- ■Council discussed proposals for the Student Licence and it was agreed that a draft document would be prepared and circulated for comment to the Spectrum Committees. The Licensing Advisory Committee would then co-ordinate feedback. It was expected that a response from the membership would be received following publication of the results of the survey. Tribute was paid to the work carried out by the Training and Education Advisory Working Group. Council noted the importance of the provision of Student Training Manuals and gave consideration to the form these would take.
- ■Much discussion took place on the Secretary's proposals for a new Junior or Student Associate section of membership. The Secretary spoke of his plans to develop this work and launch the new magazine designed for voungsters, D-i-Y Radio. It was agreed that Mr Case, GW4HWR would act as co-ordinator for D.i. Y Radio for one year. Mr Evans provided a full report on the current situation, outlining the various approaches made by the Society. He reported that an offer of sponsorship had been received from a TV Company, who could provide training videos.
- ■In his report on Society publications, Mr Evans informed Council that a number of books were to be produced on the new

desk-top publishing system at HQ.

- ■Mr Brinkworth gave a report on a recent meeting held to discuss the recently circulated documentation on the EEC EMC Directive, Mr Brinkworth explained that the meeting had considered the directive unworkable, which called for an adequate degree of immunity and attenuation of radiation in all electronic equipment, Council agreed to convene a Working Group to input the Society's objections to the European Parliament, Comments would also be sought from outside hodies
- ■Council ratified the recommendations for various committee awards.
- ■Agreement was given to a recommendation from the VHF Contests Committee, for the acceptance of the Scottish Trophy. offered by the West of Scotland Amateur Radio Society. This was to be awarded annually to the leading GM station in the restricted section of VHF NFD.
- ■Affiliations were granted to Brentwood ARS, Bucking Bronco Contest Group, Prudential ARS, Scottish Tourist Board (Amateur Radio) Expedition Group and Stanchester School Radio Club.
- ■Council appointed Mr P. Howarth, G3YAC, Chairman of the Raynet Committee as from 1 July 1989 at which time the current Chairman, Geoff Griffiths, G3STG, wished to stand down.
- ■Mrs J Heathershaw, G4CHH, was appointed Chairman of the Licensing Advisory Committee as from 1 January 1989. She would fulfil this role during the current chairman's year of presidency, following which Dr Gannaway would be reappointed as chairman
- ■The Secretary briefed Council on developments in seeking charitable status for Raynet.
- ■The question of personalised car registrations was discussed.
- ■Council expressed its appreciation to Mrs Heathershaw for all the hard work she had undertaken during the year, particularly in connection with arrangements for the 75th anniversary.

Propagation Studies Committee Vacancy

The Propagation Studies Committee is responsible for all matters concerning propagation study and for cooperation with other bodies engaged in propagation research having an impact on amateur interests.

A vacancy has arisen on the Committee for someone to undertake the examination an analysis of reports from observers of the 28MHz beacons of the International Beacon Project. This is a joint RSGB/Rutherford Appleton Laboratory project.

The new member should have an interest in HF propagation but need not be an advanced worker. Access to a home computer would, however, be necessary,

The Committee meets five or six times a year at approximately two monthly intervals. Meetings are usually in London on a Thursday commencing at 5.30pm.

If you would be interested in assisting the work of the Society in this way please write to the Chairman of the Propagation Studies Committee - Mr R. G. Flavell G3LTP, Jarlshof, 174 Finchhampstead Road, Wokingham, Berks, RG11 3EY

Vacancy for the Post of Honorary Treasurer

After a long and successful association with the Society's accounts, both as Chairman of the Finance and Staff Committee and as Honorary Treasurer, Basil O'Brien has recently stated his intention to retire at the end of the Society's financial year (30 June 1989). The Society is therefore seeking a new Honorary Treasurer.

This is an important post which provides an opportunity for someone to make a major contribution to the future wellbeing of Amateur Radio.

The Honorary Treasurer is responsible for advising Council on financial strategy and the monitoring and reporting of financial matters to Council. He will also be involved in preparing the annual accounts for audit, and presenting them at the Annual General Meeting.

This will entail attending meetings of the Finance and Staff Committee and working closely with Headquarters management, typically involving a workload of some 10 hours per week, with one

or two meetings per month in Central London or at Potters Bar.

The Honorary Treasurer is an appointed member of Council, and must have been a corporate member of the society for at least three years.

The successful candidate will be experienced in financial management and have an interest in the future of the Amateur Radio movement. Formal accountancy qualifications may be advantageous, but are not regarded as essential.

Applicants should send a brief resumé to the Honorary Treasurer, Mr B. O'Brien, G2AMV, at Tanglewood, Anthony's Way, Heswall, Wirral, Merseyside L60 OBP.

HF Contests Committee Seeks **New Members**

The HFCC wish to hear from any members who may be interested in joining the committee.

The HFCC is a working committee of volunteers who are responsible to Council for all aspects of the Society's HF contests. The committee meets in central London about 10 times per year, usually between 1700 and 1900/2000 on a Thursday evening, Committee members decide on contest policy and rules, adjudicate contests and write up reports for publication in RadCom, Travel and out ofpocket expenses related to the attendance at meetings are funded by the Society.

Applicants should be active amateurs or BRS members with an interest in HF contesting. The committee considers that events for Short Wave Listeners are most important and would welcome additional help.

Members who are interested should write or phone the Chairman, Ron Glaisher, G6LX, 279 Addiscombe Road, Croydon CR0 7HY Tel: 01-654 1406 evenings).

RSGB QSL BUREAU

All QSL cards and correspondence relating to the RSGB QSL Bureau should be sent to the QSL Bureau Manager at the address below.

MR E G Allen, G 3DRN QSL Bureau Manager 30 Bodnant Gardens. Wimbledon, London, SW20 OUP,

PACKET POISED FOR ANOTHER REVOLUTION

For the past four years packet radio has been the fastest growing facet of amateur radio in the UK and the enthusiasm with which it has been greeted shows no signs of abating. Why? Primarily because it is new.

Packet represents many new challenges - both technical and organisational. The high level of mutual co-operation required to form a network to handle messages efficiently around a city, a country, a continent or the world is new and unique within amateur radio. Never before has so much co-ordination between individual radio amateurs been required on a single project. Technically the challenges are enormous as software, hardware, digital and RF devotees combine their strengths to solve the

problems encountered.

More and more UK amateurs are beginning to realise what packet radio has to offer. There are now over 120 licensed mailboxes in the UK, and the numbers are growing at a rate of two or three a week. These are all linked together in an ad hoc network. If you live in Aberdeen you can type in a message to your local mailbox and within a few tens of hours it will arrive in Guernsey having travelled through the network from mailbox to mailbox. Provided your friend is on packet and provided you know the address of his/her local mailbox, you can send a message practically anywhere in the world. Satellites, like the University of Surrey's UoSAT II, and HF links can now transport your message from continent to continent.

The very success of packet could be its own worst enemy. Most UK amateurs who venture onto packet for the first time will do so using their 144MHz FM equipment. However, 144 650MHz is very crowded indeed, especially in and around the larger cities. Packet allows a number of amateurs to share one frequency, but the more that share the slower the communication becomes,

At present the UK ad hoc network works, but it is fragile now that traffic levels are beginning to rise. Amateurs who would like real time packet communication over long distances using packet repeaters (digipeaters and nodes) vie with the inter-mailbox traffic for the limited channel time available. Overcrowding itself uses up the limited resources because repeats and re-tries are necessary to get the message through.

The situation should improve this year. Already there are a few 9600 baud links in place on 1 3GHz, with more to follow soon. These should dramatically improve the main longer-distance backbone routes used by real-time operators and for intermailbox traffic. Moreover, by the end of the year there might well be a dozen or so HF mailboxes licensed in the UK to ease international message forwarding, using both packet and AMTOR.

Of course, one has to realise that packet mailboxes, digipeaters and nodes are all provided by individual amateurs or groups of amateurs as a form of public-spirited service. A typical mailbox might tie-up £1000 worth of computers, TNC's, antennas and radios and, as such, represents quite an investment. RSGB also provides the licensing, equipment and frequency co-ordination and it is estimated that the existing UK packet network costs in excess of £20,000 per annum in electricity alone. All of this is effectively free of charge to the end user.

Packet is again set to explode in its capabilities this year as more investment of people's time and energies go into building a better network. Next time you send a bulletin or message to a friend, spare a thought for those who are involved in the planning and operating the UK packet network and for the problems and challenges that they are overcoming to help all radio amateurs.

Most of all, enjoy this fabulous new aspect of amateur radio. Encourage your friends to get involved; even ardent DX operators and those who specialise in other aspects of the hobby find packet of great value to their amateur activities. Encourage your local club to set up its own Mailbox/Bulletin Board so that radio amateurs can glean local/international news and information as rapidly as possible in the worldwide network of radio amateurs.

David Evans, G3OUF

RSGB NATIONAL VHF CONVENTION

Sandown Park Racecourse, Esher, Surrey

SUNDAY 16 APRIL 1989

- One day exhibition and lecture programme
 Specialist groups
 - Full lecture programme on VHF, UHF and micro-wave subjects
 - Equipment test facility
 Morse tests
 - Presentation of trophies Comprehensive trade exhibition

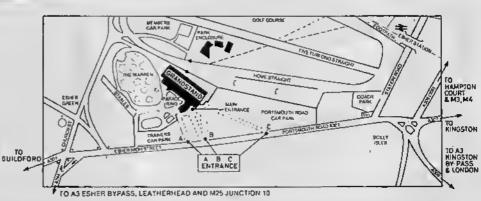
PROGRAMME

1030 1130 1330	Convention opens. Enter through managements. Snack bar in the hall and the licensed bar will be open throughout the convention. AGM 6m Group. Convention address and presents	ation of frophies by RSGB President Or.	Julian Gannaway G3XGF
	Detailed arrangem	ent for lectures will be notified on	Potential of the milli-metric
1415	'EMC – What does the future hold?' Neil Brinkworth, G3UFB	Beginners guide to VHF operating techniques David Butter, G4ASR	bands' Barry Chambers, GBAGN Remote imaging group AGM Henry Neale, G3REH
1515	'An update on sporadic E' Dr Geoff Grayer, G3NAO	Mike Sanders, Observation aspects of	Morse test forum, Robert McEwan Reid, G4GTQ
1615	AHŁ Committee Łornw	Eastnet - microwave asper package links'. Phil Howarth, G3YAC	
1715 1800	Lecture session ends Trade exhibition closes. Conve	ADMISSION sts, it has been decided, as last year, not to a. lollows:	o issue admission tickets for this
To s	simplify management and to reduce cos vention, either in advance or at the gate vention, either in agament on entry as	e. e. lollows:	i-50 i-00

convention, either in advance or at the gate. Admission will be by payment on entry as follows: Convention and exhibition..... :: (under 18)..... :: (under 14).....Free

RAIL TRAVEL Please note that British Rail's Esher stetion is now open on Sundays.
ACCESS MAP TO SANDOWN PARK

Talk-in station GB2 VHF: channels \$22 SU22



Map by couriesy of United Racecourses

MEL North Polar Trek on schedule



Just after last month's Issue went to press, the first official "MEL North Polar Trek" press conference took place at the House of Commons, RSGB was invited to attend to hear Sir Ranulph 'Ran' Fiennes explain the reasoning behind an unsupported attempt on the North Pole and Laurence Howell, GM4DMA, describe the various aspects of the scientific programme, including details of communications links.

We thought that the details of the transceiver and antenna arrangements which will be used for communications in the field were particularly interesting . If you think your portable contest station has a hard life, read on, All communication equipment has to function totally reliably in temperatures of -60 degrees or less. Tho transceiver used for the job is the PRC319, made for special forces use by MEL (a member of the Phillips Defence and Control Systems Group) and weighing a mere 7.5lb. This little job covers the entire HF spectrum from 1,5 to 40MHz and has facilities for all sorts of clever modes designed to stop enemy forces knowing what you're up to. As far as antennas go. the Intention is to use resonant dipoles tald on the snow and ice surface · which is only a metre or so above the Arctic Ocean. The antenna height will lead to a near-vertical incidence of radio waves, giving the maximum benefil for "local" (0-700km) traffic. The base communication antenna for this field link will also be low, receiving much of the signal from near vertical rellection off the longsphere.

From the amateur viewpoint, Laurence said that the base camp would be using a variety of entennas, one of which would be a home-brewed full-size half-sloping rhemble with home-brewed open wire leeder. This antenna will be at 60' with an

apex angle of 45 degrees at the feed point. and what influences this can have on The halfway point will be at 30', from which communications will be continued this it will slope away to a final height of 6" at the termination point. The resistance at the termination and will be 450 ohms. This antenna will work satisfactorily on amaleur bands from 7MHz up to 28MHz and will be directed towards the UK. The ability to be able to switch rapidly between a variety of antennas is paramount since conditions near the pole can vary considerably within a matter of minutes. The 50MHz station will consist of two transceivers - a homebrew Meen and an FT690 - each with its own amplifier, and running approx 120 W to a 4-element beam antenna. Laurence also said that base camp may come up on any frequency at any time using the callsigns GM4DMA/VEB or GM1ILL/VEB on the appropriate bands, but that the best frequencies to listen on were probably 14.345MHz, 28.885MHz, 50.110MHz and 144.123MHz, QSL will be via G8VR until the end of 1989, incidentally, anyone whe heard or worked the stations during last year's trip will have to wait a little longer since cards from "the sponsor" are still awaited.

Looking at the scientific programme, a twice daily report will be sent from the base camp to the Atmospheric Environmental Services at Resolute Bay, some 700 miles south, The overall picture of Arctic woather patterns is restricted because of the number of reporting stations. This makes forecasting very difficult and since the Arctic weather patterns have a direct effect on those of the entire Northern Hemisphere, the data sent by the base camp team will help give forecasters a clearer ldea of what is going on. A radio programme to investigate the effects of very close proximity to the magnetic north pole

Detailed records and recordings of signals both at HF and VHF, terrestrial and In last month's 'Council Brief' it was satellite, will be made. The sun's influence at Ward Huni Island is very strong. Particles emitted by the sun as plasma (solar wind) are locused by the earth's very strong magnetic field and can have a very destructive nature, making radio blackouts very long and often completely wipling out HF communications for days, However, there are other effects which are only noticeable at this high latitude and which might well aid communications on a temporary basis (see last month's item entitled "Laurence & Morag Go Auroral").

The Schedule

As we went to press, the team of four Sir Ranulph Fiennes, Dr Mike Stroud and Laurence and Morag Howell - were scheduled to fly from London Heathrow to Montreal on 20 February. The next day they were to continue their journey from Montreal to Resolute Bay for training, On 4 March they will fly by Bradley Air Services from Resolute Bay to Ward Hunt Island and set up the base camp. The 'too Group', Sir Ranulph Fiennes and Dr Mike Stroud, will set off for 90 dogrees North on 10/11 March leaving Laurence and Morag to run the base camp operations at Ward Hunt is. Approximately 60 days later, in early/mid May, the toe Group will be tlown from their most northerly point to Ward Hunt Is, where Laurenco and Morag will bo collected and flown back to Resolute Bay and on to the UK.

Incidentally, did you know that the Ward Hunt Island base camp is approx 400 mile NE of magnetic North?

RSGB calls industry conference

If all goes according to plan, the first RSGB Project Y.E.A.R Industry Conference will take place towards the end of May. Robert Alkins, Parliamentary Under Secretary of State for Industry has tentalively agreed to open the conference and make a keynote address

With assistance from the DTI, the RSGB will be inviting heads of Industry to the conference, which is designed to alert industry to the aims of Project Y.E.A.R in guiding young people's Interests towards science, lechnology and electronics. One of the prime functions of the conference will be to seek industry sponsorship for Project Y.E.A.R.

Data Symposium change of dates & venue

announced that Council had given the goahead for the 2nd RSGB Data Symposium, tollowing the success of last year's event. Although Harrow School was again chosen as the venue for the 1989 event, escalating costs and an unfortunate double booking by the school have resulted in a change of both the date and venue.

The 1989 RSGB Data Symposium will now be held concurrently with the AMSAT-UK Colleguium at the University of Surrey, Guildlord between 28-30 July. Tho joint event will be co-hosted by the Society and AMSAT UK and, as last year, Ron Broadbent, G3AAJ will be heavily involved In the planning and organisation of both parts.

it's intended that the first two days will be geared lowards data orientated subjects and the last two days to satellite subjects but, since two two's into three doesn't go, the middle day will be designed to appeal to both interest groups by dealing with thoso topics which overlap into both areas. There is no intention to dilute either event by this move, Quite the reverse - it will allow more people, especially those from overseas, to allend both events without the need to take two 'helidays', Many of these who attended last year's RSGB Data Symposium also allended the AMSAT-UK Colloquium, in addition, the excellent facilities at the University will mean that both events will be able to maintain a professional conference standard.

We are sure that neither satellite nor data buffs will be disappointed, nor should they fear that their particular area of Interest will be eclipsed by the other. There will be plenty of time for both. It's expected that there will be additional displays and stands together with facilities for informal discussions.

Any data or satellite orientated traders or groups who are interested in putting on a stand or display should contact Ron Broadbent, G3AAJ, as scon as possible since available space is limited,

Anyone who would like to present a paper to the Data Symposium should contact Mike Dennison, G3XDV, at RSGB Headquarters as scon as possible.

Further details and an application form should be available in the April issues of Radio Communication and OSCAR News,

Unfortunately, this announcement could not be included in the latest issue of OSCAR News since the decision to combine the two events was made after OSCAR News went to press,

REVISED GB2RS CW BROADCAST SCHEDULE

Following several months of successful experimental CW transmissions, the GB2RS schedule for the 40m band (7047,5kHz) will be modilied as from 5 February, The new schedule is given below;

Time (focal)	TX from	Mode	Notes
0900	GI3GGY	AM	Voice transmission
1000	G3LEQ	CW	Identification
	G3LEQ	CW	News at 30 wpm
	G3LEQ	CW	News at 26 wpm
	G3LEQ	CW	News at 22 wpm
1030	G3LEQ	CW	Repeat news at 18 wpm
1100	G3LEQ	LSB	Voice transmission

Note - The Information given in the January issue was incorrect, but was published as supplied to Headquarters. We applicate for any inconvenience this may have caused. G3LEQ will be pleased to receive reports of his transmissions and will aknowledge these with a GB2RS QSL card. Reports should be sent direct to G3LEQ, QTHR,

UK Amateurs Receive New Year's Honours

Mr Leslie Cobb, G3UI (right) was awarded the British Empire Medal, In the recent New Year's Honours List, In recognition of 40 years' service in the Air Training Corps with 250 (Halifax) Squadron, Leslie, aged 68, has been a radio enthusiast all his life and, in 1936, held the artificial aerial licence '2ABC'.

He received his present callsign in 1938, just prior to serving with the Territorial Army from 1938 to 1946, during which time he was a Japanese prisoner of war for three-and-a-half years. After the war, he was employed as Service Manager with Pohlmann & Son of Halifax, which began business as a manufacturer of planes and later moved into radio and television retailing.

Leslie has been a member of the Northern Heights ARS since it began in the early 1950s and has been its Secretary since he tetired four years ago. He is active mainly in the HF bands and is a keen 'home-brewer'. His latest project was a 28MHz CW Iransceiver.

Mr John Martindale, GM4VPA (below) received the Queen's Police Medal, which is awarded for distinguished service by a police officer. John is a Chief Superintendent with Strathclyde Police and is currently responsible for the Scottish Criminal Record Office on behalf of all Scottish police forces, logether with a major computer installation with an extensive data communications network north of the border and also one of the largest tingerprint bureaux in the UK. He is also in charge of the Identification Bureau of Strathclyde Police.

John first became interested in radio as





a school boy and his skill in building crystal sets was in great demand by his fellow pupils. Before joining the Army in 1954, he was involved in the establishment of police radio systems in the Stirlingshire area. He returned from service in Kenya in 1956 and oined the Stirlingshire Police Force. Although an avid short wave listener throughout that lime, the hobby took a back seat as his career progressed. In the early 1980s, whilst convalescing, John renewed his interest in short wave listening and decided that he wanted to have a go at transmitting. He used his time in studying for the RAE and, following his success in the examination, he went on to take the Morse lest and was issued with his present callsign shortly before joining the RSGB in November 1983. John is a member of the Strathctyde Park ARC in Motherwell and is particularly interested in packet radio. He is active in the HF and VHF bands, and would like to get more involved in satellite operation, if he could find the time. He still does some home-brewing but, like many of 'VHF Communications' us, prefers building with discrete components rather than chips.

NEW HQ TELEX NUMBER

RSGB Headquarters now has its own dedicated telex number and answerback. This means that callers NO LONGER need to quote the "CQO 083" reference on the first line of the message.

The new number and answer-back is: 9312130923 RSG

It's the Volts that Jolts - The Sequel

You may remember that In January's News Bulletin we ran a piece on some problems caused at Chateau 'FRX by poor line regulation, and we appended a sour comment to the end about not expecting your local electricity board to take much interest in any problems of this sort. The reason for this uncharacteristic grumpiness was that MANWEB (the writer's local lot) weren't in the slightest bit interested in doing anything about It - or even commenting on it despite the fact that technically they're in breach of their statutory obligations, And the power-line noise we experience sometimes has to be heard to be believed - I reckon that the entire output of one power station is being dissipated in one of our local lines! Do liney care? Not a scrap. However, it scems that MANWEB's attitude might not be typical. Roger Horne, G4HBA, of Morley, Leeds, wrote outlining his experiences:

"I too am an avid VHF operator, and of late my sole interest has been on 50MHz. To this end I have gone to great lengths to ensure that my 50MHz station le as 'state of the art' as possible. About three months ago, the final addition was a pair of 4-element J-Beams stacked et 45', Imagine my great disappointment on finding that, after having spent in the region of £800 on equipment and antennas and many hours on the construction of equipment, a problem arose which I had not been prepared for.

"The problem was overhead line noise. The noise problem is so bad at times that listening for weak signals is Impossible, the S-meter reading 20dB over 9 when I beam at the power line. A bit of detective work with an FT690 soon proved that the noise was coming from the pole that supported the transformer feeding our cottage - at a distance of about a quarter of a mile. The line noise was always all its worst in damp and humid conditions, as might be expected.

"So, armed with the above Information, I approached my local Electricity Board engineer and explained to him who I was and what the problem was. He said that, while he had never heard of anyone with this problem before, he would see if anything could be done. A little while later I received a phone call from him in which he made an appointment to come and see me so that I could demonstrate

"The day of his visit duly arrived and guess what - not a single de of interference was detected on the main receiver! For a change it was a warm and sunny day, which was probably why. Undeterred, however, we both donned our boots and set off following the line through ploughed fields and carrying the FT690 looking for the offending nolsy pole. Even directly under the transformer there wasn't a thing, and you can imagine how I leit Irying to explain this to the engineer, However, this wasn't the end of the story.

"During our conversation the subject of poor line regulation, from which we suffer from time to time, cropped up. The upshol was that a line crew was sent out to investigate. Two faults on the line were found. One was a comoded joint in the line and the other was the result of one of the transformer fuses which had not been seated properly; it had arced and burned the holder, causing a highresistance connection. Both faults were duly repaired and the line regulation is now excellent. Hewever, the problem of the line noise still remains.

"The local Area Board has not given up yet. The engineer has left me his heme telephone number so that I could contact him if the interference was bad and so that he could come and observe it. They plan to check the joints and insulators on the high-voltage side of the transformer, and if that does not cure it the transformer itself is to be changed.

"It seems that if you appreach the local Electricity Board in a friendly manner and explain the problem as it effects you, perhaps their response will be positive as my experience has proved. I will let you know the final outcome."

Those wishing to move to Morley, Leeds, form an orderly queue behind me.

New UK Agency for

VHF enthusiasts will be delighted to learn that, at long last, a new UK agent has been appointed for the German 'VHF Communications' magazine. He is Mr Mike Wooding, G6IOM, It's many years since there has been a UK agent for this popular magazine, and obtaining the magazine, back Issues, binders, kits and PCBs for some of the projects has been a problem. However, Mike assures all past, present and new subscribers that "all this is a thing of the past. A full service is now available and it's cheaper tool", 'VHF Communications' contains constructional articles on

transmitters, réceivers, demedulators, test equipment, RF amplifiers and preamplifiers - In fact on all subjects to do with VHF, UHF and SHF communication in the amaleur bands. The subscription rate for 1989 is £8.75 inc p&p and if you'd like to receive a regular copy, please send a cheque made out to 'M Wooding' to;

Mike Wooding, G6IQM 5 Ware Orchard Parby

Rugby, CV23 8UF

Mike can also be contacted by telephoning 0788 890365 and leaving a message on the answerphone, incidentally. Mike is also the Assistant Editor of CO-TV, the journal of the British Amateur TV Club (BATC).

Dayton Hamvention 1989 - Largest Event in the States

We've just received the early reservation information for this year's Dayton Hamvention · probably the largest amateur radio event in North America - which takes place over three days from 28 to 30 April, One of the main features of this event is the 'Giant 3-Day Flea Market' which attracts people from all over the US who have bits and places for sale. Admission to the event is £10.00 for the three days and tickets can be purchased in advance from:

Dayton Hamvention Box 2205 Dayton, OH 45401

Information about lodgings in the Dayton area can be obtained by writing to:

Lodging Dayton Hamvention Chamber Plaza 5th & Main Streets Dayton, OH 45402

Looking Ahead

In last month's issue we ran a short item by Charlle Newton, G2FKZ, on the possibility of trans-auroral propagation between Laurence and Morag Howell, on Ward Hunt Island, and the UK. Whilst we had Charlie in a relaxed frame of mind and with a pen in his hand, we thought wo'd get him to write a little piece on what's happening generally in the esoteric world of propagation in 1989. Microphone back to you, dear triend:

"As we all know, the American space programme has been virtually at a standstill for the past year and so many plans which might have come to fruition as a result of satellite launches have not materialised. However the time has not been wasted and much thought has been put into what can be achieved on the ground. It has been known for some time that NO ionospheric predictions - regardless of who does them, are 100% reliable - so a great deal of thought has been put into how they can be improved. The best forecasts up to now work on a system of ionospheric maps and circuit paths, such as those published in RadCom, so attention has been focused on how to improve the maps. An international conference was called to establish just what could be done and various suggestions were made. Finally it was agreed to get a more worldwide lonospheric picture by setting up a series of transmitting stations round the Equator, with countries all over the world providing automatic receiving stations. It is, to say the least, a bold and imaginative plan. "The receiving stations will have to work automatically and provide data in a ferm sultable for computer processing. To this end a good deal of work has already been

done, particularly by Hull University, in designing and building prototype equipment, it has not yet been decided just what range of frequencies will be used, but of necessity this will be quite wide. It's hoped that our 28MHz beacons will also be a part of the project, if all goes well the rewards will be enormous, and the 'fiddle factors' in our present lenospheric forecasts will be consigned to the past. "Another very exciting programme which we hope will materialise this year is the solar wind monitoring telescope operated by Professor Hewish and his team at Cambridge. They have found that they can detect the outliew of the sofar wind from the sun. So when massive outbursts occur, which give rise to such phenomena as magnetic disturbance on earth, radio aurora, ionospheric disturbances, possible danger to astronauts etc, it should be possible to give a warning that such an event is on its way. Another by-product of the system is that they can trace back the precise location on the sun where the particle stream originated. We hope that this will tell us whether it is coronal holes, massive flares or perhaps something else, that is responsible for such events, as there is a good deal of controversy about these points at present, "To operate the telescope for this purpose costs money, and It is only in recent times with American help that funds have been found to enable the project to proceed. It is hoped that the forecasts will be available via the Ursigram service, which means we will be on the list. If all goes well, the forecasting of aureras should prove to be much easier and more reliable - and we can only wish the Cambridge team good luck in the extremely difficult task that they have taken on.

"The amateur service has also been planning very hard and it is hoped that this year will see the setting up of a geophysical data broadcasting service. The problem has been discussed by the Propagation Studies Committee with the International Amateur Radio Union and also the professional booies such as the Rutherford Appleton Laboratory from whom the broadcast Information would have to come, since there is a pressing need for the broadcast of such Information throughout Europe, "GEC-Marconi Communications has generously donated a 1kW transmitter for the service. It is hoped that the station can be sited at the University of Sheffield field site at Buxton In Derbyshire, which would give good coverage to most of NW Europe as well as the UK. The scheme has the encouragement of the propagation staff of the DTI, to the extent that they might well be prepared to support an application for a "fixed service" licence on an assigned frequency just outside the UK 3.5MHz amateur band in order to mitigate the effect of Interference, Informal advice has now been given by the UK DTI on trequency and clearance aspects and a termal approach for a ficence is now to be made."

Last Chance to Apply for RSGB 75 Award

The closing date for the RSGB 7S Award is 1 April 1989, so you've got about a month in which to get your application to John Harvey, G4IVJ. Those of you who have already applied will be pleased to know that following a few printing problems; we've finally received the stocks of certificates - and very nice they look tool We've now got the mammoth task of writing all your names and callsigns onto them and packing them off in the post together with the special 'surprise' item we promised. Please be patient and bear with us a fittle longer.

The Rules for this award were published in various issues of Radio Communication during last year and its purpose was to raise the level of amateur activity in a spirit of friendship during the RSGB's 75th Anniversary Year. For many of you who took part, that's exectly what it did. John received the following letter from a delighted applicant:

"I am very pleased to submit a claim for the RSGB 75 Award, As you will see, I was fortunate to work more stations than the minimum requirement and these included both GB75RS and GB75AC as well as twelve other GB75 stations and over 75 RSGB members.

"Unfortunately, I could not make it to the NEC in July so I am very glad I could join in the spirit of the 75th anniversary year by working many new stations specifically to quality for the award. The pleasure was all minol

"One notable contact was with Gerry, G2BTO on 80m, who called me on his Panda transmitter using AM, I duly



responded after a quick look at the handbook to see how to set the drive levels for my TS440S.

"Another amusing comment came from Tom, GM2BMJ in Dumfries, noted my persistence on the band and called one Sunday afternoon. He said he left he know me rather well because every time he tuned across the band that afternoon he heard my voice. He even went for a 5 mile walk and found I was still there when he returned so had to come on and give me a point. Well you certainly cannot expect to qualify for an award without some effort going into it and I have enjoyed hours of pleasure and amusement on this occasion.

"Vy 73, es mnl tnx lor considering my award claim - Bob Harweed, GM0HRT".

Il you worked any of the qualifying GB75 prefix caffsigns, it's worth having a look through your logbook to see If you managed to work 75 different RSGB members during 1988, You may be sitting on an award and not know it!



On e recent visit to RAF Locking, Air Commodore D G Harrington, President of RAFARS, made e presentation of e suitably inscribed Class D morse key to 'Pop' Seymour, G3GNS, in recognition of hie meny yeers service running the RAFARS slow-morse transmissions. It'e now over 25 years since 'Pop' first became involved with these broadcasts, which ere stiff sent out daily for the benefit of would-be clees A licenseee throughout the UK. Now in his eighties, 'Pop' has many telee to tell of his 24 yeers service in the RAF, tourteen of which were spent in India and Melta where he operated VU2DX and ZB1Q respectively.



WAB News

First ot all, a change to the date of one of the WAB 144MHz contests. In order to avoid clashing with the RSGB 50MHz Trophy Contest, the date of the WAB 144MHz Contest has been moved to 25 June 1989.

This month has seen the first claim for the new WAB Overseas Bookholders' Award, which is designed to encourage members to work bookholders who live outside the UK. The Basic certilicate is awarded for working 10 bookholders (who can only be claimed once regardless of how many books they hold). Bob, G4GEE, was first off the mark galning the award on mixed bands using mixed modes.

PE1JVH was also quick to claim, being the first to achieve the required 10 bookholders on 144 MHz SSB.

Moving to HF only, SWL Chris Gibbs has become the first to achieve 2500 mixed sories bookholders and 1800 3rd series bookholders on 3.5MHz SSB.

ft's been another busy month on the VHF band with Roy, G1NUS becoming the first to achieve 2300, 2400 and 2500 areas worked on 144MHz SSB, GW8PTS is the first to complete the Decade Award on 144 MHz FM, and G0JHC has become the first to collect 200 bookholders on 50MHz SSB.

New WACRAL QSL Manager

The World Association of Christian Radio Amatours and Listeners (WACRAL) has just appointed a new QSL Manager, Malcolm, G6UGW. Cards should now be sont to him at the following address;

M J Bell, G6UGW WACRAL OSL Manager 61 Oldbury Orchard Churchdown Glos, GL3 2PU



Julien Bortowski, GW0FPY sent ue this pic of his 1-month old son Peul Jemes, who eppears to heve a very good 'fist' for CW. Could he be a future 'Young Ameleur of the Yeer'?



Red Dragon Contest Group Celebrates 10th Birthday

The Red Dragon Contest Group, GW8GT, based in Blackwood, Gwent, was formed in 1979 with the purpose of mounting a major entry in that year's CQ World Wide SSB Contest, which coincided with the peak of solar cycle 21. The tollowing year the group won top place in Europe and was placed fourth in the world.

The group is now well established and enters major contests from a permanent contest site located in the Blackwood area. On the site are two 60' towers, three full size five-element Yagl beams for 20m, 15m and 10m, a vertical with buried radials, a two-element beam for 40m and the usual dipotes. An 80' tower is currently being purchased to support a 40m quad

antenna and provide extra crucial support for a Sterba Curtain. There are three permanent cabins on the site; one is used for operating, one for storage and one for steeping. The group's five-berth caravan serves as a kitchen and rest area.

Members of the group are drawn from a wide geographical area but more members are currently being sought, particularly since a major entry is being planned for the 1989 CQ World Wide Contest to mark the 10th enniversary of the group's formation. Anyone who is interested in HF contests and who wishes to become a member of the Red Dragon Contest Group can obtain tuther information from Brian Davies, GW3KYA, tel 0495 225825 or write QTHR.

Basingstoke ARC on Show

The Basingstoke Amateur Radio Club will be holding an exhibition in the loyer of the Basingstoke Library on Saturday 11 March between 9.30am and 3.30pm. The club has obtained the special event calisign GB4BLE (Basingstoke Library Exhibition) and will be operating in the VHF bands and, if conditions permit, in the HF bands. Several members of the club will be on hand throughbut the day to talk to the public about the club's activities and amateur radio in general. Local or visiting amateurs will be very welcome to attend and further details can be obtained from Mike Lewis, G1MDS on Basingsteke (0256) 473401.

DTI Announces New UK Frequency Guide

The radio frequency bands affocated to commercial and Industrial users in the UK can now be seen at a glance on a colour-coded bar chart prepared by the DTI's Radiocommunications Division and published by HMSO.

A copy of this 6pp two-fold A4 chart

arrived on our doormal a couple of weeks ago, it covers frequencies in the range 1kHz to 60GHz, which are sub-divided into primary and secondary users. The main users shown are broadcasting, fixed stations, mobile, amateur, meteorological, radio location, navigation, astronomy, space, and various maritime, aeronautical and satellife bands.

The "United Kingdom Radio Frequency Allocations Chart" Is published by HMSO, ISBN 0.11.514637.7 and is priced at £2.50. It can be obtained direct from HMSO Government Bookshops In London, Edinburgh, Manchester, Bristol, Birmingham and Belfast, or through major booksellers. Telephone orders can be made by contacting the HMSO Publica-

tions Centre on tel: 01-873 9090,



Minister Leans on Pirates

At a press conference on 12 January 1989 Industry Minister Robert Alkins said that there would be no let-up in the Government's crackdown on pirate radio stations in the wake of a record year of raids on illegal broadcasters. The RIS made nearly 450 raids last year and more than 100 people were prosecuted. The Minister also announced that the Government would be seeking more powers to prosecute advertisers and suppliers, and he added that anyone with a conviction for piracy committed after 1 January 1989 would be barred for five years from applying for a community radio licence.

C&GAppealFees

The City & Guilds of London Institute has announced the introduction of fees for the handling of queries relating to candidates' examination results. These fees (detailed below) will come into effect from the May 1989 examination series and have proved to be necessary in order recover the costs of Investigating appeals. The fees will be charged at two levels; a) for arranging a clerical check only, to verify the result issued, £5.00 per candidate per component; b) for arranging for re-assessment and preparing a report, including a clerical check, £7,00 per candidate per component. In the case of the Radio Amatours' Examination these charges equate to £10,00 for a cierical check of both parts or £14.00 for a re-assessment check and report. The fees must be paid in advance. However, in the event of a result being upgraded or of an error being found the tees will be retunded. A word of warning though. City & Gulids' track record in the RAE is very good. In the years when the Society ran examination centres at both Derby and London, no adjustments in the grading were ever made and no errors were found in the results of the lew candidates who appealed, Experience has shown that the majority of appeal applications are made by candidates who had an over-optimistic view of their study and performance.

Late Rally Dates

Aimost Immediately aher we'd run off the 'Diary of Events' pages we received a couple more rally dates - well that's lile. Both events takes place in July and here are the basic details:

23 July

Anglian Mobile Rally - Highwoods Sport & Leisure Centre, Severalts Lane, Colchester. Details Peter, G0DZB 1et: 0473-58367 ext 157, weekdays or Jeremy, G0KEH 1et: 0206-384829, evenings and weekends.

30 July

Hilderstone Radio Rally - Hilderstone College, St.Peters, Broadstairs, Kent. Details Ron, G3TAJ tel: 0304-812723.





RNARS Members Form HMS Plymouth Group

Society living in Devon and Comwall have recently formed the "HMS Plymouth Group" which will be responsible for amateur radio operations from the Falklands2 veteran "HMS Plymouth" based at her names ake city. It is the group's intention to provide - as far as possible - a replica W/T Office and operate amateur radio from it as a demonstration to visitors. The amateur radio station will be active in the HF and VHF bands and QSL cards will be available for all contacts. The callsign has yet to be allocated but it is hoped that a callsign suffix with the old Davenoort signal letters 'GUZ' will be possible. The group is hoping to obtain the permanent callsign GB3GUZ

Members of RNARS, both at home and abroad, are invited to join the group at an annual subscription rate of £2.00. This should be sent to:

Chris Harper, Hon Treasurer 24 Cunningham Road Tamerton Foliot, Plymouth PL5 4PS

Members of the Royal Naval Amateur radio

Society living in Devon and Cornwall have recently formed the "HMS Plymouth"

Other linancial offers would be gratefully accepted and applied to the provision of additional equipment.

The Secretary of the Group is Mrs Bobby Harper (XYL of Chris) and she can also be contacted at the above address.

HMS Plymouth is the last of the Type 12 Frigales and is currently 'in retirement'.

The photograph shows HMS Plymouth entering Plymouth Sound flying her 'paying-off' pennant. Originally, she was to have been heading for a watery grave as a missile target but the Warship Preservation Trust and a strong feam of volunteers have worked small miracles to save her and put her on public display al Milibay Docks, Plymouth (departure dock for confinental terries).

The ship will be open to the public from 23 March until October and there will be a modest entrance tea charged. A warm welcome is extended to all visitors, particularly those with an interest in amateur radio.

VHF Conventions-Which Way?

Regrettably, G3UBX had to report to the VHF Committee that attendance at last October's Midlands VHF Convention was disappointing. This means that the event will probably not be held this year - aren't there any active VHF types north of Watford? On a brighter note, we're currently considering making future VHF Conventions in the south two-day affairs basically because of continually increasing attendances at this event. This year, however, it will follow the usual pattern. Don't forget that it's scheduled for next month (sea details in this issue of Radcom), and extra space has been booked at Sandown Park.

This year, for the first time, there will be a members' mart similar to the one at the Woburn Rally. A small number of tables will be available to members, who are het traders, for the disposal of amateur radio and allied items. The cost of each table used will be £4.00/hour. Tables can be pre-booked by sending a cheque -payable to 'RSGB'- to Martin Shardlow, G3SZJ (OTHR).

New 'G5RPTrophy'

Friends of the late Ted Wake, GSRP, have generously donated a new trophy - The GSRP Trophy' - which will be awarded annually to the RSGB member, permanently resident in the UK, who, in the opinion of the RSGB HF Committee and the Vale of White Horse ARS, has made the greatest progress in the field of HF (1.8 to 39MHz) DX in a 12-month period between July and the following June.

The trophy is Intended to encourage keen newcomers to HF DX and emphasis will be placed on progress rather than an absolute level of achievement. In determining the recipient, particular attention will be paid to progress in DXCC, WAZ, and in the RSGB's Commonwealth, IQTA and ITU Zones programmes.

Nominations for the trophy should include the name and callsign of the nominated operator together with a

summary of all relevant DX achievements in the previous 12-month period. Two nominalors are required, both of whom should be RSGB members and class A licence hotders. Nominations should be sent, by 31 July, to the Chairman of the HF Committee at 41 Enniskillen Road, Cambridge, CB4 1SQ.

The trophy will be awarded for the first time at the 1989 RSGB HF Convention for progress during the period July 1988 to June 1989.

Square-bashers in Madeira

It's understood that the Square Bashers DXpedition Group is heading for CT3 this year. The planned operation will not be trom the island of Madeira liself but from a small island to the north for two weaks commencing 31 May.

Activity will include cross-band operation to 4m and the group will be tully CRV on both 6m and 2m. Equipment for 4m will include a converter which, it is hoped, will remain on the Island to be used by one of the resident operations once the group has left. He is kean on both 6m and 4m operation so by feaving the converter it's hoped that more regular cross-band activity will be sustained in the future.

When the Square Bashers return to the UK, we'll try to bring you yet another exciting account of their activities.

1989 G3PAO Memorial Lecture

This year the Verulam ARC's G3PAO Memorial Lecture will be given by Dr Peter Duffett-Smith, G3XJE, of the Cavendish Laboratories In Cambridge. The lecture, which takes place on 28 March, is entitled "Long Delayed Echoes", phenomena which have caused much speculation over the years.

As usual, visitors are welcome to attend the lecture - which starts at 8pm in the RAF Association HQ, New Kent Road, St. Albans. Further details can be obtained from the Secretary on tel; 01-427 4800.

Verulam's Sccond Project YEAR Meet

The Verulam ARC will be holding its second Project Y.E.A.R meating on Tuesday 14 March In the RAF Association HO, New Kent Road, St.Albans, starting at 7.30pm. This is a follow-up to the successful Amaleur Radio Activity Evening held last October.

The evening will provide an in-depth look at weather satellites including demonstrations, and an infroduction to packet radie with a fully operational station, in the second part of the evening, youngsters will have a chance to sea the ARRI, video entitled "New World of Amaleur Radio".



Nevada Introduces New TM1000 ATU

The new version of the popular British designed and manufactured TM 1000 Broadband ATU covers 1.8 to 30MHz continuously and is capable of handling 2kW PEP. The unit provides effortless matching of all long wire, co-ax or open wire fed antennas. Nevada has invested in teoling and injection moulding equipment to improve the capacitors and manufactured to the highest standard to ensure negligible stray reactance at high

frequencies and ensure years of trouble



tree use. The really gboo news is that this new and improved version will still sell for the same price as the original, le £168.00.

AWARDS

NATIONAL

Worked All Britain Award

WAB has introduced a new award to encourage members to work stations outside the UK or Northern Ireland (see WAB NEWS). It is available to all (including listeners) and a certilicale is earned by working at least 10 members. Endorsements are issued for each additional 10 members worked. The cost is £2.00 plus two tirst-class stamps, and each endorsement also costs two stamps, Contact

Dave Brooks, G4IAR 28 Avon Vale Rd, Loughborough, LE11 2AA for more information.

Solent Fortifications Award

There has been a change of award manager and fee for the Solent Fortications Award. The fee has been increased to £3.00 and this should be sent with your application to GOLVW (QTHR)

Civil Service ARS Activity Award

The Civil Service Amateur Radio Society, callsigns G1CSR and G3CSR, offers an eward for working or hearing CSARS members on one or more amateur bands using any of the permitted modes of operation. All contacts from 1 January 1985 are valid for the award, which is split into three categories; Standard, Silver and Gold. The requirement for each category is as follows:

Standard Award

For achieving a total of 15 points with a maximum of two CSARS club or special callsigns.

Silver Award

For achieving 25 points with a maximum of three CSARS club or special callsigns, Additional special calls may be worked but will only count as 1 point each.

Gold Award

For achieving 45 points with a maximum of four CSARS club or special callsigns, Additional special calls may be worked but will only count as 1 point each.

Contacts with CSARS members using their own callsigns over a path greater than 50 miles count as 2 points. Contacts over a path of less than 50 miles count as 1 point, CSARS callsigns, such as G1CSR (VHF) and G3CSR (HF), together with special event callsigns GB75CSR, GB0CSR, GB1CSR etc count as 5 points. CSARS Club stations are usually active from the headquarters in Westminster but occasionally operate outside this area on

a portable basis, Each callsign counts once, no matter how many times it is worked or how many modes of operation or bands are used, or whether the callsign has a suffix or not. Contacts via repeaters or satellite are not allowed. CSARS nets take place on Tuesdays at 1930 BST on 144.370 MHz and at 2000 BST on 3720 kHz. A full list of CSARS members and the eward rules can be obtained by sending a stamped addressed envelope to:

CSARS Activity Award Civil Service ARS CS Recreation Centre Monck Street London SW1P 2BL

INTERNATIONAL

Luxembourg Independency Award

This is an official diploma issued by RL, a founding member society of fARU, It celebrates the Independence of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg within its present boundaries, which was established by the Treaty of London, signed on 19 April 1839, it is evallable to licensed amateurs and listeners who contact the required number of Luxembourg stations during 1989. Each QSO counts 10 points to Europeans and 20 to others, and each QSO with club staffon LXORL or LX150L counts 15 and 30 points respectively. Each station may be worked once per band only -Irrespective of mode, A list of claimed contacts (or stallons logged) showing date, time, callsign, frequency, end mode, certified by an award manager of an IARU member society, a club official, or two licensed amaleurs should be sent

Reseau Luxembourgeois
des Amateurs d'Ondes
Courtes,
Awards Manager,
PO Box 1352,
L-10 13 Luxembourg,
Luxembourg
together with ten IRCs, US \$6.00, or
DM10 end an adhesive self-addressed
label. All applications must be
poslmarked no later than 31 July 1990.

Andorra 5 Bands Award

This one is also new and requires confirmed contacts with five different. Andorran stallons since 1 January 1989. These may have been on any of the bands 3.5, 7, 14, 21, or 28MHz, and may be all-CW, all-SSB, or mixed. Note that only stations using the C31 prefix count. Send the five OSLs to:

URA PO Box 150 Andorra la Vella Andorra

W®RLD NEWS BRIEF

AUSTRALIA

Electronics Australia is Australia's oidest technical electronics magazine and next month it will be celebrating 50 years of continuous publication as a monthly. The April issue will be a much fatter than usual and will come with a special souvenir booklet reproducing highlights from the April 1939 Issue as well as various feature articles dealing with the development of the electronics industry over the last 50 years.

There will also be messages of goodwill trom many of the world's other radio and electronics magazines and journals including Radio Communication.

After several months of trials and tests, two new HF packet forwarding links between Australia and Europe are now in place and working well. The new links were set up for the purpose of connecting the AsiaNet network with the various European networks. Both links are dedicated to message forwarding and serve as an atternative path to the DCE for routing messages to and from Europe.

EIRE

The IRTS Radio News Broadcast celebrated its 20th anniversary in January. The lirst broadcast was made at 12 noon on 19 January 1969 by the late Bill McIlwaine, EI9F.

FRANCE

The World Amateur Radio Medal (below) has been designed and engraved by a radio amateur. Dedicated to the radio amateurs of the world in honour of their

spirit and fratemity, it can be given as a gift, prize or award by radio clubs. The blank rectangular area is for the recipients name or callsign and there is also space on the diamond for the national society's initials.

The medal is cast in bronze, is 70mm in diameter and weighs 150g. The cost (outside France) is 95 FF each and enquiries/orders should be directed to:

Arthus Bertrand 6 Place Saint-Germain-des-Pres 75006 Paris France

ISRAEL

The Israel Amateur Radio Ctub is pleased to announce that toilowing a meeting of its executive council on 26 December, toreign members may now be accepted. The decision of the executive council was unanimous and long-awaited. Foreign members will be accepted with 'Associate Member' status and will receive a monthly issue of 'HaGal Intomational', sent by air mail, The annual membership fee is \$25.00 due 1 January each year.

JAPAN

It's understood that Japan is planning to change the morse code testing procedures for its class 1 and 2 licences such that only the reception of morse codo will be tosted. Nevertheless, the test still appears to be a tough one with the candidate having to receive 50 characters/minute of Japanese telegraphy plus, for the class 2 licence, 60 characters/minute of international plain text,

NETHERLANDS

1989 should prove to be a top year for Radio Nethorlands, with conditions on the bands Improving and now facilities at the studio centre in Hilversum. An even more creative programme schedule has been planned for the next 12 months.

Programme information can be obtained in electronic form by dialling (31) 35 45395 to reach Radio Netherlands' IBM hest computer. It operales at 300/1200/2400 baud, uses the standard 8-N-1 tormat and both CCITT and BELL tones.



This Year's First Major Tropo Opening

Jim Bacon G3YLA tells us why

On 24/25 January 1989 there was a nice tropo opening from the UK and Eire to central and southern Europe and Scandinavla. No doubt the finer points of who worked what will get covered in the VHF/UHF column at some point - however, we thought we'd try a new feature this month. What we plan to do goes something like this. Tropo openings at VHF and UHF aren't exactly hot news; they happen quite often, and unless you're either new to this area of amateur radio or it's e mega-opening they're not especially dramatic, although they're great fun. However, it's been bothering us for some time that the usual text- book write-ups about how trope openings occur aren't all that helpful - and there seem to be an ewful lot of unanswered questions about exactly what goes on up there. So we thought we'd try a different tack. When there's some good tropo we'll have a little news story about the opening itself and follow that up with some facts and figures from Anolla TV weatherman Jim Bacon. G3YLA. We've been unashamedly twisting Jim's erm to do this for us - and we gather that in turn he's been twisting those of his colleagues at Anglia Television, so MNI TNX chaps, all greatly approciated. Jim will explain what weather conditions were involved and the connection between the DX and all these nice S9 Germans In your 144 MHz receiver. The Idea, of course, is to help us all learn a bit more about the whole thing.

So what happened? At about 1600 on 24 January, stations in the Midlands and the south of England started hearing Dutch and German 144 MHz signals at ever-increasing strength. It was one of those openings where the middle of the country seemed to do better than the rest, with stations anywhere between the East

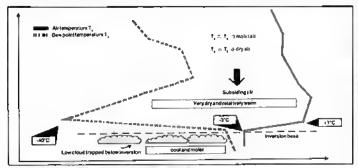
Midlands and Jim, £13GE just south of Dublin - who was working loads of tasty DX - reporting some very strong signals. In the early evening OE2CAL in JN67 was exceedingly foud almost everywhere south of the Mersey and the Swiss beacon was about S6, although no-one apart from one or two woll-sited stations in the south mentioned working HB9. One or two stations on the East Coast reported hearing weak HGs but not working them.

By the following moming the opening had swung northwards to Scandinavia, and some OZ and SM stations were 59+ in most parts of the UK. Who was foudest depended very much on where you wore; it was one of these fascinating openings where - for example - OZ1HNE in JOS7 was very strong in one place and very weak ten miles away, whereas for an SM station in JO67 the position was completely reversed. It was also noticeable that, as on many occasions, the strongest signals were these from the most distant stations - SM7NNJ in JO86 was a good S9 for most of the etternoon of the 25th. However, the cut-off appeared to be very sharp · did anyone work anything past 90 row, for example? One or two East Germans were also about.

By about 2100 it had all gone, and there was just the usual white noiso in the Rx. So what happened? Here's Jim Bacon;

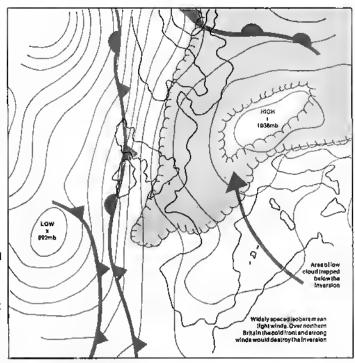
"For much of January, propagation was bordering on 'lift' conditions. This period, as many of you will have realized from the longth of the grass, was rather exceptional from a weather point of view.

"On Tuesday 24 January a widespread tropo opening occurred, which was a direct result of the almost semi-permanent area of high pressure over the continent. At 0001 GMT on the 25th the synoptic chart (see map) shows the high centred over



25 Jenuary 1989-0001 GMT. St. Hubert, Beiglum

Pressure 900mb	Temperature +7.1	Dew Point -40.0	Modified refractive index 250.8
920mb	+7.5	-28.0	257.3
945mb	-3,5	-3.9	295.8



25 January 1989 - 0001 GMT

southern Czecheslovakla.

"The Important thing about the high was its production of a marked temperature (subsidence) inversion - see chapter 2 of the VHF/UHF Manual, Large highs are typically regions of dry warm air above the inversion level. If this inversion also traps a layer of moist air between it and the ground, then conditions are ideal for a 'lift'.

"The principal requirements for tropo are a sharp change of temperature and moisture across a relatively short vertical distance; both of these elements affect the retractive index of the air. The upper air radio-sonde readings taken at 0001 GMT on the 25th were examined to see whether such contrasts existed on this occasion. The pfotting convention of these graphs is essentially that temperature increases to the right and - as usual - altitude is the left-hand axis.

"On this particular radio-sonde ascent from Beiglum, which was typical of much of the cloud area around the high, there was indeed a marked contrast of temperature and moisture across the Inversion. The effect which this had on the radio retractive index was to cause e decrease of approximately -168 units per kilometre through the inversion, or parhaps a little greater. This is comfortably in excess of the -157 units/km needed to bring a radio wave back to ground or cause ducting as was required for the DX paths. The inversion was between 2000 and 2500 ft.

"Over 45mb (le 411 metres) a decrease of 45.7 units gives a gradient of -111/km. Over 25mb (228m) a decrease of 38.5 units gives a gradient of 168/km. If the whole change took place in the first 25mb (ie allowing for a time lag in the instru-

ment), this gives a gradient of -199/km. This is comfortably enough to bring in some good DXI**

So there you have it or some of it, anyway. What's especially interesting is the possibility of a very large gradlent, which might go some way towards explaining why some stations in the Netherlands and on the German border were giving a lot of S-meters in the UK some serious stick.

Incidentally, this opening showed up a perennial problem yet again. The sector between 144.15 and about 144.35MHz was full of both strong DX signals and local QSOs, but between .35 and the top of the SSB allocation there was almost no-one on. Inevitably, some of the local natterers got clobbered by chaps calling weakish DX underneath them which they couldn't hear. When there's a major 144 MHz opening or even when conditions are halfway reasonable it makes enormous sense to move local QSOs, nets, etc up above about 144,400 to reduce the possibilities of mutual interference. One gentleman we heard having a little local QSO on 144,330MHz was extremely put out when someone a few miles away and obviously rather better sited went back to an SM7 who was calling CQ on the same frequency. Said gentleman didn't seem to be able to grasp the fact that conditions on the band were slightly different from normal and that 144.33MHz wasn't a very sensible place that night for a local ragchew. If we all made better use of our bandplanned allocations, we'd all work more of whatever we want to work with less clobberage which also means staying sharp and using the receiver as though it belonged to a radio amateur instead of a PMR operator...



We've run quite a few DXpedition stories in the Bulletin, and the feedback we get suggests that you like reading them. However, with one notable exception they've all been about VHF/UHF DXpeditions. The reasons for this remain unclear. Maybe VHF types are naturally good with their word processors and typewriters whereas the HF fraternity are naturally tongue-tied. Maybe the HF brigade collectively spends far too much time working exotic DX worldwide to have any left for writing! Whatever the answer, the bottom line is that unless someone writes the stull we can't publish it. John Pitty, G4PEO, writing in last month's "Last Word", was wrong: it isn't that we're "...biased towards VHF", it's just that our contributors seem to bel

However, you can't say we don't try.

Arms have been twisted, veiled threats bordering on blackmail have been issued and gauntlets have been thrown down and in this month's Bulletin we've actually got an HF DXpedition story for you. It's by lan Shepherd, G4LJF, who when he isn't llying all over the place for British Airways is a crack HF operator, tan has been to a number of interesting places over the years and put them on the air, here's the story of his latest foray into being DX rather than working it. Fasten your seat beits...

I suppose that every DXpeditioner gets a

DXpedition to Antigua

IANSHEPHERD G4LJF/V2A

yearning to go back. I sometimes wonder why, since a productive DXpedition with a single operator is not exactly a holiday. The combination of continual steepless nights, the noise and the bad behaviour on the bands usually results in a bad case of total exhaustion. But nevertheless - in the aftermath of writing out the QSL cards there's always that 'pull' that takes you back to being DX again. Eighteen months after my operation as \$79LJ, I was beginning to become restless again. I had had moderately high hopes of obtaining permission to visit Agalega Island, 386, after being involved in a meeting at

Government House in Mauritius, However, it was not to be for the time being.

Last June, In the course of my flying duties, I happened to be at a cocktail party in Antigua; specifically, at the new Royal Antiguan Hotel, which is situated in Deep Bay on the north-west corner of the island and owned by the Government. The hotel had been built by a workforce of Italians and all the materials had been imported by ship, including a generous affocation of very fine marble. The end result is a magnificent establishment, However, it had been a very expensive development, and had in fact fed to Antigua's national debt

being doubled. Not surprisingly, there had been considerable criticism from anti-Government factions. To make matters worse, occupancy of the hotel had been much lower than expected, mainly because tourists seem to be lured away from Antigua and towards Barbados - where there is a more tourist-orientated approach to visitors. Personally, I think that Antigua is a far nicer island. I prefer to get away to unspoiled beaches like the ones you see in the advertisements and to be on an island that is not full of noisy discos and lager louts!

There is something very magical about a warm dark night on a quiet Caribbean Island, and Antigua lits this bill very nicely.

So there I was, chatting to the hotel manager together with Adrian Bulpin, the hotel's engineer and his lovely wife Lynne, when I had an idea. It crossed my mind that an amateur radio expedition could help the hotel by promoting its existence through QSL cards. We had some preliminary discussions: as soon as I returned home I put my ideas into writing and enclosed some of my \$79LJ cards, which had been designed to promote Bird Island in the Seychelles. Lynne took my idea to the Deputy Prime Minister of Antigua, Mr Lester Bird and, following a meeting with the directors of the hotel, I was thrilled to be invited to come and

operate from there. However, I did point out that there might be a problem. The hotel is situated in a bay with hills rising to more than 300ft just behind it, which isn't a good start, but some luxury villas (some \$320,000 apiece...) had been built as part of the same development. These are situated on the ridge above the hotel itsell, so I asked whether I could use one of these as my base. After consultation with the Deep Bay Development Corporation, who are trying to sell the villas, the answer was yes. So I was now all set for a good DXpedition and it was time to set about getting things together since I had some leave coming up in November.

I suppose the first question was who would want to work V2? Looking through my computer log, I noticed that I had only worked one V2 in the last two and a half years! There seemed to be little doubt that many people would be needing it. Since 28 MHz was open again, that looked likely to be a lavounte as well as the LF bands, and I thought that some CW might be welcome. As I was going to operate from a villa instead of the usual beach, I was going to have to mount the antennas on the root, so I decided to increase the number of radials on my Butternut HF2V from 27 to 55. I would take the Fritzel GP 30 vertical for 10-20, and also a TS 430S logether with an Amp Supply LA-1000 amplifier to produce 400 watts out on the LF bands, I remembered that the Butternut hadn't been easy to match on 160M when 1 was In S7, and with 55 radials it was likely that the feed impedance would be eltered even further away from the desired 50 ohms - so I went to Ammoom and bought a Versatuner ATU. This is a T-match design, probably the best there is for the job, and although the model I bought was only rated at 300 waits, I left that I would get away

with putting 400 through it on a short duty cycle providing that the mismatch was not too great. The unit is really compact, and would be easy to carry.

DIRECT TO LAP-TOP

I decided that the larget would be to make 5000 QSOs · however, having made a similar number from \$7, I remembered all to clearly the horrendous task of typing all the QSO records into my computer so that I could produce the labels for the cards. I swore that I would never do that again, and that In future I would log directly into a laptop computer, I already had one of these but - In the time- honoured way - a screw worked loose a week or so before the day of departure for V2 and the thing blew upl Unfortunately the service agents in the UK were unable to repair it in time. Luckily I had a trip to Now York before I left, and after several long distance telephono calls (and having to pay \$100 rush air freight up to New York) I was able to pick up one of the new Zenith Supersport Lap Tops, with one of the best screens in the business and a built-in 20MB hard disk., ideal for tho iob in hand.

IN-FLIGHT PROGRAMMING

So on 15 November I set oil on the world's favourito airlino, albeit a little lato owing to the dense tog at Heathrow that morning, First Class had some vacant seals that moming (it's useful working for an airline...) so I had a bit of space in which to get down to writing a computer program to handle the logging for me, All I wanted to do was to tell the computer what band and mode I was operating at the start of the run, then typo in each callsign as a station was worked. The computer would put in the time and date automatically, I assumed and I went into the capital. St Johns . to that reports would be 59 or 599, but there

was a chance to edit these without breaking out of the program, I was hoping to add a dupe check as well, but I did not have enough time to include that before we hand despite the fact that I had never arrived.

Our approach to Bird Airport was a circling one and took us right over Deep Bay, I looked down upon the villas where f was to operate from, and all in all it looked a magnificent sight. After some hassles with the Customs Officer over my equipment, I finally struggled out of the Terminal and - much to my reliel - found Lynne waiting for me with her car. We drove straight to the Villas, only to find a very agitated maid. She had been up there to clean the place prior to my arrival, and the wind had blown the front door shut locking her out. Guess where the only key was. Correct - Inside. So I started my visit to Antigua by playing burglar, I found a piece of wire in the grass and managed to prise out one of the panes of glass in a fourred window. Shortly after that we had enough panes out for the maid to climb back in

The villa was very nice but I felt it was a little too near to a hillock to the west of me. Much to Lynne's dismay I asked if I could move to another one a little further to the east, I could see that she was a little upset by this since sho had gone to great longths To get the place ready for me, but she waved hor magic wand and I moved into an unfinished villa. This was still full of builder's rubble and dust and there was no hot water or gas - but there was electricity and a good take off in all directions. To make file ovon bettor, after a week f managed to get the immorsion heater working · a great relief!

On the morning after my arrival, Lynne get my licence from the Ministry of Works.

Micky Mathew, V21AR, was not there as he was off the Island that week; however. his secretary had the matter elficiently in received any reply to my letters (the SAE was still attached to my letter to him!), I had requested the callsign V21LJ, but since Mickey was not there I had to accept G4LJF/V2A. (After my return to England, they did in fact issue V29AB. Things move slowly in the Caribbeant) We then returned to the villa to set up the antennas. We lound two large paint tins, took them down to the beach, filled them with sand and then took them back up the hill in the back of Lynne's car, Within an hour or so, we had the Fritzel assembled and working.

INDISPENSIBLE LYNNE

The Butternut was placed in its sand-filled tin on the lop of an air-conditioning unit in the centre of the flat roof. Setting out the 55 radials was an arduous and painstaking task. Each of the longer radials had to bo tied to the bottom of the antenna with a strain-relieving line secured with a rolling hitch. The ends of the longer radials were fixed to the roofs of adjoining villas, lamp posts, Irees or anything else which could be lound. This involved a fot of lugging of the ladder from the root, up and down slopes to the fixture point and back for the noxi one, all in 30 degrees of heat and blazing sunshinel Lynne stead(astly helped me with this task, and I doubt whether I would have seen it through without her help.

The shorter radials were taken over the roof to stakes driven into the ground and tensioned, again using a rolling hitch. In the end, the villa was covered in a huge web of wires, making access a tricky business, especially in the darklilt was a mammoth job that look two days to complete, and I must admit that I sighed for a beach location where the wires could be simply laid out on the sand. However, I think the effort was worth it. I got terrific results on the LF bands, and the only contect that I really struggled with was with Jim Smith, VK9NS, on 3.5 MHzl.

INSTANT PILE-UP!

The operation kicked off on 28 MHz, where there was an instant pile-up from all sides. I reserted to mostly oo- channel working in the end, as signals were strong all round, and I called for Europe followed by South America, North America, the Far East and Pacific and then round again, and it all worked very well. The computer fog told me exactly how many I had worked after each OSO, so it was easy to switch from one area to the other after a set number of QSO's with each area.

The Indonesians came romping in on 28 MHz, but there was completely different propagation to Japan. I only had an opening to JA on 10 and 15 in my evening time for about 30 minutes at the most, and on many evenings there was no 28 MHz opening at all. The solar flux took quite a dive whilst I was there which was a pity.



ian Shepherd in his make-shift shack in the luxury of the unlinished villa

15

DX FEATURE

However I worked almost 500 JA stations on bands between 3.5 and 28 MHz, although there were very lew on 60 and most of the contacts on 40 were on CW. Almost all contacts with JA were made split-frequency due to the size of the pile up and the lact that signals were none too strong. Europe, ol course, was easy to work on all bands and in both modes apart from Top Band, I only 7 heard Europe twice on 1.6 MHz, in the shape of OH1 XX and OK3EY calling me, but they did not hear me with my 100WI At my sunset I had an S9+20 noise level from some kind of electrical interference locally, but at around 0100Z I had no problems and werked hundreds of Americans on 160 CW.

A NINE YEAR-OLD

There are two contacts which I shall remember for a very long time. The first was with 9Y4TP; Colin had been licensed for 58 years and had been the founder of amateur radio in Trinidad. Would you believe that his contact whith me was the first QSO he had ever had with Amigual

The second occasion was in the middle of a big 28 MHz pile-up from Stateside. I heard a small lemale voice screaming her lungs out from Alaska; when I picked her up, I asked her how eld she was. She replied that she was nine and then told me to stand by for her big brother, who was ten. Then I worked Mom and Dad too. Four amateurs in one family not bad!

There was always a vast and impressive pile-up from North America, Antigua was a now one for a great many, aither as a new country or on a new band, and I was especially popular on the LF bands. I only ever heard one V2 on the air whilst I was there, which was Jacques, W4LLZ/V2. Although there are half a dozen licensed station there, you rarely hear them outside Caribbean nets and they seldem venture on to LF or CW. Talking about that, the CW side went better than I expected despite difficulties with my temperamental Bencher, I found it extremely hard going when the pile-up became very large and all signals merged into a great wall of nothing! I see now why some DX operators regularly go QRT for live minutes or so and then come back when the pile-up has diminished... I am not sure either that my 430S is the best tool for the job with its lixed AGC, Still, I worked 1027 stations on CW, which wasn't bad considering that it is not my favourite mode. I just wish I was able to concentrate for longer periods on receiving, but I lind that my brain gets salurated after 45 minutes or so. This is especially when tired, which is what I was most of the timel

The ORP skeds with CDXC members (and others) went well, and whenever I heard a ORP call in the pile up I would ofter a 2-way ORP and reduce power to 3 warts for him. It surprised me how affective low power can be at times.

The Versatuner worked extremely well and enabled me to move from SSB to CW without having to climb on the root and



A true umbraila of wires belonging to the Butternut, 55 radials had to be taid - a truly arduous task

adjust the Butternut each time, except on Top Band. The problem was that, with the HF2V set up for 1832 CW, I was unable to tune it at 1840 on SSB without readjusting the 160M tuning coil. As a result I stuck with CW on 1.8 MHz, although I could hear North Americans well at times on phone.

By and large, apart from the South Amoricans, most people were well behaved in the pile-ups. I really can't say that the Europeans were bad at all; in fact they were really quite good, with a very few exceptions. The Americans were easier to work, but then signals were stronger between us, which always helps maintain discipline. As usual, the JAs displayed impeccable manners and were a delight to work. The South Americans though, apart from the regular DX'ers were a pain in the earl Time and time again, especially on 7 MHz, they would start up an S9+ QSQ or worse - a net within 1 kHz of the frequency I was using to work Europe. Their lack of English and my total lack of Spanish or Portuguese did not help matters, and a lot ol bad toeling was created at times, it appears that many operators from this part of the world have no comprehension of the difficulties of working DX; neither do they appreciate that the cleanest SSB signal ever is still going to cover something like 4 kHz-worth of band.

The other unfortunate occurrence was again on 7 MHz. I was on 7045 working Europe and the Far East, when a certain W1 station told me in no uncertain terms to get out of the American CW band. I fold him to get lost! From that day on for the next week I was regularly jammed by a streng carrier when on SSB. According to many stations in North America, it originated in W1 - they were fed up with it too!

I worked hard towards my target.

Breakfast was cereal and after that I fived

more or less on peanut butter on toast, supplanted by one good meal a day down at the Royal Amiguan Hotel, It was quite a hike down the hill (and a real killer walking back up it) so I went down there as little as I could. The meal was usually preceded by a long swim at the beach, and I usually found time to practice my wind surfing as well. On the weekends I was wined and dined by various people essociated with the Hotel and we had some fun times at Shirley Heights. This is a hill-top location above Nelson's Dockyard where you watch the sunset, drink far too much rum and dance to the sounds of a reggae band till you have had enough. Once I had made 5000 QSOs I must admit that I eased off a bit and enjoyed the beach and the hetel facilities more. Lynne took me sight seeing around the island and I took quite a lot of video with my camera.

WILD GOAT HAZARDI

In the end the QSO total ran to 7131, with 1027 on CW and 1587 on LF. 28 MHz seemed to generate the most interest, and 21 MHz the least. I guess that with 28 MHz open, many stations are looking there; 15 always seemed very quiet except when the JA's knew that I would be looking for them there. The only problems that I had with the equipment were the loss of several radials due to the wild goats that roamed daily around my villa, and twice the LF feeder burnt through the Insulation where it was taped to the Butternut below the feed point. This happened both times on 1.8 MHz baretool, which goes to show how the voltages rise considerably when operating into a mismatch.

Eventually it was time to leave. Lynne had secured a job as manageress of the new Gucci store that will soon be opening at the Heritage Quay duty-free shopping area in St John's and had to go to St

Martin for a six week training course, so I was teft to pack everything up on my own. Surpnsingly, those radials came down very much more quickly than they went up, and I had everything packed up within a day. Adrian drove me to the airport, and nine hours later I was back to an English winter and hundreds of direct QSL's that had already amved! It was good to be home, though I do miss the relaxed atmosphere of the Caribbean, and not having to dress up in the morning.

It was a lun DXpedition, although being so close to North America robbed it of that thrill of being on a distant Island and working the world. That tenuous thread of the radio wave doesn't seem quite so magical when one was so close to two major continents, Still, I worked 148 countries all told and made many people happy, judging from the comments on their cards. The computer worked laultlessly, and all the records wore transferred to my main machine in a matter of seconds. The cards have been ordered and I am currently wading through the 900+ 'directs' received so lar, ready to produce the labels before the onslaught from the bureaul Maybe in about eighteen months I will have caught up, and will get that restlessness that will take me on the next expedition.

Thanks to those of you who called - it's always good to hear from the 'home team'!

THIS REPORT IS BUT THE TIP OF THE ICEBERG. OXPEOTIONS MAKE POPULAR READING, AND SO WE PLAN TO LINE UP A REGULAR FEATURE. IF YOU HAVE AN INTERESTING STORY TO TELL, CONTACT OAVID GOUGH, NEWS EDITOR, STRAIGHT AWAY

SPECTRUM ANALYSIS

HE

JOHN ALLAWAY G3FKM

Another good month - and it's clear that "lastest WACs" on 26MHz are of Interest again, G3PH has set the ball rolling with one on 4 January in 30m. Your entries pleasel

It's quite clear that G8KG's optimism is justilled as can be seen by the following loggings. However I must again mention GW3YDX who has produced another extraordinary 1.8MHz log - this included an amazing opening on 2 January when 26 W6s and W7s were worked between 0410 and 0715. Ron also says that the band is open into Japan most evenings but is limited by QRM from European SSB (NB Japanese stations may only transmit between 1.907.5 and 1,912.5MHz...)

Thanks to the following who sent in logs: G2DRT, G2HKU, GM3CSM, GJ3EML, G3s GVV,KSH,SED, GW3YDX, G3YRM, GM4CHX, G4EHQ, GM4ELV, GW4KGR, G4s LRS, MUW, NXG/M, OBK, OII, S./G, UZN, XAH, GD4XTT, and GD0ELY. Calls in italies were of stations using A1A.

1.8MHz
0000 LY2WW, YL2RG, RV9CFP.
0400 K7OO, KD7Z, N7CKD, W7s AWA,
MCU, OEV, WA
0500 AB90/7, CM6CG, KN6J, N7UA,
VE7BS, W6RR.
0600 FM5BH, VP2MDC.
0800 KX6DC, ZL2BT.
2000 VU2IN.
2100 JA'S, LY2WW.
2200 JA1,3,4,5,6, OX3OX, K1ZM, K2EK,
9M2AX.

3.5MHz 0100 DK7PE/SV9, W1-W4. 0300 SU1EE, 2100 V01OF, 2200 JA6LCJ, 2300 5T5CK.

7MHz 0100 4S7WN, 9N88C. 0200 FR/DL4BBO, *SU1EE*, VP2EHF. 0800 VP9NLO, *ZL3ABV, 7X3DA*, 2000 VU2INK, YCOMCA. 2100 JA2BAY, *JA7DAH*.

10MHz 0800 KY9L 1100 SP4BY, VP2MIX. 1700 ZLs 1HY, 3KR. 2000 VK3NC.

14MHz 0200 FK8BT, KH0AC, YJBJH, 3 D2AG. 0800 AH2AN, KC4AAA, KL7GNP, VE6-VE7, VS6D0, ZL 0900 VR6TC, YIOAD. 1100 VK9ZM. 1600 SU1ER, VK9ZM. 1200 YK1AO. 1800 6W7OG. 1900 KH6IJ, VK, ZL4OD. 2000 V21AZZ, VP2VA, 6T2MG. 2300 JA1CWZ, W6-W7, YB, ZL, 5U7CW.

18MHz 0900 SP3FGR, TU2QQ.

21 MHz
0200 K0EA.
0800 BV2B, BY10H, C65/F2CW, JA.
0900 BYS 1PK, 8AC, JD1/JH1MAD,
VS6GA, ZL.
1000 BYS 4WNG, 7HY,
1100 FR/DL4BBO.
1200 Y12ABB.
1500 FO5JR, 3A/F9UW/M.
1700 FH4EE, 9L1AC.
1800 FP5HL, VP8BUD, 3B9FR.
1900 C9MKT, FR4FD.
2000 VK4AI, 3C1MM
2300 JA, TRBRLA.

0900 ZL3GN. 1000 PT7BZ, TU2OQ, VU2ZAP. 1100 IK6BAK, PY2AMI, VK5BTW. 1200 KP2J, W1,W4. 1400 KP4TIN, TU4CO, W1-6, W8-W0. 5T5CJ, 9J2WS.

28MHz
0200 BY5NC.
0800 BY5 5RA, 8AC, WL7E/KH6, TU4BRV
5U7.
0900 BV2DA, BY5 1BJ, 4WNG, J42D,
JT1BG, SU1EE, VK8AB, 9V1VB.
1000 BV2A, KG6JJH, RAOAA, VK1RJ,
WL7E.
1100 AP2UR, CV0Z, 4U1UN, 9Q5NW,
9X5AA.
1200 A41KA, HV3SJ, PY0FF, TL1EE,

VK4-VK6, VU. 1300 A45GY, FG/W3BTX/FS7, JX1UG, UA6HPR/UG5G, V31PC, KA3B/ VP5, XE3PLV, Y10BIF. 1400 AZ4F, C56/F2CW, FP5HL, TA3C,

1400 AZ4F, C56/F2CW, FP5HL, TA3C, TZ6FIC, YN3CC, 3C1MM. 1500 HK0HEU, P40V, W5-W7, ZD98V. 1600 HH7PV, LP2U, G4UJF/V2A,

VP8BUR, XF1C. 1700 PY1DFF/CE0, J73LC, W7, ZF2NC/8. 2000 ZF2AG/8.

2100 CE, CO, LU, PY.

DXCC

January 1989 QST lists the callsigns of all those who are members of DXCC in the order of 'all-time' countries worked. The leader is W1GKK with 370 - but bear in mind that the current list is on 319

countries. Some of the top UK scores listed are as follows:

Mixed

G4CP-365, G3AAE, GW3AHN-363, G3FXB-361, G3FKM-360, G5VT-359, GI3IVJ-356, G2FSP-353, G3HCT, GM3ITN-352, G2BOZ-351, G2FYT-349, G3KM-346, G3IOR-345, G5RP-341, G3GIO, G3UML-340, G3JEC,GI3OQR-339, GM3BOA-338, G3HTA-337, G3JAG-336, G2DMR-335, G3KDB-332, G3DOG, G3LOP-331.

Phane

(Top of list TI2HP with 366) GW3AHN-360, G5VT-359, G3FKM-356, Gi3IVJ-351, G3NLY,G3UML-340, G3JEC-339, GM3BQA-338.

CW

(Top of list W9KNI with 323) G3KMA-312, G4GIR-275, G4EDG-270, GM3YOR-266, G3TXF-264.

The same article in QST said that QSLs for credit with 4J1FS, Malyj Vysotskij is, may be submitted for credit commencing 1 March.

NEWS

A sad note heads up the news this month. Early in December Jack Maling, GSJL, who had been a regular contributor to this column for over twenty years, became a sitent key. His letters always contained details of loggings of good DX on CW on all bands from 1.8 to 28MHz and other useful news items. He was a real DX'er of the type which we would rather not lose.

Please note the comments which appear with the tables - In addition to these Henry, G3GIQ, wishes to pass his best wishes to all who entered in 1988 and also his thanks for the many letters. He apologises for not replying to them all owing to lack of time.

QRP

A very interesting report from Chris, G4BUE, on some OSOs which he had with with Randy, AA2U, during the G-ORP. Ctub's Winter Sports between 26 December and 1 January last. He first worked him at 1504 on 27 December on 28MHz and had another 28MHz contact the lottowing day. At that time Randy told him that his signals had been heard on 3.5MHz that merning at 0800. A sked was fixed for the next day and at 0725 on the 27th Chris made his first trans-Atlantic

10MHz COUNTRIES TABLE						
	All-time	1988				
G4XRV	45	45				
G2AFV	39	39				
G3PJT	106	36				
G3SED	71	32				
G3JJG	102	18				
G3AAK	111					
G4VDX	71					
G4YWG	64					
G4OPK	57					

ORP contact on 3.5MHz. They tried 7MHz without success but at 0749 on the 31st they worked each other on 7MHz. During this contact they set up schedules for the HF bands and these resulted in contacts on 31 December on 21MHz, 14MHz, and 10MHz, and a cross-band one on 14/18MHz. The next day they made it on 24MHz! This meant that they had had low-power OSOs on seven (and a half) bands. Power in use at all times was 3W, is this the first time that multi-band two-way QRP contacts have been made across tho Atlantic?

Tony Smith, G4FAI, of the European CW Association, has issued a press release which says that there is now a EUCW Net which is open to all - it meets at 1900 every Tuesday on 3,555MHz and is directed by SM7GWF logether with O28O and D12ZAV end all are invited to join in.

DX NEWS

The DX Advisory Committee unanimously recommended that Rotuma la. 3D, be added to the DXCC list. This has now been accepted and QSLs may be submitted (aftor 1 June 1989) for contacts since 15 November 1945. At the same time the committee voted against the reinstallation of Okino-Torishima. There now seems to be doubt whether the Marquesas is could be eligible for DXCC status because French Pelynesia is not a separate country by reason of government and therefore any separate islands would have to be more than 500 miles from the Tuamolu archipelago to quality, However, and in spite of this at the time of writing it was believed that W1XX and N1CIX (both of ARRU) together with some W6 operators were making plans to visit the islands, possibly during the ARRL DX Contest this month.

Some of the Pacific expeditions being made by DL5UF, DK1CE, and DF2UU should still be taking place when this magazine is published. Callsigns are not known but frequencies to watch are given as 1.832-1.835, 3.505, 3.805 (OSX down), 7.005, 7.075, 14.005, 14.195, 21.005, 21.195, 28.005, and 28.495MHz. The proposed itinerary included 5W, ZK1, ZK3, KH8, A3, 3D2, and ZL, but the order in which they might be visited is not known, DL2GAC is also expected to be somewhere in the Pacific area at this time together with DF5UG. He takes special Interest in IOTA and was hoping to visit a number of unusual islands in the Papua

1988 FINAL ALL BAND TABLE							
G4OBK	1.8 64	3.5 74	7.0 112	14 154	21 157	28 162	Total 723
G3SXW	41	59	84	142	122	122	569(CW)
G3TXF	44	37	66	186	72	103	508(CW)
G4ZYO		41	31	115	122	177	486
G4NXG/M		17	32	101	108	161	419
G4ELV		6	20	42	38	31	137
G4FVX	9	6	10	22	17	5	66

The next deadline (for the 1989 table) is 8 April - to G3GIQ please,

New Guinea and Solomon Is area around now, Equipment, according to DX News Sheet consists of an FT757, FT707, and Fritzel GPA30 antennas. Likely frequencies include 14.260, 14.275, 21.260, 21.275, and 28.560MHz, NY6M/KH2 and KD7P/ KH2 are planning to be on Midway Is this month for the WPX Contest.

W18IH should be in Curação until next month and be using the callsign PJ9JT on all bands 1,8 to 50MHz. All OSLs only via W1AX please.

Old timers will have been lascinated to hear stations on the bands using the YL prefix - this used to be used by stations in Latvia but was being used in December and January to celebrate the 70th anniversary of Latvian Independence, DX News Sheet also says that some stations in Lithuania were using LY prelixes during

More trouble for Martin, OY7ML, He has suffered severe storm damage to his house and antennas and was off the air when this was being written. However, tho pirate "OY7ML" continued his activities. Both Martin and the pirate were active in the COWWDX Contest - the latter mostly

on 21 and 14MHz between 1100 and 1700. When he is back on the air (according to DX News Sheen Martin will not in luture operate between 0900 and 1700 on weekdays.

The Lynx DX Bulletin says that there should be activity beginning during the first week of April from Marlon Is. Hepetully ZS67P will be on the air for fourteen months as ZS8TP. However, DX-press gives the callsign as ZS8Mt. The Long Island DX Bulletin says that J52US in Guinea Bissau is often on 28,502MHz from 1800 and moves to the 21.200MHz area at 2030 for an hour or so. DX Report mentions ZL2QB/TL8 as a surprise check in on the 14,222MHz net - the Central Atrican Republic is quite rare these days and VK9NS says that this operator will be there for some time.

PROPAGATION

G8KG's contribution this month goes as tollows: "For those of us following the progress of Cycle 22, December 1988 will be a month to remember. It started quietly enough but in the second halt of the month solar activity began to rise steeply, passing the highest so far in this cyclo and the 27-

FINAL 1988 28MHz COUNTRIES TABLE

G3VOF	222	GM4ELV(QRP)	139
G4XAH(SSB)	200	GOCKP(CW)	135
G4ZYO	177	G40XW	128
G4MUW(SSB)	175	GOHOF	125
G4OBK	162	G3PXT/M	115
G4NXG/M	161	GM4CHX	90
GD0ELY	158	GW4TEJ	57
G4SJG	156	G4JBR	50
GD4XTT	156	GOFYD	38
GODNV	150	G4OUT(CW)	34

1989 28MHz COUNTRIES TABLE

G4DXW	40	G4ZYO	25
G4MUW	33	G4NXG/M	25
GM4ELV	26		

the 250 SFU level and remaining above 240 for seven days before settling down again to values around 200, way above those at the end of November, Because the upsurge happened late in the month the monthly mean solar flux only just topped the 200 SFU mark but it was still

day running average has continued to rise in early January, reaching 222 SFU at the time of writing with a daily value of 268 on 8 January. The provisional monthly sunspot number is likely to be in the region ol 150 or higher.

For readers who are not fully tamillar with the background it is only necessary to

■HF F-LAYER PROPAGATION PREDICTIONS FOR MARCH 1989■

The time is represented vertically at two-hour intervals 00(00)GMT for each band, ie 00=0000, 02=0200, 04=0400 etc. The probability of signals being heard is given on a c (indicated by a doi) to a 9 scale; the higher the number the greater the probability with 1 meaning 10 to 19 per cent of days, and so on. Additionally 50MHz F-layer and 1.8MHz openings are indicated by a plus (+) sign in the 28 and 3.5MHz columns.

	ZBMKz	24HHz	21MHz	10MHz	14MBz	10MHz	7MHz	3.5MRz
71mm /	000001111122	000001111122	00000;111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122	000001111122
/ OKT	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802	024680246802
** EUROPE								
новсом	467761	688884	58899971.	58888995.	211776667984	865543345799	875211112588	+4225+
MALTA	577665	788886	29999983.	1588889962	551076670997	987754445899	998421123689	++525++
G18RAL TAR	155443	377675	4866862.	00009961	32,587777995	885765445799	998632222589	+++32++
1CELANO	2221	24445	577761.	1700003.	157778883	652565556788	997632223560	+++325+
OBAKA	561	1575	277421					_
KONGKONS	268852	3788742	2676665	57543521.	152124653	22574	351	
BANGKOK	3788872	4788884	34767871.	145457731	212125874	22687	364	52
BINDAPORE	3708072	4688884	34767871.	113457832	32125886	42608	1367	
NEW OELKI	478885	578885	44666721.	1.1223457432	5111125786	752689	61367	3 45
TEMERAN	5000002	6778884	655678721	2.2522457853	6342125888	9732689	751367	5234
COLOMBO	5000003	5678875	335678821	2112457753	62125000	722689	5367	234
BANRAIN	5000003	77788951.	1644668842	312422447975	8541115898	9732689	751367	5234
CYPRUB	4999995	69799981.	1888889952	411876778983	865654456899	996321124799	88411478	+54+
AOEN	5+++9961.	776789831	3633568975	632411247997	975115899	9832688	761367	5344
** OCEANIA								
BUVA/8	1332	35542	2566651.	14545772.	45322572.	43 25	1 2	
BUYA/L	32521175	43.174311385	331486433674	122675334862	275211473.	4215	22	
WELL INSTON/8	14532	366542	1566675	37555772.	55222574.	32252.	13	
WELLINGTON/L	22224	43446	442262166	3334731374	.136522651	42152.	12	
BYONEY/8	2786641	4087763	6076786	57545782.	252125862	22651	32 .	
BY ONEY/L	2122	431 44	221.732176	221175222286	252113573	13154.	22 .	
PERTH	5807531	5888753	467667621	1245457853	312125887	22686	363	3.
NONOLULU	1	131 .	21.362.	1321572.	.112431155	35222	13	
** AFRICA		1666787732	31.433568975					
BEYCHELLEG MAURITIUB	56600551.	1667889853	41.433668986	632211347998 742211347998	96315099	9612689	73	3 34
NAIRDBI	1587888842	2666689964	631633368998	053511147999	973113099	9512689	73367	5 44
NARARE	23788+9964	41.566689986	741633368779	973511147999	996215899	9852588	772366	54
CAPETOWN	21888++975	41.387789997	73.665468999	972742237999	9963114799	99731589	784 267	5534
LADOS	31.19++++976	44.287678998	972573337999	994731116999	998723799	8985589	7862267	45334
ABCENSION IS	328+767755	5497667877	872285334899	995572112799	99975599	88862279	776357	44425
DAKAR	217++++974	4388767996	773186435899	996474112799	999751589	98862279	776357	44425
LAS PALMAS	69977851	89999772	22.198888995	562388778998	997776355799	999743222589	88852268	**523*
** B. AMERICA								
BEH BNETLAND	2138++974	4215888986	763136667788	986455346678	899752113357	7886224	46732	234
FALKLAND 15	1116+++873	3337887886	663167663688	885375333478	99973211.157	8986225	68632	454
R DE JANEIRO	118866773	2218766785	663147533588	885365211389	99975258	9886227	77635	5442
BUENOB AIRES	26+88873	2247876785	55216764347B	885375421268	999652137	898625	4073	454
L1NA_	888861	1.876663	221.42653246	553163421.27	89855213	798632	5073	254
BOOOTA		1876663	1112653356	443123421127	88744216	898633	68731	354
** N. AMERICA		202422						
BARBAGOB	5888861	7876773	221.17643477	453135411159	998552127	99843	78732	554
JANA1CA BERMUDA	2887861	4877773	112653355	332.23431137	88734215 886343137	798633	67732	354
NEW YORK	57775.	1677762	12665575	3214443357	7752331126	788533	57631	244
MEX1CO	7774	177652	1365333	321.21342113	575242111	48853	1663	.34
MONTREAL	46674.	1677762	12666674	324443466	775223111136	7885314	5763	244
DENVER	1452.	26641	46542	21145323	56313.1122	37853	1463	. 24
LOB ANGELES	442.		27532	21126322	353131.13	157531	. 263	4
VANCOUVER	11 .	132.	3541	1115532	3421214212	256522	. 253	2
FATRBANKS				111123441	331242114553	234532322	122	

The provisional mean sunspot number for December 1988, issued by the Sunspot Index Data Centre, Brussels, was 179.4. The maximum daily sunspot number was 255 on 22 December and the minimum was 105 on 2 December. The predicted smoothed sunspot numbers for March, April, May and June are respectively: (classical method) 154, 161, 166 and 172; (SIDC adjusted values) 151, 158, 165 and 172.

TABLE SERIAL NO 27 ALL TIME TABLE WITH DELETIONS No 17

Call	1.B	3,5	7.0	14	21	28	Total
G3KMA	125	240	308	333	334	318	1658
G3GIO	71	211	267	339	336	315	1539
G3MCS	62	212	263	323	324	396	1492
G3X1T	160	209	258	298	281	263	1479
G4GIR	100	215	252	297	287	269	1420
G4BWP	106	220	254	299	276	253	1418
G3UML	33	225	242	338	303	268	1409
G4DYQ	66	186	233	313	395	287	1390
GW3AHN	16	109	118	367	362	335	1307
G3XQU	57	160	206	305	279	259	1286
GW4OFO	54	231	218	245	225	196	1169
G4OBK	124	145	184	267	236	207	1163
G3TXF	64	161	194	278	250	214	1161
G3NOF	5	96	96	346	331	283	1157
G4LJF	28	198	295	267	235	198	1131
G3YMC	80	109	160	245	250	191	1055
GM3YOR	75	139	187	221	500	183	1005(CW)
GM3PPE	66	157	163	200	188	149	923
G4ZYQ		121	69	195	210	168	783
G3JXN	16	40	100	152	12	179	612
G4NXG/M		27	54	174	177	168	600
AVERAGE	62	163	193	276	263	240	1198

Next deadline - Current All Time - to reach G3GIO by 8 April. There will now be only four entries per year for the yearly tables expected at the same time as the all-time entries i.e. 6 January, April, July, October.

Entrants in the all-time tables are expected in future to have all least one OSO on all six bands.

explain that Cycle 19, which peaked at the end of 1957, was the highest and most active in 150 years of reliable records. So far, second place is held by Cycle 21 which peaked late in 1979 and ended in September 1986, in December the present cycle was in its 27th month and, reaching a daily solar flux value above 250 SFU and a monthly average of 200 SFU, it was two months ahead of Cycle 19 and much further ahead of Cyclo 21 which only topped 250 in its 41st month.

A graph in last month's column showed the relative positions of the three cycles in terms of the 3-month mean sunspol number. A similar graph using 3 month mean solar flux shows that Cycle 22 now has a distinct lead, with an everage for October to December of 176 SFU as compared with 160 at the same stage in Cycle 19 and a mere 137 in Cyclo 21. A monthly sunspot number for December of anything above 135 will confirm this lead.

As can be seen, the race to be the

highest cycle is still on. Nono of this means that Cycle 22 will necessarily end up the winner but on several counts it seems to be out in front at the turn of the year. The most recent forecast from NGDC Boulder was made before the December upsurge and was for a most probable peak smoothed sunspol number of 187 late this year or early in 1990. When the December data is included the prediction may well move up into the 190s."

I would like to thank the lollowing publications for news extracted: DX Bulletin (VP2ML), DXNL (DL3RK), Long Island DX Bulletin (W2IYX), DX News Sheet (G4DYO), the Ex-G Radio Club Bulletin (WASTGA), DX Report (VK9NS), the Lynx DX Group Bulletin (EA23GO), DX'press (PA3CXC), and CQ Magazine (WIWY).

For May Issue please send everything to reach me by 5 March 1989

VHF/UHF

KEN WILLIS GOVE

50MHz

To Include all Information based on correspondence related to 50MHz received over the past month would be impossible; I must be brief. Following the opening to VP5 and P43 at the end of November, December provided F2 openings almost every day after the 6th, and several new countries were worked. As In previous cycles, Bob, VE1YX in Neva Scetla provided a band-opening indicator on most days, and on several days other Canadian and USA stations were worked from the UK. Here are some of the major openings:

- 12 Dec. ZDBMB worked six G siations from 22100GMT.
- 13 Dec. J52US (Guinea Bissau, W.Africa worked 21 Europeans and VE1YX from 1600GMT.
- Dec, PZ1AP worked 46 W/VE stations plus CT1DTQ
- 16 Dec. FY7THF beacon hrd UK midday
- 18 Dec. J52US worked USA as far west as WD.
- 19 Dec. FY7THF, KP2A and HC2FG beacons copied in UK. Major opening between CT and PY during evoning.
- 20 Dec. Opening to VE/W as lar as W9OEH (Indiana)
- Dec. Major opening between UK and Warwa.
- 22 Dec. FY7THF beacon, KP2A, WP4G, KP4EOR, P43AS all worked by G stations, GM working Into KP4, P43,
- 23 Dec, HC1IE working into UK. QH1VR/2 heard VK3OT, 0745GMT
- 24 Dec. 4X4IF copied G4UPS keyer. DJ3OS/EAB worked into G and GM, J52US worked 39 UK stations, VOIJN working UK, big opening to USA PM.
- 25 Dec.PZ1AP, TI2HL worked UK. CO2KK heard by G4UPS. PA0HIP worked KC4SM
- 26 Dec. opening to East coast USA 1300-1640
- 27 Dec, 584CY beacon heard in UK 0900. PM opening to east coast
- 28 Dec, Opening UK to VE3 and USA. W5 station heard
- 29 Dec. HC1BI and HC2FG copied in UK 1330.
- 30 Dec. J52US keyer copied in UK 1535 to 1605.

The band sounds quite deserted until DX signals appear, then one realises just how many stations are monitoring. Around midday on days when VE1YX was the only DX coming through, every "ORZ" from him resulted in a wall of sound. Our Iriends across the Atlantic say that it has to be heard to be believed, and the fact that almost all UK stations are received at the same strength makes Identification of calls very difficult.

G4JCC worked T70A (San Marino) who is permitted to work CW at bottom and of

band; PA's can work SSB only between 50, 100 and 50,300, which is important for meteor scatter skeds; FY5DG (French Guiana) is equipped for 50MHz and has heard UK beacons; DJ3OS/EA8 believed to have lost his permit for 50MHz, but other EA8's are trying for permits; Z23JO is on from Zimbabwe (KH52); all contacts with SV1DO and SV0FE between 19 April and 15 July were valld; father of OH2BK is moving to Madeira and will operate under CT3 call on 50MHz; HZ1AB (Saudi) hoping for 50MHz permit; K22BML/VP2V will soon be ORV, also VP2MJ (VE3EVW); Fred, VP8PTG on Falklands should have received a 5 element Tonna and be active scon; HB9's trying without much success so far for permits; French stations cannol operate below 50,200; ZS3VHF beacon now on from Namibla, 50.022.5; new Alaska beacon KL7WE 50.065; W1BiH in Curacoa until April - good CW operator used to handling pile-upsi; V31AB is on from Belize; ZS6PT going to Marion Island In April, call probably ZS8MI; OH1ZAA now in USA operating as NNOY, hoping to get Grand Cayman beacon ORV soon; WB2MAI is planning a trip to 6Y5 for last week in March and lirst week April; for a real rate one, try PPSAO in Amazon junglo, worked by K2YOF.

My thanks to GM0EWX, G1CWP, G1TCH, G3SED, G4JCC, G4ODA, G4UPS, GJ4ICD, G5UM, G8KG, K2YOF and ZS6WB for 50MHz logs and Information, and my applicates for not being able to present in more detail all they have told mo.

144MHz

By end large, conditions on the band had been poor for several weeks until some welcome tropo occurred at the end of December, Peter, G3IPV (Norwich), reported working into EA, and there were also reports of contacts in the HB9 and OE direction, but the really big winter tropo openings which we ohen enjoy have seemed to elude us in 1988, Perhaps this partly accounts for the apparent exedus to 50MHz, where so many of the calls usually associated with 2m can now be heard. VHF tolk-lore suggests that the (radio) active life of an amateur embraces just five solar cycles, so it isn't surprising that a lot of amateurs want to savour the different sort of DX which this band has to offer while it tasts. (Come to think of it, I'm In my fifth cycle!)

Meanwhile John, G3IMV has reached a total of 410 squares worked on this band, all from a town location using a single yagl, but being a superb CW operator, this no doubt contributes much to his success. He has 401 confirmed too. John says that a good place to listen in order to keep abreast of what is happening on the band is 144.285MHz during the evening when several devotees of this band gather to discuss conditions and results.

Jack Hum, G5UM, again reminds us that "Monday night is CW activity night on Two, which he inaugurated two decades ago when he wrote this feature. It continues to

QTH CORNER

C56/F2CW J.Calvo, Le Bois de L'Essard, Nercillac, F-16200 Jamac, France. CV0Z via CX2CS, Ricardo Susena, PO Box 20063, Montevideo, Uruguay. K4YT Karl Renz, 29E Chapman St, Alexandria, VA, 22301, USA. SU1EK PO Box 190, Mahadi, Cairo, Egypt. TLELG via W1AX, 60 Warwick Drive, Westwood, MA 02090, USA. VK9ZM via NM2L, G.Pollei, RFD 2 Box 395, Central Square, NY,13036, USA. VK9ZW VE3CPU, 5 Romko Court, SI.Cathannes, Onl, L2N 7A1, Canada. ZS6BCR, C. Burger, Box 4485, Pretona 0001, Republic of S.Africa. 753Z TU4BR/5L I7via KN4F, J.Lane, 5104 Pilgrim Rd, Memphis, TN, 38116, USA. DJ6SI, Baldur Drobnica, Zedernweg 6, D-5010 Bergheim, FR Germany. 5U7CW DK9KX, Hans Hannapel, Eschenbruchstr 1, D-5000 Cologne 80, FR 5U7DX 8P9EM G3VBL, C.Pedder, 5 Royalty Lane, New Longton, Presion, PR4 4JD. 9N88C Kastsuhide Kawase, JH8BKL, 1655 Kawaguchi, Hokkaido 98-33, Japan. attract an increasing number of A1A operators. Listen on 144,050 to get in on this activity.

432MHz

At the last count G3IMV had worked 124 squares on this band, and so is finding new ones hard to come by, especially as he is located on the western edge of all the east European activity. John leets that EME is perhaps the next logical step, but the complexity of the equipment needed to work the mode successfully is daunting. DUBUS listings show that feading 432MHz stations in more favourable spots have worked over 200 squares on the band.

Last year in his Ham Radio VHF column, Joe Relsert, W1JR, In listing the common types of VHF/UHF propagation, included meleor scaller and auroral modes as ways of working DX on 432 MHz, though accepting that it gets much more difficult above 225MHz. Some of the leading DUBUS-listed stations show 432MHz meteor scaller contacts over paths as long as 1418km, so this could be a fruitful field for experiment. Some more comments on this next month.

AURORA

I am surprised that we have had so few blg auroras of late, because it looks very much as II we are approaching the peak of the solar cycle, and auroras are generally reckened to occur on either side of the peak. Anyone who was around in the early 1980's will recall these events making possible 144MHz contacts right down to the Meditarranean.

I asked Doug Smiflie, GM4DJS, to fet me have his records of recent auroral activity. Doug (Wishaw) is clearly in the right place, and he monitors the geomagnetic field using his efectionic version of the Jamjar magnetometer. He also submits radio auroral data to the BAA Aurora Group, so a better observer would be hard to find.

Doug says that "Observing the magnetic trace, one can see the offocts of unsettled conditions which may lead to a magnetic storm followed by either a radio or visual aurora. The aurora can occur any time after the commencement of the storm, and typicafly I would only expect a lew minutes warning." Many readers will have experienced the aurora of 5 January, reported separately, which came the day after a profon event had been announced by Radio Australia.

Here are the days and times in the last four months of 1988 when Doug recorded radio auroras at his QTH. Check with your own log to see whether they reached your area:

11 Sept	1400-1650
6 Oct.	1030-1845 Inlense aurora
	storm conditions
10 Oct	1330-1900 Intense, storm
18 Oct	1530-1630 Weak, storm
2 Nov	1845-1930 Weak, storm
30 Nov	1530-1630 Weak, storm

14 Dec 1930-1955 Weak 16 Dec 1730-1830 Weak

No recordings between 22 and 31 December.

Some readers have asked for delinitions of the terms used to describe sofar activity. I will try to find space next month, but meanwhile 'storm' requires an A index trom 30 to above 100 (K= 4 to above 6), and is typicafly sub-divided into minor, major or severe levels.

SOLAR DATA

Look this month in John Alfaway's HF band column for Smithy, G8KG's comments on present solar cycle developments. Sulfice to say activity is very much on the increase, with the December monthly number reaching 179 only 27 months from the bottom of the cycle. Cycle 19 took 31 months to achieve the same level and went on to be a real hum-dinger. Remember that while a high solar flux is needed for good F2 propagation (preferably when it starts to fall after a period of readings above 200), we also want settled geomagnetic conditions indicated by low values of the A or K index, Radio Australia gives the previous day's figures, but the A and K indices can change very rapidly. As an example, I oday as I write this (11 January), Mike Bird gave yesterday's A-Index as 12, while simultaneously, WWV was announcing a K of only 1, which equates to an A-Index of 2 or 3. (Soo VHF/UHF for February 1987 for A/K relationship). See also comments under Aurora this month.

There now scoms to be general support in layour of the peak of Cycle 22 occurring this year.

METEOR SCATTER

Paul, G4IJE, noted a 'glitch' in the W1JR computer program, which produced false readings for 1989. When this was corrected, the predicted peak of the Quadrantids shower came out at 10.47GMT on 3 January, John Hunter, G3IMV, left that, in fact, it lasted from the early hours of that day through to midafternoon, and that both the onset and disappearance of the shower were very rapid. During the shower, John attempted two long-range CW skeds, with YT5G (LB) and UZ3DD (SO), but heard nothing from either. He believes that YT5G suffered amplifier problems and wonders if anyone managed to work them. Generally, John tound reflections to be good, with the shower performing much as predicted, but activity was low, with many of the European 'regulars' missing. This was certainly the impression gained from listening on 144MHz. Compared with past years, the random channels appeared very quiel.

Gerald, G4OIG, also had two skeds, neither of which was completed. These were with IK1LGV on SSB, and a longrange CW attempt with OH9NLO (MA 39e) with only lour weak pings being received. Geraid heard "the usual D/I/EA calls" on random channels.

Expedition station GB4XS (Sutherland) was much in demand on the 14MHz VHF net for MS skeds. They completed 18 out of 25 skeds, all but one being on CW. They also confacted several UK stations on 50MHz SSB via the mode, and their operating lechnique was superb, enabling me (and others) to complete a OSO in a single burst. In my case, the entire centact involving an exchange of calls, reports and rogers, lasted less than 15 seconds.

Mike, G4UXC (Evesham) operated on 50MHz during the shower to gain his first experience of CW MS, taking advantage of the longer reflections on this band to use normal-speed CW. He worked one new country by completing with PA3DOL, and also worked LA3EO, some GMs and a GI. Bursts of over 120 seconds at 9 plus 20 dB were copied during the shower.

Some of the perils of working meteor scatter on 6m were explained by Eric, G2ADR (York). In a CW sked with a PAO station, propagation changed to tropo, and finally back-scatter, so procedures became somewhat confused. Later a local was heard to observe drily that "G2ADR doesn't understand MS procedures!"

G40'G is something of a meteor scatter specialist who has shown that successful results on 144MHz MS can be achieved with relatively simple equipment. He uses only 70watts to a 9 element yagl, and his score for the band (not all MS of course) stands at 233 squares. Only eight were added during 1988, and Gerald feels that meteor scatter conditions have been poor, with major showers in a period of decline and increasingly unreliable, Sporadic meteors, on the other hand, he thinks are improving slightly, based on observations over the past 6 years. He would like other operators' comments on these findings.

For some time, f3LGP has maintained some long-term sporadic meteor skeds with UK stations on 2m, G4YUZ (Hoddesdon) being one who has been regularly at the UK end of the link. Another is G4OIG, who between January and November 1988, had 38 skeds with Giultano, completing no less than 34 of them. This type of test provides useful statistical information on sporadic meteors and is a good way of keeping interest alive when band conditions are liat. Anyone keeping such schedules could perhaps send the details.

REPEATER NEWS

Space prevented earlier reference to a Leicestershire Repealer Group Newsletter received at the end of last year. Featured in this issue was an informative article by Don, G3IPL, on "How GB3CF uses only one aerial". Anyone who wants to know just how a single system can be used to receive and transmit at the same time would find most of the answers in this text. G3IPL is engineering manager for the group. Another article, this time by membership secretary Paul G6ZZE,

unravelled some of the mysteries of data communication interfacing. The group had over 100 paid-up members at the end of last year. The group maintains GB3CF (144MHz), GB3LE (432MHz, known as "Miss Ellie" by G5UM), GB3GV (TV) GB7LRG (packet) and GB3LEX, GB3LES (microwave), and have applied for a 28MHz permit for a Robot CW beacon, GB3ROB. It will be interesting to know the outcome.

Central Scotland FM Group's FM News No 67, winter 1988 edition, was produced by the committee since the editor, Colin, GM8LBC, found it necessary to relinquish his editorship last autumn. Colin had edited it for several years, and frequent mention has been made in these columns of Coffn's abilities as a writer and an editor, it will be difficult to roplace him. The chairman, Tom Hughes, GM3EDZ, is hoping that a group member "with a computer and desklop publishing software" will come forward to take over the editorship of this publication noted for its high standards.

MICROWAVES

MIKE DIXON G3PFR

My opposite number in the USA, Bob Atkins, reported significant doings at 10GHz and above in the USA - the December Issue of OST carried details of some new American records which are worth repealing here since they are, by any standards, quite remarkable and should help encourage UK operators to further efforts! Mostly what is required is some dedication and determination to emulate these results as well as those of our nearer cousins in Europe, Our climate and shorter 'line of sight' paths might be less conducive to outstanding results but the mere lact that many world records were once held by UK operators should provide some kind of spur to try to redress the position which seems to have slipped somewhat in recent years. Our best chance of reaf DX is either by super-refraction over the sea or by proposcatter, possibly aided by other atmospheric modes and, of course, using narrowband techniques!

Starting at the lowest frequency, 10GHz, N6QX/XE2GFH and WA5LIG/XE2GBO worked successive paths of 498, 521.7 and 595.3 miles (797, 835 and 952.5km) using Microwave Associates Gunnplexerseys, widebandt The power used was 80mW at one end and 10mW at the other, both stations using 4t dishes.

The world record at 47GHz (53km between HB9MIN/P and HB9AMH/P) has been well and truly extended, indeed atmost doubled, during the ARRL UHF contest in August last. Using between 3.5 and 4.5mW from linear transverters WA3RMX/7 and K7AUO, from sites 7300t up, worked with S3 signafs over a 65.37 mite (105.4km) path. In contrast to the original record which was set in sub-zero temperatures (very low humidity), the new record was set under and (70 degrees

Fahrenheit) conditions when humidity might have been somewhat higher than the original HB contact, but still lower than we might expect in the UK. I imagine that much of the success was due to the use of nanowband techniques.

Finally, in the "light" part of the spectrum, somewhere in the infra-red, two Arizona amateurs were reported to have made a 95mile (152km) QSO using 10mW heliumcadmium lasers and 19" by 22" Fresnel lenses. Not too many UK amateurs have made this kind of distance at 10 or 24GHz with similar power, let alone with light! The ordinary intra-red led and phototransistor, it was sald, offers the possibility (when focussed with something like a 2" lens) of communication over a couple of miles or so. There were several ideas published in the popular press some years ago, but I don't lhink the idea caught the Imagination of radio amateurs at that time. I'd be very pleased to hear from anyone experimenting in this part of the spectrum which, of course, does not need a licence to transmill Perhaps someone has experimented with an infra-red controller, such as those used to control domestic entertainment equipment. This might suggest one approach, while another might be to use suitable Infra-red emitters and phototransisters available in most of the major catalogues, such as RS Components. Another thought is to use Inexpensive fibre-optics as a feeder, if such a thing is needed. QRV light?

KORZ compiled a worldwide list of known Oscar Mode-Lusers which was published in a recent Issue of DUBUS. It listed some 210 operators known to be active on this (unidirectional microwave) satellite mode. Sad to say, there seem to be only nine UK stations listed, By contrast there were no less than 42 German, 32 Japanese and 79 US stations listed, which makes our representation look pretty thin by comparison I funderstand that Mode-S, using 2.3GHz, is even less well patronised so much so that the mode S transponder hasn't even been switched on for several weeks.

Back here on earth, the normal terrestrial activity levels seem to have died with winter. There have been very, very tew reports of activity even on the popular bands, 1.3 and 1 OGHz. Could it be that many of the better known and more often heard callsigns have disappeared onto 6m? Certainty at teast three of the better known callsigns, who shall remain nameless, have been heard trequenting this 'DC' band to the apparent detriment of microwaves.

Are you all psyched-up for this year's contests or should I say is your gear alt tweaked-up and ready to go? By the time you read this, there will be about a month to go before the start of the season, with IARU and RSGB contests (multiband), the RSGB Microwave Cumulatives on 10GHz and many others to stir you into activity. This year the 10GHz cumulatives run from

April to September and include, for the first time, on an experimental basis, one optional 24hr event; see the contest news section for details and rules. This was requested by several operators who are anxious to exploit the dusk and dawn lifts which often occur on this band. Also on a trial basis, it has been decided to introduce three Saturday 24GHz cumulatives - short period to see whether there is enough interest to arrange a 'full' series next year. Again see the contests section for details.

SWL

BOS TREACHER BRS32525

Albert Tides well, BRS48462, provided a brief update of activities from Stoke-on-Trent. We shall hear more from him through the year, but his 3,5MHz 'heard' totals are quite impressive, with 278 heard and 2103 confirmed. He also mentioned several good long path openings to the West Coast of the US over the Xmas holidays.

David Whitaker, BRS25429, also mentioned these openings, but referred mainly to the one of 31 December. N7UA, W7FU, KC7EM, W7WA and W7XR were all heard at his Harrogate QTH up to about 5x6 between 1530 and 1615. They were the best-ever signals heard on the long path at David's trip to CT3 next month.

Robert Small, BRS8841, had acther good month, logging the low-key XF4C trip to Revilla Gigedo on 7MHz CW and 9N88C on 3.5MHz CW. He would like to know where CEOOGZ was located. In general, he could 3.5MHz a bit "up and down", but heard HL1EJ for a new one on 7MHz. Robert rightly points out that 3D2 (Rotuma) now counts for DXCC credit and can be added to All Time Country totals, along with 4J1FS, which might be active again this month.

Much has been said in the DX press about the QSLing techniques of F6FNU who is manager for a hose of DX stations. He sent Robert a card for 5RSJD but sent three other reports back saying that he needed one SAE for each card sent. However, a few days later another envelope arrived from F6FNU with cards for FR4FAJ, 6V6A and TR2AI

Brad Bradbury, BRIS1066, had a poor 1988 simply because he had little time to devote to SWLing. He promises more activity this year, but offered J52US for country number 95 on 1.8MHz. On the Oblast front, Brad had heard 174 of the 179, with 156 confirmed.

Celin Watson, BRS46598 had spent much time on the LF bands judging from his latest report. KX601, 3X1SG and 5T5CK seemed to be the pick on 7MHz, while 3,MHz produced 6Y5EW.

Arthur Miller, BRS88969, found the CQWW information which appeared in January most interesting. Untortunately the matrix did not appear. This was due to the fact that t had used up all my available space! I can provide a copy of it if anyone

	THE FINAL SWL HF TABLE							
Station	DXCC	28	21	14	7	3.5	1.8	Total
BRS8841	262	196	222	235	157	149	59	1018
BRS25429	257	194	208	211	178	142	70	1003
BRS88969	241	183	205	206	181	140	60	975
BRS52543	227	169	169	179	144	136	53	850
BRS32525	199	171	123	137	122	131	57	741
BR\$90400	212	129	139	174	77	96	35	650
BRS1066	162	83	113	122	92	50	48	508
BRS91397	140	54	101	93	52	45	15	360
OR\$45992	172	96	100	115	21	20	0	351
BRS90808	143	21	59	109	43	52	12	296
BRS20249	121	52	71	81	26	45	9	284
F11ATZ	124	76	87	55	25	15	0	258

Congratulations are due once more to Robert Small who held off several determined challenges to head the HF Table. A surprisingly large addition to fast month's published total ensured his victory, David Whiteker feels that his week in CT3 cost him victory, but that at the end of the year it is difficult to add too many new countries to such a large total emmassed during the previous 11 months.

I hope that this year will see some new competition for the established regulere.

wants one. Just send me an SAE,

You will see his end of year score in the table, Arthur felt that despite the resurgence of 28MHz, the star band for 1988 was 7MHz. His score of 181 countries beat by 22 his previous best score on the band. However, he is firmly of the opinion that the propagation was interior to that in 1974 end 1985 when many DX stations on the band were substantially stronger. The reason for the success in 1988 was undoubtedly due to the reduction IBC QRIM which not only made it possible to hear weak signals regularly, but also brought far more stations onto the band.

DX NEWS

As I compile this column, the VK92M DXpedition is in full swing. Most big expeditions cause some "friction" on 14.195MHz, but in my opinion the behaviour of the Southern and Eastern European "policemen" is this time bordering on the unprintable, I listened to VK9ZM's 5x5 signals for over half an hour and could honestly say that I only copied the details from a handful of the QSOs they made in this time owing to the incessant bad manners, tuner uppers, etc. on the frequency. None of this makes it easy for the poor SWL with his normally random antenna who has to sit patiently waiting for his amateur colleagues behaviour to improve so that what is actually quite a rare country can be logged

Listeners will have heard some strange callsigns emanating from the USSR in January. The YL calls - YL2RG, KZ, ZG, LG and VZ - were aired to celebrate the 70th anniversary of the first Latvian Soviet Republic. LYZWR, WW, ZA, ZO, and ZZ were QRV from Lithuania. Stations in Byelorussia were using EU2 and EW2 prefixes to commemmorate 70 years of that Republic.

WHY SPECTRUM ANALYSIS?

"What's happened to 'News & Views'?"
"What's this 'Spectrum Analysis' bit?"

Well, before you ask those questions, we thought we'd pre-empt you and tell you what we're doing and why we're doing it.

Basically, this hobby of ours has been changing rapidly over the last tew years - whether we like it or not - and the time is right for RadCom to sharpen up its image by bringing you the most accurate and up to date news of what's been happening on the amateur bands in an easy-to-digest format.

From this month the news items which used to appear in 'News & Views' along with the band reports, will now appear as part of the general news in the 'News & Reports' section at the front of the issue, 'Spectrum Analysis' will concentrate more on what's been happening on the bands over the last month by analysing the many logs and reports sent by readers to the Band Editors (see the Centents page for addresses). 'Spectrum Analysis' will also look at the various propagationrelated events which have occurred during the same period. All of which, we are sure, will give you a clearer indication of who worked who and why your signals got where they did.

From time to time, there will be specially-commissioned propagation features which will take an in-depth look at some of the more intriguing mechanisms, what to look for when attempting to predict them, and why some show a distinct patterns from year to year or solar cycle to cycle. If all goes according to plan, the lirst of these leatures will appear next month.

The JST-135 from JRC



Japan Radio Company are big; sales turnover last year was in excess of £620 million. Not only are they big, they have been solely concerned with communications radio since 1915 and are therefore one of the world's leading companies in the field. JRC for example fit out most of the supertankers and coastal radio stations so I think there is sufficient evidence of their expertise. As a humble radio amateur, I am particularly glad that JRC find time and money to produce what must be amongst the best amateur radio equipment in the world, and as an appointed distributor in the UK, I was even more pleased to see the JST-135 arrive.

Those who know the NRD-525 receiver will recognise the family resemblance; actually the NRD-525 and JST-135 look identical, because they are clearly meant to mate together as an ultimate station. And what a transceiver the JST-135 has turned out to be. It would be impossible to list all the features which make it so outstanding, because so much of the engineering does not appear to the casual view, but take it from me, the JST-135 is destined to become a landmark in equipment design and performance.

The construction of the transceiver follows that of the NRD-525 is using individually screened and mounted plug in vertical boards; an expensive way to build, but JRC try to build to a standard of quality, not down to a price — and it looks terrific when you peek inside.

The measures taken to ensure signal quality include using the same semiconductor devices in the transmit driver stage as those in the PA; not for simplicity but to allow them to be run in Class A. The result is exceptional linearity, improved signal quality, and of course cancellation of second harmonic distortion products, the PA itself is followed by a three section Chebyshev filter, which may not interest you particularly but it all helps the reduction of harmonic radiation, and that is certainly of interest to the station trying to operate on the frequency of your third harmonic...

If putting frequencies into memory is your pleasure, you have 200 to go at, with each memory storing frequency, mode, ago time constant, RF attenuator setting, and IF bandwidth. Should be enough for almost anyone. All mode? certainly, with USB, LSB, CW (full and semi break-in), AM, FSK, and FM. There is even an optional ECSS unit if you want to dig out rare broadcast stations in a band full of half megawatt propaganda sources.

The receiver side (100kHz to 30MHz) has had the same dedicated attention as the transmitter, and there are some intriguing features such as the optional automatic notch system which grabs an interfering signal, throttles it at birth, and then hangs on to it whilst you tune around so that it causes no more pain and distress.

Further facilities available as options include a fully variable bandwidth filter system, an RS-232 computer control interface, a full range of high performance filters, and the surprising NFG-230 automatic aerial tuner. So what? there are other automatic tuners on the market. True, but this one is fully waterproof, offers virtually instantaneous tuning of a dipole or wire aerial and is meant to be mounted where tuners ought to be — at the feedpoint of the aerial system, out there in the wind and the rain.

These brief comments are only a taste of what the JST-135 can do. For more complete information, why not send off £1 for our pack containing details of all the equipment we stock, and make a particular request for the JRC range, or indeed any other equipment which takes your fancy.

The sales of the JST-135 have been very good indeed, and when considering the price range in which it competes, it is hardly surprising. The original price was to be £1395, and we thought it was a bargain. Imagine our delight, and the delight of prospective owners when JRC thought hard, sharpened their negotiating pencils, and came up with a new price of £1195. There is no question that the JST-135 is currently the bargain of the decade, and if you are thinking of a new transceiver, I recommend that you leap in to a Lowe Electronics branch and take a look at the JST-135.

John Wilson G3PCY/5N2AAC

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between Kenwood hand held tranceivers and those from other makers? Simple quality: In design, in concept, in manufacture, in use, and in sheer enjoyment of ownership. Strangely enough this all comes at competitive prices, so there is little reason to choose any other handheld than one from Kenwood.

Kenwood scored a real hit with the TH-205 and TH-215. which give you high power in a handy size with a choice of facilities, but the new TH-25E really opened up the choices available (up to 5W), and wide range of accessorles Including a vox operated headset. Frequency readout is by LCD on the top face, and despite everything including car dashboards having keypads, the TH-25E uses a friendly tuning knob to cover the band in 12.5 kHz steps.

As always, I advise you to ask for brochures on these sets because it is impossible to list all the features in this small

Funny thing about Kenwood equipment; it always 'feels right, and this applies to everything they make from the TS 940S to the smallest accessory. Why not call in at your nearest APPROVED dealer and ask to see (and hold) a Kenwood hand held. You will not be disappointed.

If you care to send £1 to us at Matlock, we will be pleased to return the full Kenwood catalogues and detailed information on any rig you mention.

KANTRONICS NEWS BULLETIN



Packet Radio Itas recently been an area of fast expansion to Amateur Radio. There now kisis a national and International trunking system for automatic forwarding of information. Personal 'mail' from one Radio Amateur can be sent to another Radio Arnateur around the globe in a matter of days or even hours in many cases. "Bulletins" and items of general Interest can be sent and received, they are very diverse in content and range from club activities on a local basis to the AMSAT, RSGB and ARRI, news. Bealtune communication is still available so you can conduct a QSO just like RTTY and AMTOR. Kantionics has emained at the head of the search for new Ideas

Many UP-GRADES have been released by Kantionics to keep the ratige at this forward position. These are in the form of plug-in EPROMS with accompanying addendum and ange in piice between about ten and thirty pounds, a fraction of the cost of the new unit.

All units now come with a standard 32K of RAM, by the case of the KPC4 this may be

expanded to 64K at extra cost. All units are litted with CW tilestification (CW-1D) to comply with the UK amateur license. WE-FAX is a standard litting on all units, this means that you can receive those wonderful MET lorecast pictures off-air. A special program is required for WE-FAX reception but is available for a wide range of computers. The KA-NODE facility allows other operators to not only digipear through your station but to connect to you and let your KA-NODE handle the acknowledgements, creating more efficient message handling. The personal mailbox (PBBS) allows people to leave messages loc YOU at your stallnin even when you are doing something elso. It is now possible to add a battery-backup

to keep your messages even if you switch old or have a power cut. A PBP command now prevents third party message, and a CMSG-PBBS command divert calls directly to the PBBS when you are not there. Multi-connect allows you to talk to more people than you could possibly want to at the same time. There are even 100 user commands which you can use to personalise your station, you can in fact Ignore most of them too if you want to! All are TTL and RS232 compatible. The range is fully MBL software compatible including YAPP. The Intervals companies in the large study place and companies in do remember to set your soliware to type one. All units are metal cased. KPC2 £159 line VAT (carr £8) Single poil for HF/VHF/UHF 300 and 1200 band operation. KPC4 £225 inc. VAT (carr £8) NEW LOWER PRICE.

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The ICOM IC-575 base station has been developed to meet the demand for advanced communications for the recently acquired 6m band. Similar in appearance to the IC-275/475 2m and 70cm base stations, the beauty of this new transceiver from ICOM is that it gives you the best of both worlds, 6 & 10m in one compact unit. The IC-575 cavers 28-30Mhz and 50-54Mhz.

Operating modes are SS8, CW, AM & FM. Pawer autput is 10 watts (AM 4 watts) with a frant panel cantral ta reduce autput far QRP aperations. A pass band tuning circuit narrows the I.F. passband width, eliminating signal in the passband. A built-in natch filter eliminates beat signals with sharp attenuation characteristics.

Same PLL systems have difficulty meeting the lackup time demands placed an them by new data cammunications. This is why ICOM developed the DDS (Direct Digital Synthesizer) method. With a lackup time of just 5msec the DDS method allows the IC-575 to handle data cammunications such as packet or AMTOR. 99 pragrammable memories can store frequency, made, affect frequency and direction. A total of four scanning functions for easy access to a wide range of frequencies, memory scan, pragrammed scan, selected made memory scan and lack out scan. The IC-575 has an internal A.C. power supply, but can also be used on 13.8v DC for mabile or partable operation.

Optianal accessories available are the UT36 vaice synthesizer, the IC-FL83 CW narrow filter, SM7 external laudspeaker, HP2 cammunication headphanes and SM8/SM10 desk micraphanes. Other transceivers available in this range are: IC-275E 2m multimade 25w, IC-275H 2m multimade 100w, IC-475E 70cm multimade 25w, IC-475H 70cm multimade 75w.

IC-505, 50Mhz Transceiver

The IC-505 is a 6mtr BAND SSB, CW, FM (Optional) transceiver. It can be used as a partable ar like ather transceivers of this type as a base station unit. When used with an external 13.8v power supply the 505 gives 10 watts RF



autput, 3 watts ar 0.5 watts an law power is available when using internal batteries. Other features include 5 memories with memory scan, pragram band scan, dual VFO's with split aperation.

The easy-ta-read LCD readaut includes frequency, memory scan and call mades. Full metering of battery condition signal strength and power autput is pravided. When fitted with the aptianal EX248 FM unit the IC-505 affers 50MHz aperation at an affordable price.

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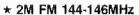


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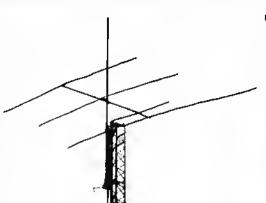


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Now available to customers in the UK through South Midlands Communications, the appointed distributor, are the popular CREATE HF beams to cover the 10/15/20 metre bands, HF baluns up to 10KW PEP and the exciting 10/15/20/40V dipole which has elements of only 19th and is designed in such a way that it can be mounted in particularly awkward places. SMC also stock what must be one of the largest amateur antennas available, the 40 metre full sized beam, as well as 6 and 7 element and six metre yagis and professional quality log, periodic antennas for 50-1300 and 105-1300MHz. CREATE also manufacture rotators to exacting levels of precision and these have initially no back lash, quiet gears, variable speed end large torque. All are now available from SMC stock.

Model 318Jr Compact 4-Element

CREATE introduces the 318 Series of DX Trl-Bend Beam Antennes that offer outstanding efficiency with High-Q TRaps especially designed for 14, 21, and 28MHz. Design emphasis is placed on fullsized monobendors. Each model lunctions as a tull-sized beam on 28MHz, physicelly reduced by 15 percent on 21MHz and 25 percent on 11MHz. Large High Q wavelraps ero employed, resulting in performance compareble to their of full-sized elements. In the past, multiband trap entennas were dillicult to tuno, and performance paremeters varied considerably - aspecially VSWR curves. These irregulers and performance distortions were due largely to dosign in wavelrap constants end Iolerances in manufacturing. CREATE assures slable, uniform VSWR charecteristics with an eccurecy of 0.5 percent (maximum) by using only the best in enginooring and manufacturing technologies. Meterials ere carefully selected for the best combination of long life, meximum reliability, and light weight. At key stress points, such as the centre section, lubing is dualstructured and overlapped, end herdware clemps



ONLY £299

SPECIFICATIONS Model 318Jr

Froquency MHz 14 21 28
Forward Gein dB 7 7.5 8
F/B Rairo dB 18 18 18
Power Capebilly PEP 1.2W/14MHz 2kW
CW: 50% Duty, 1/2 PEP

Impedence 50 ohms
Longest Etement 8.6m (28')
Boom Length 4m (13' 1-11/2")
Mest Diameter,

All Models 49 to 60 mm
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NEW

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P+P £3.50

All beams supplied complete with balun

CO318JR 4 old 10-15-20M 750W PEP Grin 7:7:5:8d8 F/9 18d8 Only £299, P&P £5.90 CO318 4 dlo 10-15-20M 2KW PEP Grin 7:8:8:5d8 F/8 18:20:20d8 Only £349, P&P £5.90 CO3188 5 dle 10-15-20M 2KW PEP Grin 7:5:9:9:5d8 F/8 20:18:20d9 Only £449, P&P £7.90 CL4084 3 old Yagi 40M 4KW PEP Grin 8d8 F/8 22:18d8 Only £999 P&P £12.50 CV48 40M votilical ZKW PEP 500W PEP Radial wires included sulfable for ground or rool mounting Only £210

AD385 Marching network 40/80M for CV48 remore switchable Only £49 P&P £2.85 CV730V-1 V dipole for 10-15-20-40 1KW-2KW PEP 19' eto capablo of being mounted anywhare Only £149 P&P £3.50

Modal	730V-1
Frequency	7/14/21/28 MHz
Polarization	Horizonial
VSWR	Horizontar
Impedance	50 Ohms
Power Capability (PEP)	1kW/7MHz, 2kW/14.2MHz
Elemant Length	5.8m/19
Rotational Radius	4m/13' 1"
Mast Olametai	50mm/2"
Weight	more than 3m/9" 10"
Recommended Height	more (han 3m/9° 10"

Model 730V-1 is a compact V type 4 band dipole entanna with a figure 8 directivity pattern and Is hortzontally potentized. The shortest possible elements are used while still providing high radiation efficiency and broad band VSWR characteristics. The use of the V shape reduces the area needed for mounting the entenna and is sensitive to changes in height above ground and surrounding metallic objects. These features allow the antenna to be instelled at almost any site. The enterna isoperable at a height of six or more feet above the ground. Due to the horizontal potalization and figure 8 pattern, the 730V-1 is superior to the usual compact ground plane antenna, especially in respect to gain and TV1. A high quality balun is included as a standard component of this high performing antenna.



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ANOTHER FORECAST FOR CYCLE 22

'A near-record solar cycle?' in ?T, August 1988, p601 included a torecast that sunspot cycle 22 mey have a maximum number of 175±35, peaking in 1990±1. This was based on the prediction made in Nature (12 May 1988) by Dr Geoftrey Brown of the University College of Wales erising from a study of the occurrence of geomagnetic abnormal quiet days (AODs) observed during the minimum penod between cycles 21 and 22. Dr Brown suggested that "It seems likely that cycle 22 could be second only to cycle 19 as the largest cycle on record."

However, his prediction of 175±35 encompasses the relatively wide range of 140 to 210. More recently Robert M Wilson of the NASA Marshall Space Flight Center, Alabama, in eletter to Nature (27 October 1988, p773) ventilates en alternative approach which suggests that the peak may be close to the lower limit of Dr Brown's forecast. Dr Wilson believes that predictions based

TOPICS

PAT HAWKER G3VA

on 'biveriete fits' combining the effects of the geomagnetic index and the level of sunspot number at the beginning of the cycle appear to be more accurate historically. He writes:

"Of several bivariate fits, the most reliable for predicting maximum amplitude, R(max), is one that uses the minimum annual averages of sunspot number, R(min) end the Ap index, Ap(min), having a correlation coefficient of 0.997 and a standard error of only 3.9. For cycle 22, R(min) occurred in

1986, having a value of 13-4, and Ap(min) occurred in 1987, having a value of 11-0, implying that R(max) should be about 144-6±7-8. Based on cycles 17 to 21 this particular fit has never erred by more than 4-1 units of sunspot number. Providing that cycle 22 is statistically no different from that of cycles 17 to 21, one infers that cycle 22 should be smaller than both cycles 21 (164-5) and 18 (151-8) and probably about the size of cycle 11 (140-5) making it the fourth or fifth largest sunspot cycle of the modern record . . . Cycle 22 probably will not be en exceptionally lerge, record-setting sunspot cycle, although it will be ebove average."

SETTING UP VHF/UHF SSB TRANSMITTERS

All one time it used to be suggested that nobody should use SSB who did not have access to a two-tone generator end en oscilloscope. Today, fectory-built black boxes suffer reletively little drift

PRE-HISTORY OF AMATEUR SSB

In TT (July 1988) I noted how SSB became established in emateur redio following the 1947 experimental SSB project run by Dr O G 'Mike' Villard, W6OYT. He had been impressed by wartime use of SSB but Tell that the filters required were too complex for amateurs and 're-invented' the phasing method of SSB generation that, unknown to him, had been invented end patented in the late 1920s. Following the publication of these early efforts in the January 1948 QST, SSB gradually caught on end, In the September 1988 TT, I recalled how SSB spread to Europe with G2NX of Oswestry the first British amaleur to stert the SSB mode rolling.

However, I had pointed out that the theory of SSB had been proved mathematically by Carson as early as 1922, had been used for the long-wave, VLF, transattantic radio telephone service that opened in 1929, and, with pilot carrier, had been ploneered for commercial HF point-to-point working in the 1930s. What I did not make clear was that there had been various attempts by emaleurs to introduce SSB working in both the USA and the UK even before the results of the Stanlord project beceme evident.

A detailed article 'The development of amateur SSB: e brief history' by John J Nagle, K4KJ (Ham Radio, September 1984, pp12-16, 19-23) explains how two groups of amateurs tried to establish SSB on the amateur bands in the 1930s. Pride of plece would seem to go to Robert M Moore, then W6DEf, who described a 3-5MHz SSB transmiller (Fig 1) in

that one-time excellent American megazine *RI9* (renamed *Radio* in 1933) using low-trequency filter techniques besed on work published by Bell Telephone Laboratories. A second group was ted by James J Lamb of crystaf-filter teme while technicel editor of *QST*, in September 1933 he produced a 12-page report describing the feasability of amateur SSB but the ARRL management decided not to pursue development on the assumption that SSB equipment would prove too complicated for the average amaleur. His report was never published in tell

What I believe has never been reveeled before is that one of those who were much impressed by the military use of SSB during the second world war for long-distance point-to-point circuits was a senior British signals officer, Christopher Henn-Collins, who was also a peacetime radio amateur G(U)5ZC. It is rather a sad story but worth telling es further evidence that amateur radio can interact with professional engineering to the benefit of both. GU5ZC writes:

"As Heed of the Radio Division of the Signal Section of AFHO in Algiers in 1942-43 f soon became acquainted with, and was much impressed by, the Western Electric independent sideband equipment and finear amplifier with which the US Signal Corps worked to the States running a plurality of RTTY and other circuits. The Royaf Signal had only a single channet of high speed morse back to the UK. Yel, at four times the range, the Americans often operated their transmitter at fess power than we found necessary.

"I quickly became hooked on the ments of SSB.

In 1944 I returned to the UK to head the Wirefess Brench of the Directorate of Signels at the War Office. I maneged to give things something of e technical wash-end-brush-up, including making a stert with RTTY working in the British Army, I was, however, stopped in my tracks by the then Chiel Superintendent of the Signals Research and Development Establishment (SADE) who tirmly minuted my boss, the late Brigadier Hickman, that due to the frequency stability requirements and complexity, SSB was quite unsuitable for military communications. However, I gained an ally in the GPO who promised to update some of their SSB equipment for use on mein-line Army circuits, though I still wonder how many years the Army had to wait lor a mobile SSB rig for use in the lield (1960s I think, G3VA)..

"In 1945 I was posted away from the War Office to a job that had little to do with radio communications. The only place where f could build any equipment was here in Guernsey where my parents then lived. I became determined to build a mobile SSB rig to prove its feasibility for military use.

"f consulted the late Sir Archibald Gill, then Engineer-in-Chief of the GPO, whom I knew and much respected. He werned that it was a considerable project to build an SSB stallon from scratch but added that should f encounter any difficulties with his engineers in regard to the conditions of the Amateur Licence, I was at liberty to refer to him any GPO inspector or engineer raising difficulties.

"There were no text books to rely on. The Germans had left behind on Guernsey a Trager Frequenz Geral equipment that provided the basic SSB signal at 36kHz. I bought e surplus Canadian C43 transmitter to house the equipment and provide the basics of e linear amplitier. A leave was then spent building test gear to check what I had done. On one leave in 1947 It all worked. However, contacts proved disappointing since nobody seemed to know then how to tune an SSB signal!

"The disappointment stayed with me for about ten years. Then, on a visit to my mother, I put the equipment on the air again. By then SSB had become established on the amateur bands and I must be a candidate for an award for creating one of the biggest pile-ups on 14MHz when I put the beam on to North America. Later I gave the whole equipment to the local radio club, I believe the receiver is still in use."

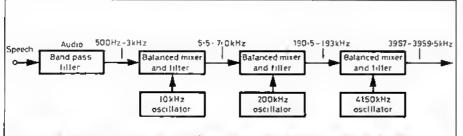


Fig 1. Block diagram of the 3-5MHz SSB transmitter developed and described by Robert Moore, W6DEI In the Amsteur Redto Megazine R/9 about 1933 based on commercial practice in using LC filters at tow frequencies about 1933 as reproduced by K4KJ in Hem Redio. It was not until many years leter that suitable filters (crystal) were evallable at HF.

while solid-state devices do not show the gradual change in characteristics associated with gradual, but progressive, loss of valve emission. The result is that many amateurs operate SSB equipment with little or no test equipment suitable for checking linearity. Nevertheless, access to test equipment is still essential for anyone building their own equipment, and still extremely useful for occasionally checking the overall performance of equipment to guard against 'flat topping' etc.

Ian Waters, G3KKD has sent along an item originally written for the Cambridgeshire Repeater Group Newsletter which shows succinctly a technique that makes it possible for VHF/UHF to display a two-tone waveform on an oscilloscope of limited bandwidth. G3KKD also provides an outline of two-tone testing applicable to all SSB transmitters. The following notes are based directly on G3KKD's newsletter article:

Those who listen on the SSB segments of our VHF and UHF bands will know that while there are many good clean signals to listen to, there are some that fall far short of this ideal, Badly over-driven rigs can make DX contacts a waste of time: over-driven local stations can spread over a hefty chunk of spectrum.

So, how do we set up our transmitters to prevent this happening?

Our text books will tell us how to set up HF transmitters: (1) Modulate with a two-tone audio test signal. (2) Run the transmitter into a good resistive load. (3) Observe the waveform across the load on an oscilloscope.

This is all very well – but how does a VHFIUHF operator do this?

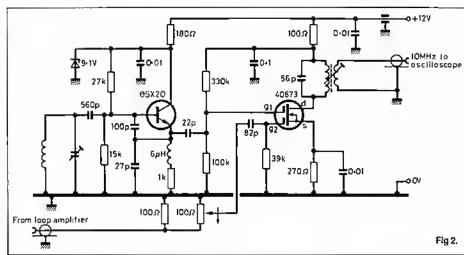
Few of us have an oscilloscope that has a bandwidth up to 50MHz let alone the other VHF/ UHF bands, up to say 1296MHz.

The solution adopted at G3KKD is to provide a small down-converter for each band used. The idea has so far been fested on 50 and 144MHz using two converters based on the circuit shown in Fig 2 with output on about 10MHz. It is intended to make others for 432 and 1296MHz, similar in principle but with circuit details adjusted to cope with these higher frequencies.

The converters are fed with a small sample of the transmitter output from a forward loop coupler in the transmission line after the harmonic filter. The output frequency is about 10MHz but this is not at all critical provided that the frequency is within the bandpass of the oscilloscope. The general arrangement is shown in Fig 3.

A correctly adjusted transmitter should result in a display similar to Fig 4. The two-tone PEP waveform should not exhibit any compression or clipping on the peaks and the cross-over at the base line should not be distorted. It one tone is switched off, the amplitude (a) should be half that of the two-tone signal (b). Since power varies as voltage squared, the two-tone PEP power will be four times the single-tone power, which is as it should be. If your dummy load can also act as a wattmeter, reading RMS power, the power measured with two tones should be twice that measured with only one tone present.

Adjust the level of the modulating signal or the drive to the linear (power) amplifier to limit the envelope peaks. If the amplifier operafes biased in class AB, the stading current with no drive applied should be set to minimise the bottom bend distortion of the output device, transistor or valve, which shows up as cross over distortion on the waveform.



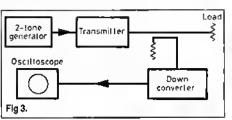


Fig 2. 50MHz to 10MHz down-converter used by G3KKD to check the linearity etc. of a 50MHz SSB transmitter without a requirement for a high-cost oscilloscope. Besically similar down-converters can be used for the other VHF/UHF bands.

Fig 3. Set-up for checking or sdjusting VHF/UHF SSB transmitters using small-signal down converters.

Fig 4. Oscilloscope wavetorms of a correctly adjusted seb transmitter modulated by one and two sine-wave tones.

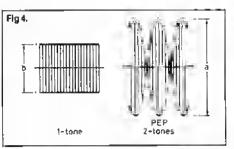
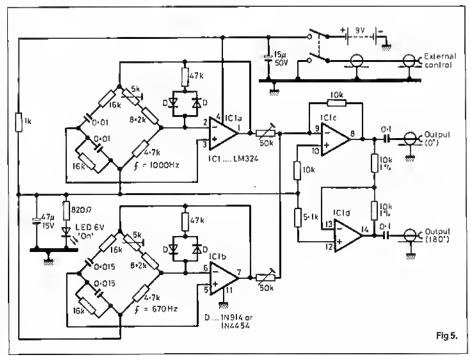


Fig 5. Circuit diagram of a two-tone generator (Radio Handbook).



TECHNICAL TOPICS

Care must be taken to ensure that the small-signal down-converter is not overloaded and so introduce distortion which would contuse the results. For this reason, the Y-gain control on the oscilloscope should be turned well up and the input potentiometer on the converter should not be advanced more than necessary. You can discover how much headroom there is on the converter by turning the oscilloscope gain down and turning the converter input up until the overload point is found.

A two-tone generator consists of two sine-wave audio oscillators with trequencies, which are not harmonically related, within the speech passband. I used 1.45 and 2.2kHz but these may not necessarily be ideal.

The outputs of each audio oscillator are adjusted to have equal amplitudes and then mixed together. A final control sets the level fed to the trensmitter. I find it necessary to feed the two-tone signal into the SSB modulator directly, bypassing the speech processor, which distorts the balance of the two audio tones.

Il seems appropriale to complete G3KKD's notes by adding an outline of an easy-to-build compact two-tone generator. Fig 5 shows the circuil diagram of a generator described in the *Radio Handbook* (22nd Edition, 1981, pp31.35/36) although many other suitable units have been published. This generator provides a pair of linearly added sine waves with second harmonic and intermodulation products reduced at least 35dB below one tone. It operates from an internal 9V battery with no inductors or trensformers that might induce mains hum.

Two Wien-bridge AF oscillators and associated butter/mixer stages are based on a single LM324 quad IC. One generator is adjusted for 1000Hz, the other for 670Hz although of course the oscillators could be modified for other combinetions. The original model was enclosed within an aluminum utility box (3·5 by 2 by 1·5 inches) with all components mounted on a perforated circuit board. The 9V battery was mounted below the board in a small clip. The unit provides either balanced or unbalanced output.

MODERN RADIO SCIENCE

EDITED BY A L CULLEN. PUBLISHED FOR THE INTERNATIONAL UNION OF RADIO SCIENCE (URSI) AND THE ICSU PRESS BY OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS.
FIRST EDITION 1988. 166 + X PAGES.
PRICE (HARD COVERS) £25.
ISBN 0 19 856223 3.

This book comprises eleven 'tulorials' papers originally presented by eminent radio scientists at the 1987 URSI General Assembly at Tel Aviv. While It is not a book likely to tind a place on many amateur radio bookshelves, it includes excellent papers on tonospheric propagation, radio astronomy, etc, providing understandable explanations of the current stale of thinking on important subjects. It would well repay any efforts required to obtain a library copy.

For example, in two succinct pages (87-8) will be found an up-to-dale explanation of what is known about Sporadic E propagation.

It is much to be welcomed that many professional specialist conterences are now including 'tutorial days' or lutorial papers that set the scene for non-specialists.

Contents: 1, Laser measurement 1968-87 and

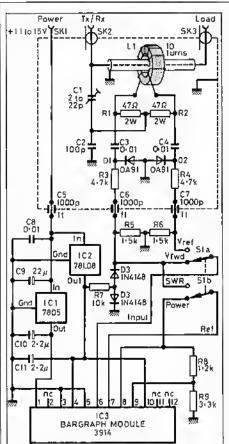


Fig 8. Direct-reading VSWR/power bargraph indicator developed by G3TXQ.

DIRECT-READING VSWR/POWER INDICATOR

Steve Hunt, G3TXQ has devised a useful-looking direct-reading VSWR/power indicator (Fig 8) which avoids the complexity and costs of some previously published designs for this type of unit. He writes:

"Components within the screened area (dotted line in Fig 8) comprise a conventional VSWR bridge producing voltages dependent on *forward* (FWD) and *reflected* (REF) power (energy). With the values shown, the bridge works well over the HF bands at power levels from 1W to 100W.

"With \$1 In the 'power' position, the REF voltage is fed to the LED bargraph display module IC3. The reference input to IC3 (pin 7) is a fixed voltage derived from the on-board voltage regulator (IC2). In this mode the LED display gives a useful indication of power output over the range 1W to 100W and has the important advantage of indicating instantaneous peak power.

"With S1 in line 'SWR' position, the REF voltage is ted to the input of IC3 but the reterence input for IC3 is now line FWD voltage. In this way, the bargraph indicates line ratio of VFWD and VREF and can be calibrated to display VSWR independent of the power tevel. No longer should line problem be experienced of adjusting an ATU for minimum reflected power, only to find that what has actually been done is to fune for every high VSWR which has automafically caused the solidstafe power amplifier to shut down!

"R7, D3 and D4 apply a small vollage to the bargreph module in order to exlinguish all the LEDs when the Iransceiver is in the 'receive' mode."

G3TXQ adds that he has produced a PCB tor lhis dosign, logefher with assembly instructions. He can also supply the required components. For details telephone him on 0604 858090 after 7pm (his postal address is 21 Green Street, Milton Malsor, Northampton NN7 3AT).

beyond (W Wolinski); 2, Waves and spectra; a modern perspective (Leopold B Felsen); 3, Oueuing and coding in multi-user communications; Ideas, techniques, theory (S. Csibi); 4, Coherent optical tibre communications (T. Okoshi); 5, Present and future of research on wave propagation (R K Crane); 6, Aspects of ionospheric physics relevant to radio propagation (H. Rishbelh); 7, Present and tuture Irends in research in waves in plasmas (W S Kurth and S D Shawhan); 8 Radio astronomy – new horizons (Wm J Welsch); 9 New communication nelworks (Helga Seguin); 10, Digital optical lechniques in computing and switching (J E Midwinter); and 11, The encounters with Comet Halley, March 1986, Index.

PACKET SYNDROME - NO KNOWN CURE

For some years in the 1950s I lived in a house converted into three tlats in a most pleasant Bloomsbury garden-square until thrown out by London University who wanted to convert the building into a computer centre. Immediately above and below me were practising psychiatrists, but to my relief they apparently never detected that I was a radio amaleur clearly in need of their professional services.

I was reminded of this by an article in *QST* (November 1988, p46) by Mike Bailey, KB6LSO a psychiatrist who contesses to using amaleur radio

as an escape from a busy practice. He claims that over the past yeer he has become aware of a new psychiatric disorder which he names the 'Packeteer Addictive Syndrome (PAS)'. A first stage of this disorder is marked by an increase in energy and a heightened mood; the second stage frustration and discouragement when the amount of hardware end software needed becomes apparent; the third, chronic stage begins as the packeleer gels on the air and spends increasing periods of time at his computer and radio - compulsively connecting with others, searching for new packet modes and exploring bulletin boards until he becomes obsessed, ignoring social and tamily obligalions: "He Is heard less and less on local radio (speech) nets, ignores HF completely, forgets Morse code and speaks a vocabulary punctuated by Ierms such as digirepeater, CTEXT, PACLEN etc.

As the syndrome progresses, KB6LSO claims, the victim spends more and more time hunched over his video screen. It, at this slage, his equipment fails, he will trantically attempt to get back on the air. If unable to do so, he appears distant, depressed and listless, ekin to someone with a severe organic or endogenous depression.

With no known cure to PAS, KB6LSO believes that self-help groups, 'Packefeers Anonymous', may prove useful in controlling the progression of this syndrome. With the benefit of hindsight I would

suggest that similar syndromes have been observed before, marking the times when new modes or new activities have erupted on the ameleur-radio scene. Even in the 1930s ARRL found it necessary to devise a six-point 'Ameleur's Code' of which the fifth commandment was: 'The Amaleur is Balanced ... Radio Is his hobby. He never ellows it to interfere with eny of the duties he owes to his home, his job, his school, or his community.' Ah me, if only we had been able to observe that commandment, how different some of our lives might have been!

For packel-redio enthuslasts, a book worth seeking out in good technical libraries is 'Pecket Radio Networks – Architectures, Protocols, Technologies and Applications' by Clifford A Lynch end Edwin B Brown (Pergemmon Press, 1987, 292 + xviil pages, £43, ISBN 0-08-035913-2). Although e 'professionel' book (et e protessionel price) it is virtually non-mathematical and reedable by non-specielists. The euthors ere at the University of California, Berkeley.

1-8 -- 10-1MHz MOSFET POWER AMPLIFIER

The other dey I found myself working a Dutch emeteur who was running 500mW on 7MHz CW quite successfully. But, personally, I would never recommend this order of QRP to enyone just starting up on HF, ft needs a good, well-matched entenna and even then the outgoing signals ere ell too vulnereble to Interference and tading. On the other hand, with en RF output of, say, five walls or more, a newcomer should have little difficulty in making salisfactory CW or SSB contacts on 1-8, 3-5, 7 or 10-1MHz, even with en indifferent antenna.

A broadband amplifier using e pair of D-MOS power FETs in push pull end capable of providing about five Watts CW or six Watts PEP output with 100mW input, using 13V supplies, has been described in the Novice Notes of WIA's Amateur Redio Oclober, 1988 by Drew Dlamond, VK3XU. This uses two D-MOS, n-channel, enhancement mode FETs Intended primarily for switching epolicetions but usoful as HF emplifiers up to about 10MHz. IRF510 devices are available in the UK at about £1-50p or less. VK3XU gives the emplifier gein as eboul 17dB and Iwo tone IMD cheracleristics as at least -30dBc (typicelly -35dBc). When used with the suggested band-fillers ell harmonics should be at least -50dBc. This amplifier should withstend short-circuited or open-circuited loads without damage and should remain stable regardless of load SWR. Such charecteristics would seem to make such en amplitier a good project for enyone making a slart in homebrewing a solidstate transmitter, as a beginner or for QRP operation.

The drain-lo-drain impedance of the push-pull FETs Is 2×24=48 ohms so that no elaborate impedance transformation is needed to match into 50ohms. T3 converts the balanced output T2 forms belanced choke feed for the devices. Negative RF feedback is provided by R3 and R4, stabilising the amplifier and helping to keep the trequency response level throughout the range. The heatsink of the bias zener, ZD1, is positioned against the heatsinks of TR1 and TR2 with a small blob of petroleum felly so that it tracks the temperature of the FETs, causing the bias voltage to be influenced by their operating temperature. The polarity of the zener diode should be carefully observed and the

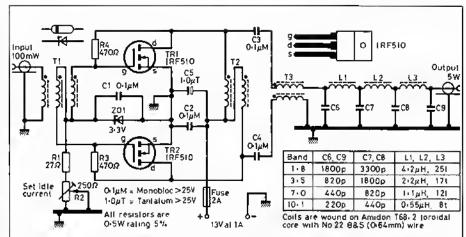


Fig 6. Circuif diagram of the 1-8MHz to 10-1MHz push pull FET power emplifier capable of providing 5W (CW), 6W (pep) output as described in *Amateur Redio* by VK3XU.

TR1, TR2 and ZD1 attached to 6030 heateinks in physical contact to enable ZD1 to temperature track the feta. T1 comprises 11-furn loops of 24 B&S (0-5mm) enem. Wire on emidon FT50-43 core. T2, T3 11-jurn loops of 22 B&S (0-64mm) enam. Wire on Amidon FT50-43.

'Indicates start of winding.

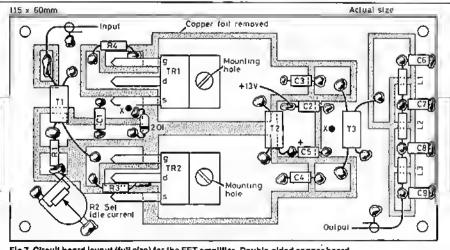


Fig 7. Circuit board layout (full size) for the FET amplifier. Double-sided copper board.

enclosure for the amplifier should have edequate ventilation. The complete amplifier (with one band filter) can be built on a double-sided, 115mm by 60mm PCB. For stability, the unetched 'ground plans' should be connected to the etched-side common-earth (positive polarity) in al least two places near the input end output ereas. The prototype has through links at the source of TR1 end at the point where C2 end C5 have their earth connections marked on the board tayout diagrem with a small circle, marked 'X'. Drill the holes with a one millimetre drill.

If multiband operation is required, the highest band-filler should be accommodated on the PCB and kept permanently in circuit; lower frequency band filters can then be built on an additional board. Polystyrene/Styroseal cepacitors should be used for the band-fillers, it may prove difficult to obtain the larger values such as 1800pF and 3300pF. Silver mica capacitors can be used if available. Provide a 2A fuse in the supply circuit,

When setting up, with R2 set for minimum resistance, the ideal no signal current is about 200 lo 300mA. Quiput must be lerminated with a 50ohm dummy load resislor. Current drawn with 100mW drive should be about 1A. With buileble healsinks, no discomfort should be experienced when the heetsinks are lightly touched efter some minutes operation at the tive watts level. While 100mW drive should suffice on the lower bands, up to 300mW may be needed at 10-1MHz which is about the limit for these devices. Do not overdrive or flat-topping will result. With larger heatsinks it would presumably be possible to obtain more RF power oulput by using a higher supply voltage, but before attempting this check the detailed characlerislics of the IRF150 etc.

LONG LIVE MANUAL MORSE!

As Bruce Morris, GW4XXF has pointed out, many of the British and foreign 500kHz coast stations have been closed down during the past few years.

TECHNICAL TOPICS

Now, the International Maritime Organisation has endorsed the fulure adoption of the push-button 'Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS)' based on satellile fechnology and automatic data transmission proposing that the traditional manual morse distress service be gradually phased out. The Royal Navy is proposing to abolish morse, even as a fall-beck system, in tayour of slow speed diversity modems using 7-unit ASCII machine code. This system, noted briefly In TT, May 1985, p356 and in an erticle 'Farewell to Morse ...?' DTE Spotlight, June 1988 brought to my notice by Ron Cannon, G8OTG, employs frequency and time diversity. It requires a full 3kHz of bandwidth to transmit messages at about 12wpm (10bit/s), repeating each 'bit' tive times on different audio frequencies and so using, in effect, ten 100-baud channels, all in conjunction with an 'intelligent' detecting decoding algorithm. It is far from e 'kiss' system but designed to achieve copy in conditions of poor propagation end/or severe interference. However even so, this is roughly of the same order as that of e human operator limited by fixed frequency operation.

With such developments, manual morse is being written off by some observers as an old-fashioned. obsolete form of communication. In fact, if is a highly efficient binary, non-refurn-to-zero, digital code. I edmit to prejudice end make no apology for believing that, within emateur redio, there is and will continuo to be an essential and fundamental role for menuel morse.

Just one example. In a TT item (February 1986, p105), Nigel Neame, G2AUB, stressed the unique value of morse to those suffering from deefness or with extreme loss of hearing. He wrote, "CW enables e licensed deaf ameleur to communicate on equal terms with any other person virtually Ihroughouf the world. The words 'on equal terms' are most significant, since there is no other means of direct human to human communication available between the deal and non-deaf apart from 'signing' and lip-reeding - and how many non-deaf people leam fhose skills?"

On other occasions it has been noted in TT their many people 'deaf' to normal speech can 'hear' fhe single ione of CW. Others can receive by their tactile sense, detecting the vibrations. A recent Item In Radio-ZS noted that 79-yeer-old Denis Richardson, ZS1B was eclive again after ten years off the air. This was due to total deafness that had followed len years of deteriorating heering. Then a fellow amateur suggested he should try copying morse by vibretion, ZS1B simply removed the cap from one of his earpleces and gently pleced his forefinger on the diephregm. He describes what happened: "A chill went down my spine. I could feel the dits and dahs of Morse coming though my finger . . . in no time at all f was able to read up to 20wpm." Soon he had tired up a small valve Iransmitter and his 40 year old communications receiver. ZS1B was back on the eir.

TRANSMITTING CLOTHES RACK

At the 1988 BBC Radio Show et Earl's Court, I noted that all of the modern equipments on the Royal Signals stand featured either a keyboard or microphone, only the 'museum pieces' such as the paramilitary Mk123 had a built in key for CW

What I did not see was the antenna, temporarily mounted on the roof of the hall, used by the Royal Signals In conjunction with the Army's national data

G3SBI's SIX-BAND VERTICAL **ANTENNA**

The 30fl vertical whip antenna with remote, automatically luned matching network has been widely used in protessional HF land and marilime mobile communications but tends to be too costly an approach for widespread use by amateurs.

However, Colin Horrabin, G3SBI has developed an ingenious lightweight vertical antenne that can be used on 1-8, 3-5, 7, 14, 21 and 28MHz, providing on each band e nominal 500hm base feedpoint impedance and functioning on each band without any remote switching or matching from a 50-ohm coaxial transmission line. Colin hopes later to prepare a detailed constructional article but feels that his unusual method of feeding the antenna on 14 and 28MHz, and the consequent enhanced 28MHz performance, should prove of general Interest, His method of using stubs appears to be novel. His antenne was initially developed using e one-tenth scale model enabling current distributions and feedpoint Impedance to be meesured.

Fig 9 shows the complete antenna and Fig 10 the current distribution on 14 end 28MHz. G3SBI

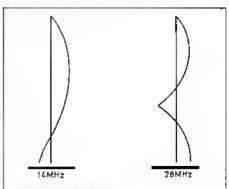
'On 14MHz the current distribution is similer to e 200° (electrical degrees) vertical; on 21MHz it resembles that of en 'elevated-feed' verticel onewevelength high; over good earth this provides a main lobe et en elevation of only 10° above the horizon.

"To set up the stubs initially, the 14MHz stub is edjusted for minimum SWR (Note that the length is such that a 90° bend is required es in Fig 9). The tapping point is moved up and down the element until an SWR better than about 1.3:1 is achieved. The same method is used with the 28MHz slub; but in this case a length of nylon rope is attached temporarily by means of PVC tape so Inal Ihe length of the slub can be adjusted from ground level with minimum SWR centred on 28-SMHz.

The 14MHz stub wire should not be more than 2-In from the vertical element since at any greeter distance it will affect the resonance on 21MHz where the entenna functions as a 34-wave monopole. It may prove necessary to readjust the length of the 14MHz stub slightly efter adjusting the 28MHz slub."

G3SBI has recently expanded his original notes to give some further explanation of the feed mechanism for 14 end 28MHz; "The tapping point for the stubs on the 2-in OD aluminium mastelement determines the minimum SWR that can be echieved; the length of the slub determines at what frequency within the band this occurs. In my case the ectual fapping points were within six Inches of those predicted from my one-tenth scale model to obtain an SWR of less then 1.5:1.

Loading for 1-8, 3.5 and 7MHz bands 2in % Tube Telescopic Tube 0-75in and 0-625in dia approx 8fl long 5pace Angle held to CB rod 30f1 Space 2in with a Jubilee clip Telescopic 2111 Irom CB Weld Rod 12in iong 1211-6in plate Ground 50.0 coaxial cable feed Afternative construction Fig 9, G3SB!'s six-band vertical HF entenna.



Ftg 10. Current distribution of the G3SBI antenna on 14 and 28MHz.

"What did surprise me was that, with base feed, the current distribution on 28MHz, where the vertical height is roughly 1λ , is similar to that of the 1λ eleveled-feed vertical derived from a Marconi D/F system described many years ago in TT end included in most editions of Amateur Radio Techniques though now out of print.

"My back garden is 36ft by 24ft and the results seem particularly good on 28MHz elthough the antenna has been used to work South America (LU) and Australia (VK6) on 3-5MHz. I am convinced that this feed method would be of use to anyone with e conventional 33ft verticel at the bollom at their garden, since no remote Linetwork is required to match the element to coaxial cable.

network. According to a cutting from British Aerospace News, sent in by Bob Connell, G4JQY, this was a transportable HF loop antenna, originally designed as part of an airborne milliery system "shaped somewhat like a clothes rack from a dress shop ... It is portable, easily tunable and quickly assembled in a confined space."

The report claims that the BAe loop antenna has been tested by ell three British services in field trials under arduous conditions, including the snows of Northern Norway. The success of the trials led the Royal Signals to borrow the BAe antenna for the Radio Show. They successfully relayed high-speed signals for the Army's computerised national dete network, despite the high degree of 'electronic noise' in the city environment.

If would seem that the 'clothes-rack' rectengular tubular loop is rather bigger than most other compact HF transmitting loops, and does not require the use of e ground plane. It provides another example of the growing use of transmitting loops. Some further details appear in Electronics Wireless World (February 1989, p108).

COMPACT AND EFFECTIVE HF ANTENNA

Few amateurs have the space to erect a really large, efficient, HF entenna. The alternatives commonly require traps or loading inductors, which are complications that not everyone wants to be involved with. I am just such e cese, and so, over the years, have evolved a system which I describe here for the benefit of like minded emateurs. Fig 1 illustrates the arrangement; the short radiator ensures that the horizontal radiation is concentrated for the broadside on ell frequencies from 7MHz to 30MHz. The entire rediating section is used on each bend, and above the natural resonant frequency of 10-5MHz, the antenna has some gain over a halt-wave dipole.

DESIGN DETAILS

The height of the radiator satisfies several criterie for optimum performance; 12m – or 0.3 wevelength – is as high as one should erect e horizontal entenne for use on 7MHz and still expect full performance on UK contacts via neer-vertical iono-spheric reflection. Even so, I have hed good reports trom Japan when using this antenna on that band. On 14MHz, the height is 0.6 wavelength, which yields maximum geln owing to ground reflection. Radiation becomes maximum at an elevation engle of epproximately 25° end is best for intermediate distance propagation.

Comparisons on the air show that this anlenna performs equally es well es a half-wave dipole at the same height and orientation on 7MHz. This is DESIGN FOR AN HF ANTENNA WHICH TAKES UP LITTLE SPACE, NEEDS NO TRAPS NOR LOADING INDUCTORS, BUT WHICH IS HIGHLY EFFECTIVE

BY TONY PREEDY G3LNP

not unexpected, because with appropriate conductor diameter, there is nowhere for the input power to be lost except in the 6000hm feeder. And this, being of open construction, has negligible eltenuation despite having e VSWR of elmost 20!

The chosen height, in conjunction with the length of the dipole, also makes 3.7MHz operation feesible when the feeder wires are strapped and the antenna becomes a T-loaded querter-weve vertical redietor. Performence in this mode is very much dependent upon the effectiveness of the ground system situated beneath the antenna, against which it will be driven.

Just how this influences radiation efficiency can be seen from the following set of measurements which show how the mean 3-7MHz field strength, measured at 1km from the entenna, chenged as the earth system was progressively improved.

EARTH SYSTEM 2 x 1m copper rods plus 4 buried radial wires 14m long plus 16 buried radials 14m long RELATIVE FIELD OdB

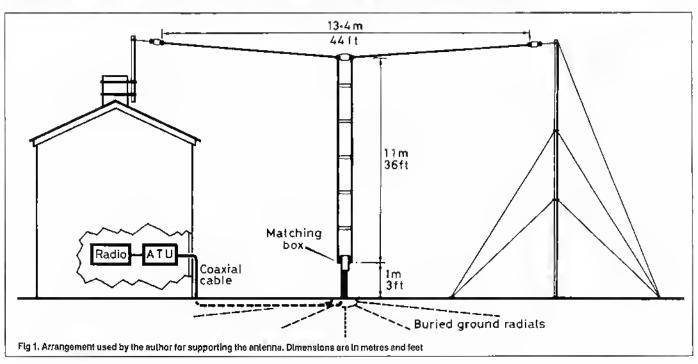
+2-5dB

+3dB

The length of the horizontal dipole was chosen because it is the maximum which will still maintain all of the radiation broadside to the wire at the highest working frequency of 30MHz. At this trequency a gain of 3dB over a half-weve dipole is echieved.

MULTI-FREQUENCY MATCHING

You can probably best visuelise the matching system's principle of operation by considering one half of the dipole to be en extension of the 600ohm. feeder, and to start with a total electrical length of e helf-wave et 7MHz. As Fig 2 shows, the impedance seen at the end of the feeder will be a pure but very high resistence et this frequency. At the harmonically-related trequencies of 14, 21 and 28MHz this point will progressively become resistive less as we go up in frequency. The velue of this resistance is e function of both radiation resistance and the impedance-transforming action of the feeder. Beceuse radiation resistance increases with frequency it ceuses the transformed resistance at this point to fall with increasing trequency.



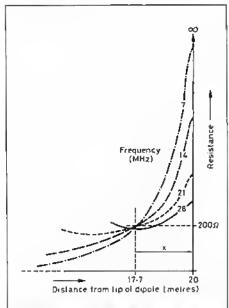


Fig 2. Restatence in the region of a helf-wevelength from the end of the dipole

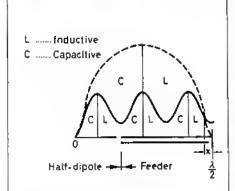


Fig 3. Current end form of the reectance of fundamental and third harmonic ahowing that when x is less then a querter wavelength, the reactance is consistently inductive at the point where currents and hence restatences are equal

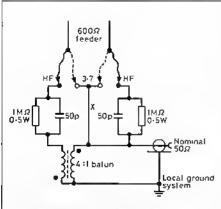


Fig 4, Matching box ctrcuit showing the method of changing between 3-7MHz end the HF bands

Now it at 7MHz we move our measuring point towards the antenna a place will be tound where the resistance has dropped to 200ohms, but this will be accompanied by an inductive reactance of typically 800ohms. At harmonic frequencies the rate of change of resistance with efectrical distance is progressively less, so that even though we started with a lower resistance at the half-wave point the value at the new meesuring point still tends to look like 200ohms. A similar effect (Fig 3) can be expected with the associated reactance, the magnitude of which roughly will be in inverse relationship to trequency. A capacilor with a reactance of 800ohms will therefore cancel the feeder reactance at this point at 7MHz, and because the reactance of a capacitor is inversely proportional to frequency, it will nearly provide the correct reactance necessary for the hermonic fre-

Two capacitors are required – each of 400ehms reactance et 7MHz, because the load is batanced. When these are trimmed they should provide simultaneously a perfect match at the 4 to 1 batun at, sey, 7-1MHz, end en ecceptably tow VSWR on the harmonically-related bands. Here a simple pl-type ATU mey be necessery et the trensmitter end of the coaxial cable.

PRACTICAL POINTS

Very high voltages will be produced across the matching capacitors, particularly on 7MHz, so make these from open sections of coaxial cable. At first, make them a little longer than necessary to provide e capacitance of 50pF. They can then be trimmed for minimum VSWR at e point in the middle of the 7MHz band. Resistors of 1Mohm are required in order to prevent the accumulation of static charges ecross the capacitors, as shown in Fig 4. Crocodite clips or U-links should be used to change between 3-7MHz and HF operation. The voltage here is almost certainly to be too high for switches or relays, unless specially high voltage types can be procured. The capacitors are folded up and mounted in a weather-proof box, legether with the balun.

The writer's balun consists of five turns of twisted pair insulated wire on a large ferrite toroid obtained from a surplus supplier. Any proprietary type designed for the required frequency range and power will, of course, be suitable.

The matching box should be fitted to a short wooden pote set Into the ground, immediately below the centre of the dipole if possible.

Wire of 12swg, or equivalent size flexible wire, is required for the dipole itself. In order to evoid using numerous spacers and excessive tension at the teeder the wire should be very llexible. I used miniature coaxial cable 2:5mm in diameter and a spacing of 120mm. This possesses a plated steel inner conductor and wilf not stretch provided the inner and braid are joined at each end. Only two spacers were necessary.

Any length of low impedance coaxial cable can be used to connect the transmitter or receiver to the antenna matching box.

RESULTS

Actual impedances that will be obtained will no doubt vary between different installations owing to obvious factors such as proximity to buildings and ground conditions. By way of example, here tellow some VSWR measurements taken on the 500hm coaxial cable el my installation:

FREQUENCY (MHZ)	VSWR(e)	VSWR(b)
3.7	1.5	1.5
7-1	1.8	1.0
14-2	3.2	3.2
21.3	2.6	2.5
28-4	3.5	5.0

The value of the capacitance at (a), where the 7MHz VSWR was sacrificed in order to improve the metch et 28MHz, was 45pF. At (b) the capacitance was 50pF.

MAKING THE CAPACITORS

Cut the coaxial cable for the capacitors on the basis of 100pF per metre for 50ohm cable end seal the ends, efter trimming, with self-amalgameting tape. The inner conductor should connect to the teeder and the breid to the batun, which is the low voltage side.

USING 750HM CABLE

Because 750hm coaxial ceble is more reedily eveilable in the UK, some experiments were made to see what chenges would be necessery to adapt the system. As might be expected from looking et Fig 2, a longer section of open-wire leeder is required end slightly less capacitance gave the best compromise VSWR over the bends.

The feeder length is now 12m (39 feet) end the capecitors were each 40pF. On the 80m band, resonance occurs et e tower trequency nearer the band centre. Results of VSWR meesurement referred to 750hms are shown below:

MHZ	VSWR
3.6	1.5
3.7	1.8
7.0	2.0
7-1	1.9
14-0	2.5
14-3	2.6
21-0	1.3
28.0	2.7
28-4	2.2
28-8	1.0
29-0	1.7

In each bend it was possible to dispense with the ATU when using my old valve-type transceiver.

OPERATION ON OTHER BANDS

The entenna will work on the WARC bands (10, 18 and 24MHz), but it does not then present a low VSWR. An ATU would be essentiel, and it would also be necessary to short-circuit the matching cepacitors. Operation on 160m hes not been attempted, but it should be possible provided a suitable foeding inductor is inserted at point X In Fig 4, and adjusted to bring the antenna to resonance in the band.

ANTENNA SUPPORTS

My locat TV aerial erection company was employed to tix a short aluminium pole onto the chimney stack, complete with halyard and back-stay, for e very reasonable price. No difficulty was experienced in obtaining planning consent for the stayed mast which supported the other end of the antenna. The designed height of both supports is 12-2m (40 feet) end tension in the feeder will be correct with a sag of 0-3m (1 loot) at the centre.

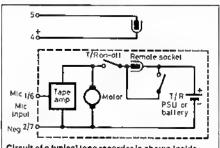
SIMPLE TAPE RECORDER VOX SYSTEM

Derek Alexander, G4GVM describes a circuit which heiped him run tests on mobile systems without wasting tape

A need for this device arose while I was lesting some 144MHz mobile antennas, which included a project to allow a rear window heater element to be used as an antenna (*Radcom* Feb '87 page 106).

Initially, I set up my base station receiver and lape recorder on a little-used channel; off I drove in my car with the mobile rig, gulter mounted 7/8 whip and the antenne under test. The antennes were arranged so that either could be easily and immediately switched into circuit.

Unfortunately, this test programme ete time up – the 45 minute lepe ren out before tests could be completed and there were very long gaps of unused lape. It was obvious that I needed to switch the tape recorder on when modulation was present



Circuit of a typical tope recorder is shown inside the dolled line

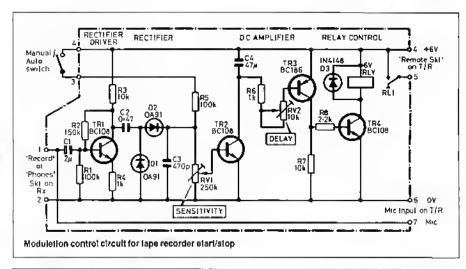


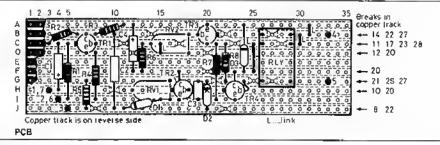
Derek Alexander has been interested in radio ell his life, building his lifst crystel sel aged seven or elght. After pessing through the Royel Military Academy Sandhurst and serving liwelve yeers in the Regular Army, he joined British Relay in 1959.

There he built felevision cable systems in four 'new' lowns and later become General Manager for London and outlying towns. He was a council member of the Cable Television Association and a member of the Builsh Institute of Management.

He was a consultant to British Rait on the subject of early warning systems for track meintenance gangs and a Fellow of the Permanent Wey Institution.

Before laking up emateur radio len years ago, when he became self-employed, his hobby interest lay in radio control of models.





and oll when not. After consulting John Everingham, G4TRN, whose kind advice directed me to look at VOX circuits, I set about modifying such a circuit to solve the problem. I therefore make no cleim of originality in the basic circuit.

I cut out the lirst stage of the design I chose because there was no need for microphone sensitivity levels. The 'record' or 'phones' output level of the receiver was much greater. Moreover, there was no need for the anti-vox section, es no sound is emitted nor is there any means of picking it up!

A separate PSU could, of course, bo used but most lape recorders with a 'remote' socket seem to produce 6V or so on the remote line, and this can be used to power the unit.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

As The diagram shows, the circuit is quite straightforward. One point of note is the long – five second – delay in switching olf. Unlike a VOX circuit, a tape recorder takes time to get going and it it is constantly switching off and on, the result will not be satisfactory.

I have shown e Veroboard layout but minor alterations may be necessary to accommodate components of different sizes. The layout is not critical.

The board can be boxed as a separate unit or conveniently housed within the tape recorder case itself. The only external control needed is the 'manual/auto' switch -- lelf 'on' for normal tape recorder use and 'off' for operation by the audio modulation.

CONCLUSION

With the aid of this device I was able to spread the tests over a full day out, while absorbed in other work. I came home to find each test on the tape at

five second intervals – plus a couple of overs from someone else who happened to be on the channel sometime during the day!

Audio quality lests and comparisons are also faciliteted using the set-up, end it is fun to use. Allow time for the lape recorder to start up before each over, make e clear statement about the antenna or mic being tested, and give your locetion. It may be of interest to others listening on the channel to know what you are doing, so an announcement to that effect every so often with not go amiss – and give you something to talk about, even if only to yoursell

	COMPONENT LIST
	RESISTORS
R4.R6	1k
R8	2k2
R3,R7	10k
R1,R5	100k
R2	150k
	PRESETS
RV2	10k
RV1	250k
	CAPACITORS
C3	470µF
C3	0-47µF
C1 C4	2μF
C4	47µF
	SEMICONDUCTORS
D1,D2	OA91
D3	1N148
TR1,2,4	BC108
TR3	BC186
	MISCELLANEOUS
RLI	6V Relay
SW1	SPDT switch
Veroboerd	
5 Vero plns	
Mic cable	

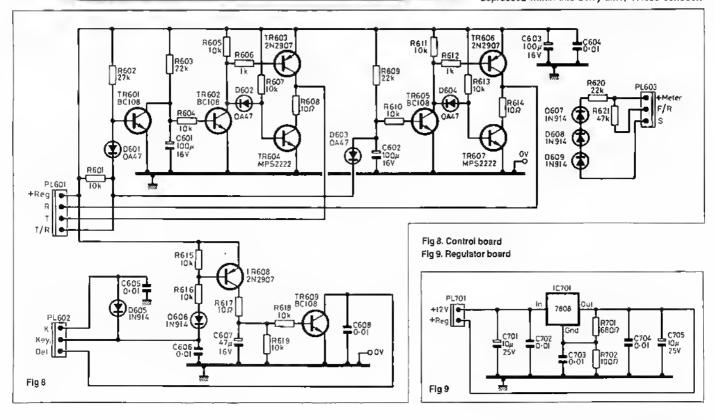
ORTABILITY PART TWO OF G3TXQ'S DESIGN FOR A 3-BAND PORTABLE HF TRANSCEIVER

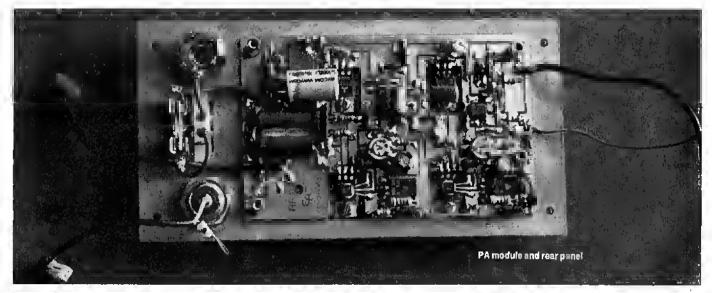


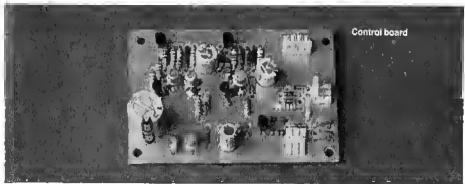
CONTROL BOARD

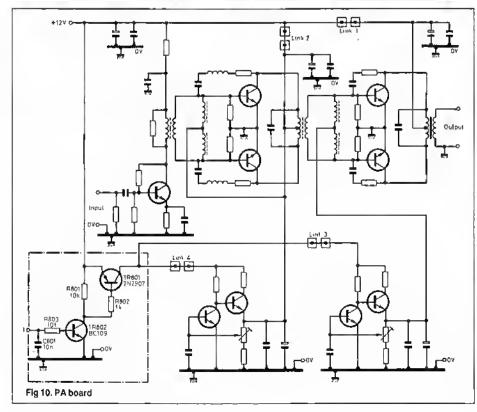
The mein function of the control board (Fig 8) Is to generale the 'T' and 'R' voltages necessary to power the Transmit and Receive circuitry on the remaining boards. When the Transmit/Receive line (T/R) goes low, D601 conducts end TR601 is switched OFF. This turns ON TR602 which pulls the base of TR603 low end power is applied to the T line. When the T/R line goes high, TR605 is ON, TR606 is hard ON, and power is applied to the R line. The inclusion of TR604 and TR607 ensures that when not powered, the T and R lines are grounded, rather than left floeting. The addition of C601 and C602 ensures thet the T and R lines are powered only after a slight deley - this is necessary to prevent the lines being momenterily energised simulteneously (a condition that causes havoc, particularly in the Driver/Preamp board!). The more usual 'emitter-follower' configuration for TR603, TR606 was avoided so as not to incur too great a voltage drop between the regulated supply end T and R lines.

TR608 end TR609 provide a 'semi break-in' tacility on CW. When the KEY line is grounded, the tone oscillelor on the IF/Audio board is keyed directly via D605; TR608 conducts, TR609 is turned ON and the CW T/R line is grounded. When the key is released, TR608 is Jurned OFF and C607 discharges via R619 and R618. Once the vollege on C607 falls below threshold, TR609 turns OFF and the transceiver reverts to Receive. If the key is depressed within this delay time, TR608 conducts









again, C607 charges, end the CW T/R line steys low, keeping the transceiver in Transmit.

On Receive, the AGC voltage from the IF/Audio board is epplied vie dlodes D607 through D609, end R620 to the tront-panel meter. The diodes produce a 1-8V drop which removes most of the olfset on the AGC line caused by the 2V threshold of the IF amplifier ICs. R620 can be changed if necessery to suit the sensitivity of the meter. On Trensmit, either the Forward or Reflected power signal (selected by the tront-panel switch) is applied to the meter vie R621.

REGULATOR BOARD

The Regulator board (Fig 9) supplies a reguleted 9:5V to the majority of the low-power transceiver steges. It provides essential isolation of these stages from changes in the 12V supply caused by variations in current drawn by the PA. The circuit comprises an 8V regulator IC together with a potential divider R701, R702 which sets the output voltage to 9:5V. C701 through C705 are essential to prevent oscillation.

PA BOARD

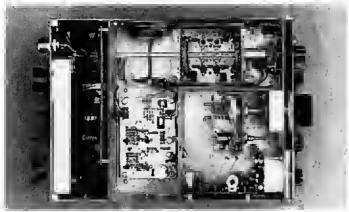
Readers should refer to the literature supplied with the PA kit for a full description of the circuit. The design is modified by the inclusion of the components shown within the dotted area of Fig. 10; these changes enable Tx/Rx switching to be effected without drawing excessive current from the 'T' line. I managed to mount these components on the board in the area around Link 4. PA alignment consists of edjusting the standing current of the Driver and PA stages for 20mA end 100mA respectively under no drive conditions.

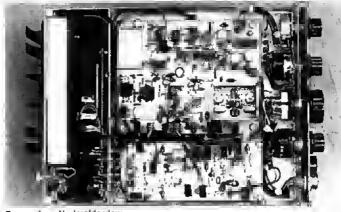
CONSTRUCTION

PCB artwork and component levouls for each board are available from the publications department of the RSGB. All boards are double-sided with continuous copper groundplane on the component side. After etching and drilling, the groundplane is relieved with e spot-cutter or drill around holes where an earth connection is not required. The PCB's should elso be available from us shortly.

The body of the transceiver measures 9" × 7" × 3.5" and is constructed enlirely from double-sided ⊳

G3TXQ TRANSCEIVER





Transcatvar: Top view

Transcelver: Underside view

copper-clad board soldered together as shown in the accompanying photographs. A horizontal screen mounted 2" down divides the front part of the chassis into Iwo sections; the section below the screen contains the IF/Audio and Driver/Preamp boards, while the section above the screen contains the VFO, Band-pass filter and Control boards. The VFO is surrounded by e lurther screen. A vertical screen 2" in from the rear-panel forms a compartment which houses the PA and Low-pass filter boards positioned vertically. The PA transistors are bolted to e substantial heat sink mounted on the rear panel. The small regulator board can be mounted conveniently on the Low-pass lifter board in the space below the filter components. All nonscreened leads from the PA compartment are led through solder in feed through capecitors.

The VFQ tank circuit capacitor and Inductor are mounted on a small bracket wilhin the VFO

compartment. The cepacitor is rotated by a 6:1/36:1 slow motion ball-drive which carries an enalogue dial. All leads into the VFO compartment come via feed through capacitors.

It is important that the band-switch shaft extension protruding into the PA compartment should be made of insulating meterial — a metal shaft here provides coupling for RF energy from the Low-pass filter board back to the bend-pess filters and the tikelihood of oscillation.

Fig 11 shows how the boards are interconnected and wired to chassis-mounted components.

NUSE

Despite the modest power output, the transceiver has provided many contects from /P locations using Inverted v entennas at heights of only 20 feet. I later built a matching ATU/battery-pack

conteining e 5-6Ah dryfit battery, end together the two equipments are e effective /P station.

I deliberately left room in the transceiver for expansion to other bends. This will require the addition of a crystel/mixer board to generate the necessary local oscillator signels, and the addition of eppropriate band pass and low pass filters.

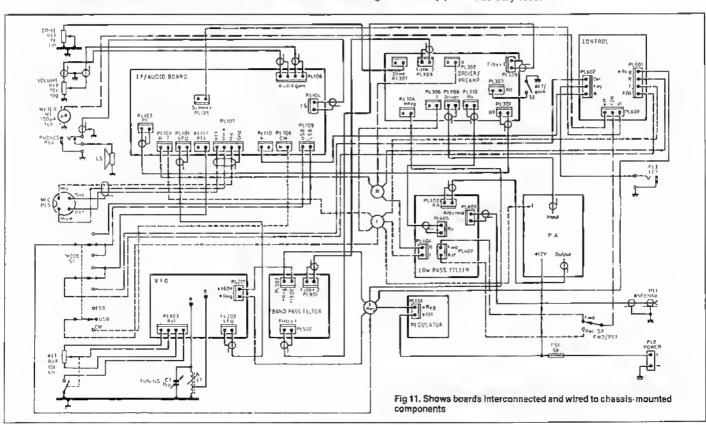
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[2] "A solidstate 30W SSB transceiver for 1-8MHz", M. J. Grierson, G3TSO. Rad. Com. July, August 1985.

[3] "A linear HF power amplifier". Radio & Electronics World, September 1983.

[4] "A general coverage synthesised HF Iransceiver", F Ogden, G4JST. Ham Radio Today, February 1983.



COMPONENTS - IF/AUGIO	BOARD
R101, R106	560
R102	22k
R103, R104, R129, R130	4.7k
R132, R141, R148	
R105	220
R107, R124	47
R108, R109, R153	100
R110, R123	330
R111, R112, R133, R134	10k
R135, R142, R143, R148	IOA
R147	
R113, R128	3-3k
R114, R137, R138, R152	12k
R154	121
R115, R136, R116	100k
R117	2.7k
R118	47k
R119. R120	150
R121	1.0M
R122	820
R125	1·2k
R126	4.7k
R127	220k
R131	82k
R139	180k
R140	
	150k
R144, R157, R158	1k0
R145	56k
R149, R155, R159	27k
R150	390
R151	2k7
R156	270

1	IF/AUOIO	BOARD.
	C101, C106, C111, C117	0.1µF ceramic
ı	C119, C122, C124, C128,	o the estattic
ı	C142, C144, C145, C147,	
ı	C148, C149, C150, C151	
L	C102, C114, C129, C130	100µF 15V atactrolytic
L	C141	TOORF 15V alactrolytic
П	C103, C104, C109, C118	1000=E =====i=
П	C125, C134, C136, C139	1000pF caramic
П		
L	C152, C159, C165, C167	
L		47. E alcotentato
L	C105, C127, C137, C143	47µF electrolytic
ı	C154, C161, C164	99n F ansomin
	C107, C108 C110, C113, C121, C126	22pF ceremic
		0.01µF caramic
	C131, C132, C156, C157 C158, C163	
		400aF ansamin
	C112, C115 C116, C155	100pF caramic
	C120	10µF 15V electrolytic
	C123, C153	0.022µF ceremic
	C133, C135, C138, C162	470pF caramic 2-2uF
	C140, C160	
		1µF elactrolytic
	C166, C173 C168, C169, C171, C172	3-30pF4rimmer
	C146	22pF ceremic
	C146	1µF ceramic

DRIVER/PR	EAMP BOARD
R301,R302	8R2
R303,R310	150
R304,R308,R309,R316	1-5k
R318,R325,R327,R328	
R305,R315,R321,R329	470
R306,R307	4·7k
R311	10k
R312,R323	100
R313	680
R314 R317.R322	3-3k 10
R317,R322	3-3k
R320	560
R324.R326	1.0k
- MET/1000	1-08
C301,C302,C307,C311	0.01 µF ceremic
C315	
C303,C304,C305,C306	0.1 µF ceramic
C308,C309,C312,C314	
C316,C317 C310,C313	0-047μF ceramic
L301,L302,L303,L304	1mH choke
1,6302,6303,6304	TITIE CHOKE
T301 Primary 11, secon	dary 171 tapped at 41, on
	lactrovalua K0038X830)
T302 61 billiar wound or	n farrille core
(Elactrovalue K00	138X830)
D201 D201 D202 D204	1N4007
D301,D301,D303,D304 D305,D306,D307,O308	1N4007
P303,P300,P307, 0308	
TR301,TR302,TR305	BC108
TR303	2N5109
TR304	2N3866
PL301-PL309.PL310	DCB hondom /Eleatrom -II
7 L301 PL309, PL310	PCB headers (Electromail 473-543)
	473-943)

	IF/AUOIO BOARD
L101, L102, L103, L104	3-5 turns on FX1115 lemita bead
L105, L107, L111	
L106, L108, L109, L110	100µH choke
0101, 0102, 0103, D104	BA224 diode
0105, 0106	1N914 mounled
	across R115
D107, D108, D109, O110	1N914
0112	3-9V 250mW zenar
0113	8-2V 250mW zener
D114, D115	1N4007
TR101	J309 FET
TR103, TR108, TR109	2N3819 FET
TR102, TR105, TR106 TR107	BC108
TR104	BF441
IC101	MO108 ring mixer
IC102, IC108	78L06 regulator
IC103, IC104	SL1612
IC105, IC110	SL1641
IC106	LF351
IC107	LM380
IC109	SL6270
IC111	TL084
T101	Primary 2I, secondary 6t
	2007YO DITT X2249 COTO
T1022	Primary 31, secondary 6t
5) 404 V404 V400	28SWG on FX2249 core
FL101, X101, X102	IQD IQXF 90H2-4 crystal
	Mer with matching
P£101 → PL110	carrier crystals
473-543)	PCB headers (Electromail

BANO PASS FILTER BOARD	
C501,C503	330pF ceramic
C502	82pF caramic
C504,C505	470pF ceramic
C506,C508	120pF caremic
C507	27pF caramic
C509,C510	220pF ceramic
C511,C513	15pF ceramic
C512	1p8F caremic
C514,C515	68pF ceramic
L501,L502	8-2µH Toko 119ANA5874HM (Cirkit 35-58741)
L503.L504	5-8µH Toko 113CNK1369HM
	(Cirkli 35-13691)
L505.L506	1-7µH Toko 113KN2K1026HM
	(Cirkii 35-10261)
S501	2-pole, 8-way wefer (Electromail 327-771) 1-pola 3-way used
S502,S503	2-pola, 6-way waler (electromall 327-771) 2-pole 3-way used
PL501-PL503PCB headers (Electromail 473-543)	

COLIED	01 00400
	OL BOARO
R601,R604,R605,R607	10k
R610,R611,R613,R615	
R616,R618,R819	
R602	27k
R603,R609,R620	22k
R606,R612	1k
R608,R614,R617	
R621	47k
C601,C602,C603	100µF 16V electrolytic
C604,C605,C606,C608	0.01µF ceramic
C607	47µF 16V electrolytic
	.,,,
O601,D602,D603,D604	OA47
O605,D606,O607,D608	1N914
Q609	114514
0000	
TR601,TR602,TR605	BC108
TR609	DOIGO
TR603,TR606,TR608	2N0007
TR604.TR607	2N2907
	MPS2222
PL601-PL603	PCB headers
	(Electromail 473-543)

VFO BOARO	VFO BOARO		
R201	47k		
R202, R210	100k		
R203, R213, R214, R216	10k		
R217, R218			
R204	820		
R205	. 1.5k		
R206	12k		
R207	10		
R208	270		
R209	47		
R211, R215	2.7k		
R212	10k Irimpol		

	PA MODULE
R801,R803	10k
R802	1k
C801	10nF
TR801	2N2907
TR802	BC108
All othar components – saa Cirkii Kil (41-00903)	

VFO BOARO		
C201 C202 C203, C207, C208 C204 C205 C206 C209 L201 D201, D203, D204 D202 TR201 TR202, TR203, TR204 TR205 IC201 RL201 PL203	120pF mica 8-2pF ceramic 0-01 µF ceramic 27pF ceramic 0-001 µF ceramic 47µF 10V electrolytic 0-1µF caramic 48 turns, 0.25" diameter former, occupying 0-6" slug tuned 1N914 varactor diode – see lext 2N3819 FET BC 108 78L06 regulator 12V reed relay (Tandy 275-233) PCB haaders (Electromail 473-543)	

KENWOOD TS680

AV1 AV2 AV3	tk lin. pot. (DRIVE) 10k log. pot. (VOLUME) 10k lin. pot. with switch (RIT)
C1	15pF SLC tuning capacitor (Maptin Stock No. FF43W)
£1	30 turns tapped at 7 turns on 0:38" diameter stug-tuned former, 26 SWG occupying 0:625" winding length
S1 S2 S3	3 pote – 3 way rotary switch (MODE) Single pote – double throw toggte switch (FWD/REF) Single pote – On/Ott toggte switch (ATT/AMP)
PL1 PL2 PL3 PL4 PL5	SO239 chassis socket (ANT) 2-pin power socket (POWER) 6mm jack socket (KEY) 3-5mm jack socket (PHONES) 4-pin socket to suit mic. (MtC)
M1	100μA FSD moving-coit meter
SPKA	2" diameter 8ohm speaker
FS1	Fuse holder and 5A luse

CHASSIS

LOW PA	ASS FILTER BOARD
R401,R402	47
R403,R404 R405	4·7k 150
R406,R407	10k
R408	330
R409	47k
R410	2·2k
C401,C403.C405	1500pF mica or polystyrene
C402	3300pF ,,
C404,C406	680pF ,,
C407,C409	220pF ,,
C408 C410	470pF ,,
C411	7-40pF trimmer capacitor 180pF ceramic
C412,C413,C414,	Teopr ceramic
C415	0.01µF ceramic
C416,C417	4 2 pr 00120
C418	47pF ceramic
C419	8p2 ceramic
L401.L402	26I on T68-2 core
L403,L404	19t on T68-2 core
L405,L406	111 on T68-6 core
L407	10) on territe ring core
	(Electrovalue K0038X830)
L408,L409	100µH choke
D401,D402.D403.	
D404	1N914
D405,D406	1N4007
TR401	BC178
TR402	BC108
401,402	2-pole, 6-way waters (Electro-
	mail 327-771) 3 ways used
PL401-PL405	PCB headers

RÉG 8701 8702	ULATOR BOARD	680 100
C701,C705 C702,C703,C704	10μF 25V electrolytic 0-01μF ceramic	
IC701	7808 vottage regulator	
PL701	PCB header (Electromail 473-543)	10

(Electromail 473-543)

Kenwood TS680 Auto Antenna Selector

BILL STIRLING, GM4DGT

Anyone who possesses a Kenwood TS680 will, depending upon his or her tolerance level, be mitdly or very annoyed by the lact that it has only one antenna socket to cover the HF bends end 50MHz. because it involves swapping PL259 plugs each time e band-change occurs. The alternatives are to use a manual change-over switch or a relay operated via a switch, but this is unlikely to be reasonable for prolonged operation on a particular band and group of bands. When it comes to operating cross-band from six to an HF band, unless the signals are strong enough to be reedable on the 50MHz beam, when even then an erroneous signal report will be given, the inconvenience and danger to the rig of inadvertently operating into the wrong entenna becomes apparent.

An examination of the circuit associeted with the control of the Kenwood automatic antenna tuner (AT250) revealed the logic that selects the bands on the AT250. This socket is labelled 'ACC3' on the rig and 'CN26' on the diagram. A simple check with a meter enabled the code in Table 1 to be derived. This then opened the door to automatic antenna selection, es I will describe. Another fact emerged insofar as there is e mistake in the pin assignments on the circuit diagram: pin 7 and pin 8 physically reversed. A corrected pin leyout is shown in the diagram Fig 1. Please not that on No account use this 12V supply for the relay driver circuit, but use the rig's 12V PSU. It was elso necessary to provide e ground line and 5V line to supply the external logic. It seems strenge to me that a pin has not been assigned for zero volts, which means that the AT250 ground will depend on the outer of the coax or a bond between itself end the TS680. The DIN socket does not appear to have a connection to the outer metel sheath either so that it cannot ground this way. No doubt the mystery would be solved should I ever purchase and AT250.

As there are two spare pins on the socket (CN26) I used pin 3 es the ground end pin 6 as the 5V supply. If you are unwilling to use the TS680's 5V line you can ignore this connection end provide your own 5V line taken from the relay supply via e regulator.

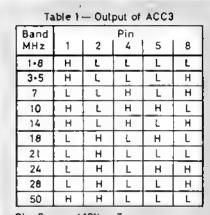
If you only require the 6m to 10m cross-band facility a NAND gate (74LS00) can be used to combine the outputs from pin 1 and pin 2 of CN26

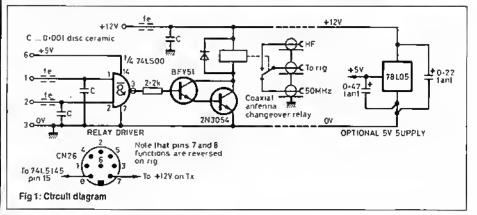
as 50MHz is the only bend where they are at a logic one level. The diagram shows the circuit and the pin connections necessary to drive the NAND gate. The output from this gate drives a BFY51 and 2N3054 in a Darlington configuration which should edequately sink enough current to operate most coaxial relays available. As mentioned eerlier, e separate regulator circuit is shown for those who would prefer not to use the internal 5V from the TS680.

Replacing the diodes end resistor with 2·2k in series is as a saleguard, so that the transistor will switch herd on end also the C·B breakdown in BFY51 will not send +12V back into the Rig vie the 7400.

The use of tiltering on the lines is recommended es I encountered some relay chatter owing to RF pickup. I took the precaution of testing the unit on the bench with just the logic control connected and noted the chetter. The symptoms I experienced mey pertly be due to the tact that I have just moved OTH and the antenna is in e temporary location in the roof space about eight feet above my head, so the RF tield will be particularly strong.

For enyone with e more embitious entenne system, luther perusel of this system using e 74LS145 as shown on the TS680 diegrem (IC2) would enable you to decode the output Into a series of reley drivers to allow eutomatic selection of the appropriate entenne es you changed bend using the 'up' and 'down' switches es intended with the AT250.





Early in 1988, Kenwood introduced two new budget priced HF transceivars onto the market. These were the TS-140S and TS-680S. The TS-140S covers the bands 1-8 to 28MHz with the TS-680S having an extended fraquency range to cover 50MHz. With one small exception, the rigs are almost Identical. Both rigs are 12V operated, include multimode operation and a general coverage receiver.

Now that we have entered a period of sunspot maximum, 50MHz is proving a most interesting band; we can took forward to several years of useful DX propagation. Anyone without 50MHz capability and considering a new HF transceiver is likely to regard the TS-680S as a valid proposition.

PRINCIPAL FEATURES

The TS-680S includes a particularly wide range general coverege receiver tuning 50kHz to 35MHz and 45 to 60MHz. This is wider than the manual quotes although the sensitivity drops off markedly below 200kHz. Transmission is limited to band segments around the amaleur bands. The transmitter nominally runs 100watts output on the HF bands and 10wetts on 50MHz. USB, LSB, CW, AM and FM modes are provided as standard plus nerrow CW with an optional extra filler Installed.

The main tuning knob tunes in 10Hz steps at 10kHz per revolution on SSB/CW and in 100Hz steps at 50kHz per revolution on AM/FM. The tuning rata Increases when the knob is rotated faster than three revolutions per second. An auxiliary small clickstop rolary knob steps in 10kHz intervals on SSB (240kHz per revolution) and also switches between the memories, 31 memories are incorporated storing frequency and mode. Ten of these memories will store separata receive and transmil frequencies for 28MHz repeaters and eleven can be used for programmable band markers. Memory control features include twin VFOs which can be used splil aven for crossband/ crossmode working. Memories and VFOs ara lilhium battery backed to preserve their contents whan the power is switched off. Band and memory scanning is provided with scanning speed selectable from the front panel.

KENWOOD TS-680S TRANSCEIVER

'A useful general purpose HF and 50MHz Transceiver for home, mobile and portable use at an economical price.'

– Peter Hart G3SJX.

A blue fluorescent display provides readout to 10Hz or 190Hz resolution (user seteclabte), RIT offset, memory channel and a variety of annotations. Key presses are confirmed either by beep lones or in morse code eg "U" for USB. Some warning messages are also sent in morse code. For example, if memory scan is initiated on an empty memory "CHECK MEMORY" in full plain language morse is emitted from the foudspeaker! A number of parameters may be setected at power on such as display resolution, AM step size, audible confirmations etc. Numerous user-friendly software enhancements are built-in, some of which will be described later.

Receiver functions include switchable RF amplifier abova 24MHz, attenuator, fast/slow AGC but no AGC off, twin adjustable noise blankers for ignition noise/woodpecker, and RfT. IF shift is included, but not variable bandwidth. This is understandable in a budget-priced rig. IF shift can be accomplished Inexpansively, but variable bandwidth requires a second full-performance SSB filler. Transmitter functions include AF speech processor, full/semi CW break-in, metering of ALC or RF power and Ihermostatically operated fan. Allhough VOX is included in the TS-140S, if is omitted in the TS-680S.

The rear panel carrias connectors for 12V power input, external speaker, key, anlenna and three multi-pin accessory sockets. These accessory connectors provide comprehensive interfacing to linear, audio in/out, packet TNC, T/R switching end external auto-atu. Only one antenna socket is fitted covering both HF and 50MHz – in my opinion a

separete antenna socket for SOMHz would be much more convenient, and coded band data is available on the auto-ATU connector which could be used for remote switching of antennas (see the preceding article – Ed). Another omission is the lack of a transverter-drive capability. This is a pily because if reduces the transceiver's versatility.

Internal options available at extra charge include e narrow CW filter and computer intarface. A wide range of external eccessories are available from Kenwood.

A 44-page instruction menual is provided, common to both the TS-140S and TS-680S. Comprehensive driving instructions are given plus an overview of the circuit operation. Circuit diagrams are provided for the TS-140S but not tha TS-680S.

DESCRIPTION

The TS-680S is a smellish rig meesuring 26-8 (W) by 10-5 (H) by 27cm (D) and weighs 6-1kg. The metalwork and most of the PCBs are common with the TS-140S. As you can see from the photograph, the equipment comprises two hinged units. The upper unit is fully screened and contains the trensmitter power amplifiers with fan blown diecast heatsink, relay switched filter bank and an upwardfacing 8cm diameter speaker. The lower unit comprises two targe circuit boards on either side of a steel chassis. This unit also supports the steaf front panel and PCB, overlaid with a plastic moulding containing the controls and displays.

The receiver is double conversion with IFs of 40-055MHz and 455kHz. The main selectivity is

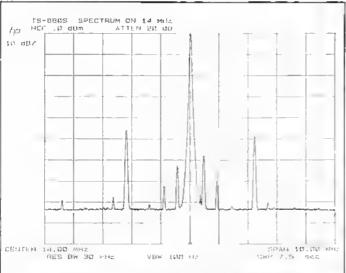


Fig 1. Transmitter output spectrum on 14MHz. Vertical scale 10dB/division. Horizontal scale 1MHz/division.



Fig 6. Interior view of the TS-680S with upper and lower units unhinged.

achieved at the 455kHz IF. On Iransmil, SSB is generated at 455kHz and mixed via 40.055MHz to final frequency. Separate power amplifiers are used for HF and 50MHz; a wideband ferrite transformer-coupled amplifier chain for HF and a hybrid module for 50MHz. The frequency synthesiser section generates all mixer heterodyne frequencies and oscillator sources from a 36MHz reference using four phase locked loops. A single microcontroller is used.

MEASUREMENTS

Measurements were made with the TS-680S powered from the PS-430 PSU. Results of the measurements are provided in the accompanying table. Additional comments are as follows.

RECEIVER MEASUREMENT SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity is very good and outstanding with the preamptifier switched in on 28 and 50MHz.

S METER CALIBRATION

The linearity on SSB is fair, becoming rather optimistic with the preamp switched in. As usual, on FM, the range and linearity are poor.

SPURIOUS REJECTION

Rejection of the 40-055MHz IF and its subharmonics was generally well in excess of 90dB except on 50MHz (54dB). Primary image rejection 80-11MHz above the receive frequency is just adequate.

A secondary image, 910kHz above the receive frequency was obtained on all bands at about 72dB down. This represents the skirt selectivity or leakage around the 40-055MHz IF filter. This level may result in weak spurious signels when receiving LF of strong broadcast stations. Rejection of all other spurious signals was generally good.

AGC PERFORMANCE

The AGC had an abrupt threshold and a very level response above the threshold.

SELECTIVITY

Reciprocal mixing limited measurements to about -60dB. The FM selectivity is too wide for 10kHz channelling on 29MHz.

INTERMOOULATION

The front-end intercept and dynamic range is good although the performance degrades noticeably with the preamp switched in. The close in Intermodulation performance degrades as is normal with up-conversion rigs. The performance is better than the older TS-430S but not as good as the more expensive TS-930S. Inband linearity measured with 200Hz Ione spacing is very poor at around .22d8.

RECIPROCAL MIXING

If was not possible to measure reciprocal mixing within 20kHz of the receive frequency owing to a strange phenomenon which resulted in a raising of the noise floor for interfering signals as low as -80dBm. This is unexplained. Al greater offsels, the reciprocal mixing performance is reasonable for a budget priced receiver.

TRANSMITTER MEASUREMENTS **POWER OUTPUT**

The front panel control will reduce power to below 0.5W output on CW but only down to 10W on SSB. This control is very non-linear. Power output on FM was limited to 50W (12W on 50MHz). The internal power meler was accurate to within 10% across the whole range of power and frequency. This is very good.

TS680S MEASURED PERFORMANCE

RECEIVER MEASUREMENTS

INTERMODULATION

Tone spacing (7MHz band)

5kHz

10kHz

15kHz

20 kHz

S9+60

>25kHz

	Sensitivity	Input	Image
Frequency	SSB 10dBs+n:n		rejection
1-8MHz	0-12µV (-125dBm)	28µV	70dB
3-5MHz	0-11µV (-126dBm)	25µV	78dB
7MHz	0·1µV (-127dBm)	22µV	79dB
10MHz	0-12µV (-125dBm)	28µV	90dB
14MHz	0-1µV (-127dBm)	22µV	82dB
18MHz	0-1µV (-127dBm)	24µV	78dB
21MHz	0-12µV (-125dBm)		72dB
24MHz	0.12µV (-125dBmJ	35µV	81dB
24MHz+pieamp	0-1µV (127dBm)	9μV	
28MHz	0-11µV (-126dBm)	29µV	81dB
28MHz+preamp	0-08µV (-129dBm)	7µV	
50MHz	0-14µV (124dBm)	25µV	62dB
50MHz+preamp	0-07uV (-130dBm)	10µV	

Frequency 1-8MHz 3-5MHz 7MHz	order Intercept +3-5dBm +4dBm +2dBm	dynamic range 93dB 94dB 93dB
14MHz 21MHz	+7dBm +11dBm	96dB 98dB
28MHz	+11dBm	98dB
28MHz+presmp 50MHz	−5dBm −3dBm	90dB 88dB
50MHz+preemp	-10dBm	87dB

3rd

3rd order

Intercept -35dBm

-18dBm

-3dBm

0dBm

+1dBm

32mV

2 Tone

dynamic

range

68dB

80dB

90dB

91-5dB

450µV

(50kHz TONE SPACING)

AM sensitivity (14MHz): 0.64µV for 10dBs+n:n at 30% mod depth FM sensitivity (28 or 50MHz preemp in): 0-14µV for 12dB SINAD 3kHz pk deviation AGC threshold: 0.9µV

100dB above threshold for +1-5dB audio output AGC decay time: 0-1-0-3s (F) 1-3-4s (S)

Max sudio before clipping: 1-4W into 8ohm	iai 1%
distortion	
Inband Intermodulation products: -22 to	-25dB

Frequency Offset	Reciprocei mixing for 3dB noise	Blocking	TX noise wrt carrier in 2-5kHz bendwidth	
SkHz	see text	-37dBm	-78dB	
10kHz	see 1ex1	-37dBm	-88dB	
15kHz	see text	-20dBm		
20kHz	58 e 10 x 1	-7dBm	-95dB	
30kHz	96dB	−5dBm		
50kHz	108dB	−5dBm	103dB	
100kHz	114dB	~5dBm		
200KHz	121dB	-5dBm		

S-READING	INPUT	LEVEL
(14MHz)	SSB	FM
` S1 `	1-1µV	1-3µV
83	1-8µV	1-8µV
S5	3-5µV	2.5µV
\$7	7-7µV	3-5µV
\$9	23µV	5-8µV
\$9+20	370µV	20µV
\$9+40	5-2mV	98uV

SELECTIVITY		BANDWIDT	+-
Response	SSB/CW	AM	FM
6dB	2-28kHz	5-88kHz	9-32kHz
-60dB	3-84kHz	12-78kHz	20-04kHz

TRANSMITTER MEASUREMENTS

	CW power	SSB (pep		Intermodulat	
Frequency	output	output	harmonics	third order	fifth order
1-8MHz	99W	120W	-50dB	-22dB	-40dB
3-5MHz	102W	120W	~56dB	-22dB	−35dB
7MHz	102W	120W	-55dB	-22dB	-32dB
10MHz	101W	120W	-48dB	-15dB	-34dB
14MHz	100W	120W	-58dB	-20dB	-34dB
18MHz	97W	116W	-55dB	-20dB	-35dB
21MHz	96W	112W	-58dB	-20dB	-38dB
24MHz	94W	110W	~58dB	-24dB	-35dB
28MHz	91W	108W	-58dB	-24dB	-34 dB
50MHz	12W	12W	-53dB	-20dB	-40dB

Carrier suppression: -40 to -50d⊞ Sideband suppression: ~60dB at 1kHz Trensmitter noise: see teble ebove Trensmitter AF response at ~6dB: 450-2400Hz (LSB

Transmitter AF distortion: <0.3% up to 100mV input Microphone input sensitivity: 3mV for full output

FM peak deviation: 4kHz T/R switching speed (\$\$B): mute-TX 23ms, TX-mute 10ms, mute-RX 23ms, RX-mute 1ms

Power Into load mismetch: 2:1 VSWR 38-67W, 3:1 VSWR 14-21W

Frequency accuracy (transmit and receive): within 20Hz

NOTE: All signal input voltages given as PD ecross antenna terminal. Unless steted otherwise, all measurements made on SSB. All two-tone transmitter intermodulation products quoted WRT either originaling tone.

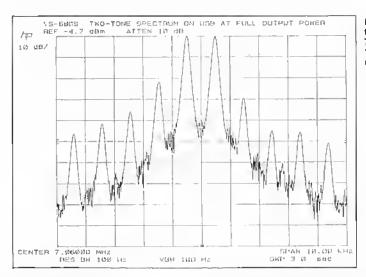


Fig 2. Two-tone trensmitter apectrum on 7MHz. Verticel scele 10d9/division. Horizontal ecale 1kHz/division.

SPURIOUS OUTPUTS

The harmonic output is just about edequete but fhe level of non-harmonically related spurii is excessively high on some bands. The worst band is 14MHz and Fig 1 shows the output spectrum on this band. The lower level close in spurii are el ± 455 kHz and ± 910 kHz.

These appear on most bands and are due to limited slopband attenuation at the 40-055MHz IF.

SSB DISTORTION

The lable shows the power oulpul and distortion obtained using a two-tone signal and driving to maximum power eccording to the manual (top of ALC zone). Intermodulation products were generally on the high side. Higher order products at ±10kHz were -60 to -65dB and at ±20kHz, -70 to -80dB. Fig 2 shows the two-tone spectrum on 7MHz. The speech processor did not change the distortion levels significantly.

CW KEYING PERFORMANCE

Figs 3 and 4 show the CW keying waveform at 40WPM. Fig 3 is for semi break-in and Fig 4 for full break-in operation. Full break-in introduces some shortening and distortion of the cheracter. The rise end fall times are a little fast and could cause minor clicks. Ideally the waveform should be a little more rounded.

OPERATION INTO MISMATCHED LOADS

The power oulput of the transmitter reduces very substantially into quite minor mismatches, more so than other rigs of this type. To achieve full output power, it is necessary for the antenna to have a close match to 500hm or an ATU must be used. This has an important consequence for mobile

Fig 3. CW keying waveform (bottom) and RF envelope (top) at 40wpm in semi break-in mode. Horizontal scale 10ms/division.

operation. Mobile HF antennas do not normally exhibit a very low VSWR and ATUs in the car ere inconvenient. The power output mey be disappointingly low for mobile use.

TRANSMIT-RECEIVE SWITCHING SPEED

Transmil and receive recovery times are just adequate for satisfactory operation on AMTOR and Packet.

ON-THE-AIR PERFORMANCE

The rig was used from the home OTH using the home stellon entennas and also mobile from Devon over the New Year period with e 'G whip' antenna.

The receiver performed well on the higher bands but the attenuator was required most of the time on the LF bands. Even so there were times when the receiver didn't sound as clean es other more expensive rigs. This comment was echoed by several stations worked and is probably due to the poor inband linearity or close in dynamic range. The TS-680S seems to have sold well in the US judging by the number of stations worked who had used this rig and provided useful comments. The noise blankers did not seem that effective and noise blanker 1 (for suppression of Ignifion interference) was perticularly prone to generating added strong signal problems. On SSB, the synthesiser is largely clear of clicks apart from a major 'hole' every 50kHz. By 'hole' I mean the opposite of a click - a momentary silencing of the receiver as the trequency changes through an exact multiple of 50kHz. Slight clicks are audible on AM when tuning through quiet carriers.

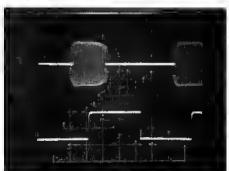


Fig 4. CW keying waveform (bottom) and RF envelope (top) at 40wpm in full break-in mode. Horizontal scale 10 ms/division.

The AM performance on the broadcast bands was good – much better than most rigs in fact. The AM bandwidth was about the optimum compromise between selectivity and audio lidelity. On medium wave AM broadcast, it should be possible to select 9kHz instead of 10kHz step size on the auxiliary clickstop tuning knob. (9kHz is the European channel spacing on medium weve). This lecture did not function. With the recent high level of sunspot activity, the extended coverage of the receiver to 35MHz yielded some interesting transmissions from the meny end the various US utilities (fire brigade, lexi, police etc).

On Iransmil, reports on the SSB audio quality were good and particularly fevoureble with the eudio processor switched in. On CW, key clicks were just audible. I did not like the full break-in performance. The receiver recovery was too loud between characters, overriding the sidefone. As the antenna match departed Irom 50ohms, the trensmit power decreased rapidly, confirming the meesurements. I could only obtain 30W when

operating mobile.

In general, the Iransceiver was easy to use and the controls well positioned. My only adverse comment relates to the row of pushbutions along the bottom of the panel - it's a liftle cilficult to determine when these ere pushed in or not. The lan is exceptionally quiel. Very user friendly software is built in including numerous little niceties such as auto selection of preferred sideband (USB above 9-5MHz, LSB below), skipping of emply memories, alarm messeges etc. One of the most useful controis is the auxiliary clickstop luning knob (M.CH/ VFO CH). This enables rapid changes in frequency to be achieved across large sections of the bands. Engineered as en economy rig, some of the Irills of Its more expensive relatives heve been omitted. Some may miss the VOX bul I never use this function. Perhaps the only omission which I really missed is a good IF notch filter, which I think would come in handy.

The review Transceiver was not littled with the narrow CW filter which really is essential for serious CW operation. As supplied from the factory, the external control relay is not activated. If an external linear is to be used, the case must be removed and an internal slide switch sel to the 'ON' position. This is fully described in the manual.

VERDICT

The TS 680S is a useful general purpose HF and 50MHz fransceiver for home, mobile and portable use at an economical price. The TS 140S is similar but does not cover 50MHz. For the price, the performance is reasonable and can be thoroughly recommended. However, for demanding applications such as DX working on the LF bands, the close-in strong signal performance does not match up to its more expensive relations.

PRICES

Typical prices current in January 1989 were £985 for the TS-680S and £862 for the TS-140S. In addition, for home station use, a 12V power supply is required. The matching PS-430 costs £173. All prices include VAT

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to thank Lowe Electronics of Mallock for the loan of the equipment, and the many stations worked who provided comments.

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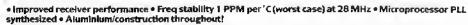
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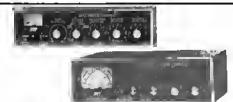
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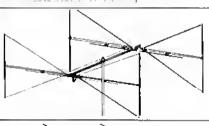




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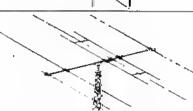
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Dalong Ranga AD370 Outdoor Active Anjanna	269.00
AD270 Indoor Active Anlenna	
AR900 UK Hand Hold Receiver	
D70 Morse Tulor	100.30
MFJ Accessories Range	
MFJ1701 6 way Anlenna switch	
MFJ910 Mobile Matching Unit	£20.42
MFJ300 wall dummy load	£28.35
MFJRF Noise Bridge	£63.10
	05730
melai	€57.32
Dalwa	014.00
CS201 2 way Ani Switch CS4 4 way Ani Switch BNC Sockals	£14.00,
NS660P I.8-150MHz + PEP Moler	£30.39 £115.00
	1.115.00
Rolators	
GS400	
GS400C	
GS600C	1219.00
Daiwa MR 750E	
CDE AR40	£188.72
Power Supplies	
PS120M 3-I5V variable 12AMP max	
PS30MX 30AMP PSJ	£129,50
Stockist for Heil microphones, Mulage amphilia	e Global
Publications by RSGB and ARRL.	G, SIODEL
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lor this or any information.	JUNE ONE
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ALPHA range of linears now available Full size GSRV Antenna...... Hall siza GSRV Antenna....

AMATEUR RADIO AWARDS BOOK

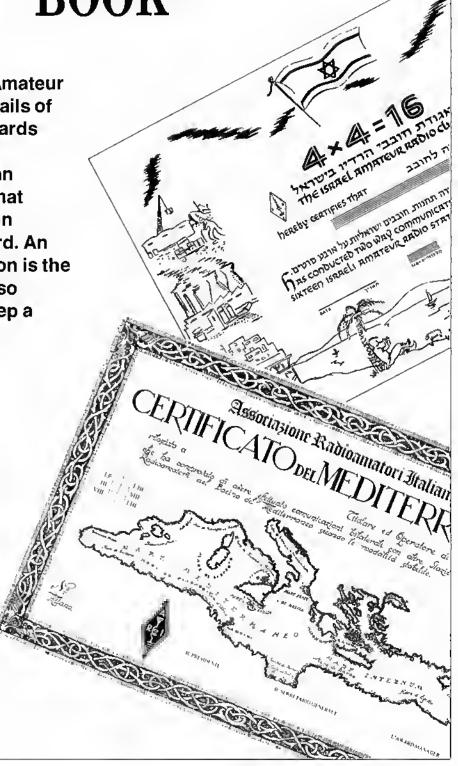
THIS NEW EDITION of Amateur Radio Awards gives details of major radio amateur awards throughout the world. Each award is listed in an easy to understand format giving full information on how to achieve the award. An innovation for this edition is the provision of checklists so that the amateur can keep a record of progress.

This book is essential reading for the avid award hunter and the DX chaser alike.

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AMATEUR TV

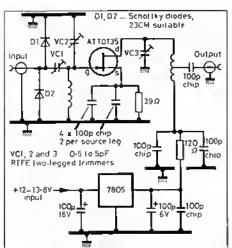
MIKE SANDERS GBLES

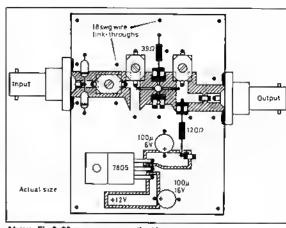
39 Telegraph Lane, Four Marks, Alton, Hants GU34 2NJ

Two communications have come in from the Severnside Television Group, the subjects of which occupy a mejor segment of this month's column. If nothing else, this goes to prove that if you send information in, you will be featured!

SEVERNSIDE ATV GROUP

The Bristol Group, known more specificelly as the Servernside Television Group, is a friendly social group that supports its local repeater GB3ZZ. They run a newsletter, which Interestingly this month carries edvertisements for e couple of items which could well get interested but poverty-stricken emeteurs up end running. One is a 23cm serial that gives 10dB of gain over the 23cm band. This performence can be ettributed mainly to the construction using TV eerial size elements - It looks pretty chunky on 23. The price of £14 plus postage is extremely cheap. Contect G8VPG or G4YQR, Then there ere some secondhand satellite receivers at £40. These cover 950 to 1750 MHz and so work on 23cm. They will not be as sensitive as an emateuronly receiver, as they are designed to demodulale broedcest broedbend wide deviation transmissions. The output video will therefore be lower than one volt, and turning this level up will increase the background noise. They ere, however, very good at





Abova: Fig 2, 23cm preamp practical layout. Left: Fig 1, 23cm preamp circuit diagram.

producing celeur and sound on e weak grede. Compered with e good amateur receiver receiving a P2, it will just produce a detectable picture. The input noise figure is eround 8dB and so e preamp is essential for 23cm use. If e dish and an LNB are edded to the receiver you find yourself with a satellite system. Supplies of this item don't eppear frequently, so contact the club to reserve one.

23CM PREAMP

Above Is the circuit end practicet layout using the Avantek AT10135 GaAs FET, available from Bonex. It's very simple end, provided 23cm constructional techniques ere employed, yields a considerable improvement over bipolar devices.

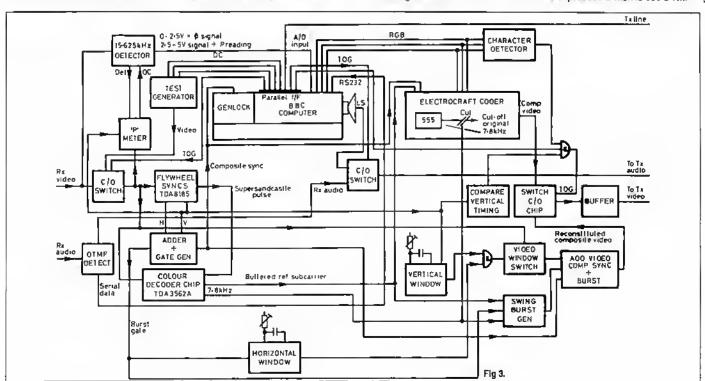
THE BRISTOL RALLY

The Servemside Television Group put on a display at the Bristol radio rally on 18 September, the organising club was the South Bristol ARC. Their obvious recourse was to display the Bristol TV repeater at the rally, end this went ahead. Brunel Old Station at Temple Meads was the location: G1IXF and G7CAR covered the installation, but net without difficulties. Murphy get to the ladder end made it too short. Luckily another was procured, and it reached the roof! A JVL 28 element eerial was installed up there, producing a P5 picture on the display stend. With a total of 800 visitors il was a very successful day; lopped with new recruits to the society from visiting emateurs.

The group also put in an entry for the September ATV contest. This involved borrowing e 75 fool trailer winch-up mest to make aeriel erection on site very easy. The mast sported broken elevation wires, which meant that the usual conditions of loan prevailed: you fix it end you can borrow it. The scores were higher than previously recorded owing to enhanced conditions, but as I found they elso reported a drop in conditions on Sunday, with some rain.

REPEATERS AND LINKS

This same group has elso written to me concerning its scheme for a genlocked BBC computer which will form part of its Mark 2 repeater. They have expressed a wish to use DTMF



SATELLITES

tones to access special test pages; we clearly need a national standard for lhese as it is by this method that link instructions can be issued. Maybe we could apply single numbers for local working and three-figure numbers for remote operation. Are there any practical ideas on this topic out there?

I have drawn up an outline of a typical system, in block form, Fig 3, which elso includes the P meter circuit and signal reprocessing. It would be a miracle if the first shot at this is correct so do look over the diagram perhaps offer constructive criticism on ways to improve the concept.

Full use is made of the computer interfaces of RGB, A to D, Serial and Parallel. Computer characters are detected at RGB but are only switched through to the TX video when the eppropriate parallel interlace bit is set. The P meler output is added to the DC level from the 15-625kHz delector so Ihat a level below 2.5 volts registers as no input signal, but levets above that are detected as P meter reading values. The incoming video locks the locally generated sync and burst generators for a clean output signal. These are also used to tock up the colour coder. The incoming viewable picture area is the remaining pert of the signal that has to go through as received. It is, however, gated so that il does not add noise to the locally generated syncs or burst.

DTMF lones on the audio channel are delected and either cause a lest page to be displayed for a predetermined time or go through to the output to set up a link chain. Apart from two antennas and feeders, standard home stations are used for the links. These emptoy a receiver, transmitter and a 4-way N type relay system which turns the system round so that the transmitter and receiver are now connected to each other's

original antenna. Towards the end of last year. Hastings Repealer Group announced that their TV repeater, GB3VI, was operational with just 1 watt of output, bul a 15 watt amplitier is now being built by Mick, G4PRJ, to boost the signal, GB3VI transmits on 1311-5MHz (input 1276-5MHz), and the group was offering prospective viewers a kit of parts for a simple down-converter which they could build et home. The group is part of the Hastings Electronics and Radio Club, one of the best organised and supported clubs in the country. Wanting to instal a 10-metre repeater, an application was submitted to DTI. who replied that the Licensing Authority was not ready to approve repeaters in this band, other recent applications having also been relused. Hon Treasurer of the group is G4CLV, OTHR. (G8VR)

RON BROADBENT G3AAJ

94 Herongale Road, Wanslead Park, London E12 5EQ, 01-989 6741

As we speculated in the tast issue, Rad Com is about to get a new took, and the Editor has decreed that my monthly writings should concentrate on past events and useful data, leaving the forthcoming events to the News Bulletin section of your favourite radio magazine.

To someone who is with another cap on his head, trying to give up-tothe minute goings on in the satellite world, this will be a lough lask, Moreover, there are some events which must be put into the body of the magazine so that anyone who wants to refer to dates, limes, end lables can locate them straight away. With this in mind I shall still place such things es mode changes and MA times in this column. One such is the OSCAR 13 Transponder Schedule from March 13 until May 3, 1989, as follows: Mode B From MA 100 until MA 150 Mode JL From MA 150 until MA 210 Mode 8 From MA 210 until MA 000 Mode OFF From MA 000 until MA 100

AO-13 will be Magnetorqued to the new position because of decreasing sun angles on the Solar cells. The reposition and above schedule should enable the baltery and energy conditions to be kept stable. At the time of writing (Jan) the Mode S transponder had still not been put into general use. However, it may have been on for short periods by the time you read this, Certainly there was a growing band of enthusiastic satellile folk who were just gelting lo grips with the S-Band mode and encouraging others to have a try, when silenced by the long switchoff. Let's hope that a little more time

is given to this, plus the L-Mode in months to come. At least this will perhaps enable some UK amaleurs to design, build and then publish their findings so that we can all benefit.

WRITERS REQUIRED

There appears, to a few of us, to be a great gulf between the amount of technical writing done for the 'student' and for the highly technical amongst our ranks. I am sure that there must be dozens of amaleurs out there who have e couple of original thoughts and who simply do not spread them around. Why is this? Is it because they want peying for everything they do? That they cannot write? Or are just so wrapped up in their own thoughts that it never occurs to them to put a few words on paper for us lesser mertals to read? Think about that for a while when you are on your way to work.

I'll offer a challenge. Send your words to whatever magazine you wish, if you don't get an answer in two weeks send it fo 'OSCAR NEWS' c/o the above address. This, of course, applies only to satellite subjects, you will at least get an answer by return of post. Mind you, you will not be paid for your work, you only get the glory, and your name in Lights.

OSCAR 10

I have been asked by a lew readers to include the small chart that Bob, G41QQ, used to place in these pages which depicted where Oscar 10 was going to be in view during the coming month. I have asked Bob Phillips for his IBM programme for Ihis job, and he has promised to send it in a few days. Unfortunately, unless I get a bit of extra lime, I will not be able to place

it here this month. I will have a go for the next issue for Oscar 13. I digress.

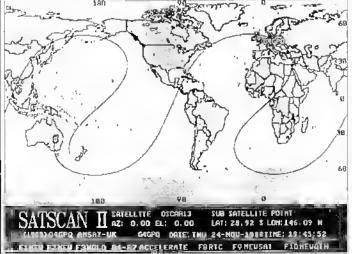
UOSAT-D/E SATELLITES

A mass of work has been conducted on the UOSAT-D and E satellites being designed and built et University of Surrey under the team leadership of Dr Martin Sweeting, G3YJO. Readers will remember that UOSAT D and E form part of the payload on Ariane. They will be placed, with four Amsat-NA Microsals, underneath the primary SPOT-2 payload on the July 1989 Ariane mission from Devils Island.

amaleur radio store and lorward communications transponders, devices to sludy orbital rediation, end development of low cost CCD earth Imagery experiments. Martin, G3YJO lells me that he has already made a visit to the Ariane space faunch sile at Kourou and were able to discuss interfacing end technical procedures with the Ariane and SPOT leams working on that site.

The most difficult problem so lar encountered is the laying down of the Kapton insulating layer between the aluminium skin of the solar array panel and the GaAs solar cells. These difficulties have been solved but the adhesive has caused problems during extreme thermal vacuum tests. Seems I've heard that before; prior to the first Shuttle llight they had problems getting the outer tiles to slay on during vacuum testing. In fact, it my memory serves me well, some of those same liles came off during that flight.

Perhaps readers should also note that because of the amount of work needed to be actioned at Surrey UOSAT office, untit after the launch all information will come as news releases via Oscar News and the UOSAT Bulletin on 145-825MHz, as and when necessary. As with all amateur radio satellite builders you just cannot build the satellite(s) and speak to every Tom, Dick and Harry who wants to get into the acl every day of the week, there is not enough time or staff to do so. Mind you, Il any organisation wants to put their hand in their pockets to the tune of a couple of hundred thousand pounds, we can arrange a visit, and perhaps a few minutes of a basic four of the labs. All applications to AMSAT-UK, with cheque book in hand, will be gratefully received.



OSCAR 13 Ground Track as depicted on new AMSAT-UK software.

AMSAT-UK COLLOQUIUM

Speaking of the University of Surrey reminds me that I wrote of the AMSAT-UK Colloquium in the last issue. This is to be held during the last weekend in July 1989. Booking forms

will be available to anyone who wants to attend from April onwards via AMSAT-UK and RSGB. By now I shall have made final arrangements, on behalf of the RSGB, to hold the Second DATA Symposium in all probability at the same place, at the same time and in conjunction with the Collequium. Owing to circumstances too complicied, and too personal to air, we lost out on the Harrow School venue for the Dala do this year, although I completed arrangements in September 1988. However, tooking at the allendance records of both events in 1988 (as I was in some small way involved), it was evident that 50% of the folk at the Data Symposium were also part of the AMSAT-UK Colloquium. As we at the Colloquium put on a goodly section of Dala Communication lalks, and my ears were listening to altendees at Surrey lalking Packet Radio as well as Salellites, it appears to a few of us to be a good idea.

Now comes your part. As of now we wani you to tell us that you are keen on the idea and will attend, replies to RSGB or AMSAT-UK (and overseas readers, to your own National Society's HQ or AMSAT Groups). There will be special Irevel arrangements, accommodation cheaper than local hotels, and it will run from Thursday to Sunday 27/30 July 1989. Book your holidays around thei date, get a gang together from your local club, hire a coach and come along. An all-in package will be available from RSGB and AMSAT-UK towards the end of April. There will be daily as well as complete packages. There's no entrance without booking

Incidently, The Papers of the 1988 AMSAT-UK Colloquium are still available from me at a very reasonable cost. If you want to know some technical details of things satellite, and store and forward packet satellite workings, this is the set of

papers to get hold of. We will also be printing the 1989 papers as well, prior to the event, and this should also be a winner.

As last year, we also let out the fover of the lecture halls at the U of S to traders who have any goods which are salellile orientaled. The cost of hire is minimal if you are paying to attend the meetings, and reasonable even if you do not want to altend the lectures. Demonstrations of members' equipment on data and satellites is encouraged, and a space will be made available if due notice is given (at no cost) if you are also allending the lectures.

JAS-1B

This second amaleur radio satellite by JARL/JAMSAT team is to be launched piggyback with the MOS-1B mission during the winter of 1989/90. date is as yel not known. This clone of FUJI will have higher capacity solar cells than JAS-1 and a new antenna system. No doubt the design learn in Japan will also take some notice of the lessons leaml by the not-100% performance of JAS-1. To my mind it is all very well saying, two years later, that the system was not a 'full success' but hundreds of the world's satellite folk spent a lot of wasted hours with no information on switch ON fimes. Perhaps JARL will not only budget for the engineering, but budget for information to be sent around the world about modes. Ilmes, and on/off dates. This is best done via AMSAT groups, not national societies who usually have a slow response time for this kind of input. I am possibly sticking my neck out, but AMSAT groups get salellite information to the satellite gang in there own country in hours, not days. Mind you, to be fair to our friends in JARL, they are membars of AMSAT UK and I do get a fax every time there is a new operation

schedule for Fuji, this is instant, and appreciated. At the time of writing it is loo early to expect the March schedule, so it will be in the News section and on AMSAT Nets.

I wish to repeal my offer to those who cannot find their chosen satellite during the days when they can operate. For less than 2p per day anyone can have a regular supply of up to the minute pass limes of all amateur radio satellites. II's called the 'Orbital Calendar' and is available from the above address It is published every two months. Work it out - 60 days times 2p then send for a copy.

MIR

As I suggested before Christmas, there appears to be no Amaleur radio adivity from MIR (since 23 December 1988), Having said Ihal, There was a short sharp burst of activity on 28 Dec. All has been quiel up to this date. My old friend Chris van de Berg in the Netherlands, who listens to the Russian speech nearly every day on their command channels, tells me that there appears to be no sign of a repeal Ham QSO in the foreseeable future. Perhaps the reason is that there is no licensed amafeur up Ihere now, Our apologies for the various errors in February's column under my name, There were generated after leaving my hands and not under RSGB control prior to printing.

That's all folks, by the time you read this Oscar 10 will have gone into Eclipse, and perhaps come out again. If so, listen to the recommendations of the command stafions, keep power down, and see if we can nurse the old girl info another twelve months of service. I certainly have had more fun on AO 10 over the last few weeks than on AO-13. G3AAJ.

BOB TREACHER BRS32525

93 Elibank Road, Eliham, London SE9 1QJ

My plans for this column have been changed somewhal from whal was said at the end of fast month's column. Information on the Belgian SWL's had not materialised at the time of writing this piece, while I have decided to hold over the DX-TV piece until next menth.

ANTENNA SLOT -- INVERTED **VEES REVISITED**

G5WW look the time to wrife regarding the December 'Antenna Slot'. He has some well found views to offer.

G5WW was professionally concerned with these antennas a few years ago, it seems that the inverted Vee had some attractions for tactical military use, but that little was really known about its performance. To find ouf what happened, measurements were taken and the following interesting facts emerged: (1) There was little difference in the

shape of the broadside poler diagram between the Inverted Vee and a normal dipole. (2) The inverted Vee radiated

predominantly from the ends and was shown to be about 4dB down on the broadside direction of a normal dipole. (3) It has extremely good end fire low angle radiation and produces a good groundwave in Those directions. (4) The inverted Vee may be considered as an omni-directional aerial but with little reception below 20 degrees in the broadside plane.

The above assumes an apex height of 0.275), and the legs drooped at 45 degrees. As the angle of droop is decreased, the gain and polar diagram approximate more nearly to a conventional dipole. All this proves that It is a useful omni directional device with excellent end fire low angle performance, but the same as a conventional dipole broadside on and some 4dB down.

It is, of course, a single frequency device, but it can be cut for a number of frequencies with insulators and shorting links Inserted at appropriate places. All shorting links not in use should be left open circuit as unbroken wire adjacent to the ends of a dipole will affect both the polar diagram and impedence; such an arrangement can only be at the correct height for one frequency.

G5WW fell that the arrangement showed in 'Anlenna Slot' in November was to be preferred and he suggests That this could be drooped to suit the site arrangements and that slotted 300ohm ribbon feeder could be used. He further suggests that if any SWL wants a really versalile 'droopy'



antenna, the G5RV's dimensions drooped to suit the site arrangements (ie no particular angle) with about 30tt of slotted ribbon extended with 50ohm coax to the receiver would perform well

I am delighted that Paul took the frouble to pass on these useful views, he always reads this piece and remembers his SWL days as BRS869. Paul also OSL's all SWL reports and even remembered the one I sent him. in 1969!

VHF SWL EVENTS IN 1989

Last month I promised a look at VHF events this year for the SWL.

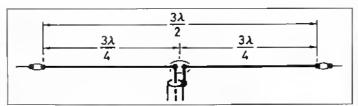
I am pleased to say that the number of RSGB contests with SWL sections has been increased this year. Please refer to the Contest Calendar for dales.

It would be a bonus if this year's VHF events were even better supported than last year's. Why not 'have a go' at wide range of books which cater for all some of the avents. It does not matter about the size of the submitted score, simply entering would encourage the VHF Contests Committee to Include yet further sections for the SWL.

The general rules which SWL's should follow in these contests were published in January's Contest News (page 62). Please follow them, and the individual contest rules, carefully, Best of luck and let us hope for far better conditions in 1989 than we experienced in 1988!

NEWS FROM INTERBOOKS

Listeners will remember me referring to the 'Interbooks' catalogue last year. They have moved QTH to 8 Abbol Sireel, Perth, PH2 0EB and are offering 1989 editions of some of their publications. The company have a



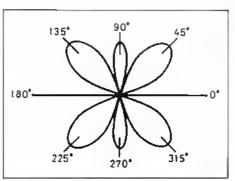


Fig 1. 3/2-wave antenna. Fig 2. Sensitivity pattern with additional 1/4 wava,

facets of the SWL hobby. A few examples include '99 Nights on Medium Wave', 'Gelting the most from your Mullimeter', 'Scanners', 'Secrets of Successful QSL'ing', and the ever popular 'World Radio and TV Handbook'. Send for a list of publications and see for yourself what is on offer.

ANTENNA SLOT - THE 1.5). DIPOLE

For SWL's with e 'largish' back garden, the long wire antenna can be used with good effect. 1-5), can be used in a number of configurations, including a vee, inverted vee, a tilted 3/2-wave and a multi-band version. Let us consider the 3/2-wave here.

Antennas can be resonaled to a

specific frequency by making their overall electrical fength a whole multiple of a half wavelength, and there is a rise in the amount of gain with each half-wave addition. Figure 1 shows a 3/2-wave antenna with each leg 3/4-wave long. This astablishes a low-impedance feed point at the centre. The sensitivity pattern with this additional 1/4 wave (at Figure 2) shows that two additional lobes have been added compared with the 'figure of eight' pattern of a half-wave dipole. Mathematically, a 3/4 wavelength on the 21MHz band would be

$$3/4 \cdot \text{wave} = \frac{738}{21 \cdot 2} = 34.8 \text{ ff}$$

Overall length of a 3/2-wave antenna would then be just under 70ft.

The horizontal sensitivity lobe of a 1.5λ, dipole can be oriented in favoured directions by choosing the proper angle for running the antenna wire. Assuming north as 0 degrees, the approximate angles of the lobes of a 3/2-wave antenna would be 45, 90, 135, 225, 270 and 315 degrees. The 90 and 270 degree lobes should be somewhat weaker and narrower Ihan the four cloverleaf lobes.

With such an anlenna erected in Britain and running approximately 100-280 degrees it would give favourable results at about 55, 145, 235 and 325 degrees which would equate roughly with North and South America, the Far East and Africa, For good low-angle sensitivity, the antenna should be mounted between 0.5 and 1.0 wavelength above ground.

Next month, I shall take a look at a Vee-Beam and the Rhombic. If any SWL has their own pel antenna he or she would like me to feature in this series of articles, please drop me a line with full details.

VHF AWARDS

Ian, G4QUT, our new VHF Awards Manager, wrote to me to ancourage claims from SWLs for the Socialy's range of VHF awards, Ian will ensurathat beller publicity is given to these awards as he faels that there are many listeners who send cards to amaleurs heard on VHF. The certificates are very attractive, aspecially the 'Squares' cartificates and are free to Society members, Last year Iwo Square Awards were issued lo myself and my XYL, Joan, BRS62088, so it isn't that difficult. The rules are simple and a high QSL card count is not demanded to claim the basic awards.

Recently lan has sent a number of conlest certificates to listeners and hopes that participation by SWLs in the year's UHF/VHF contests will reach an all-lime high. In the past few years, the same listeners have entered the Society's contests and it is fime for some new blood.

On a personal point, G4OUT is keen to receive listener reports and often provides loken gifts to the senders of the more informative reports he receives by way of encouragement.

Once again I have probably over run, but it is pleasing to note that with

FINALE

Once again I have probably over run, but it is pleasing to note that with the extra space allocated to the column. the number of contributors has trebled in recent months, I will keep the plans for next month's column under wraps, so remamber to send me your news, views, antenna ideas, lable scores to reach me by 7th March.

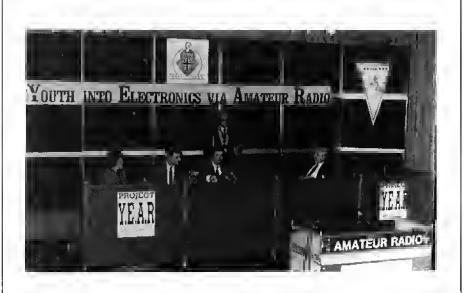


The shack of Joan Stater BR90400 showing HF-125 receiver and several ewards.

THE SOCIETY'S ANNUAL MEETING

10 DECEMBER 1988 AT UMIST, MANCHESTER

The meeting was officially opened by the President, Sir Richard Davies, G2XM, who expressed his pleasure at the very good attendance to this, the first RSGB AGM to be held outside London. He explained that the afternoon's proceedings were to consist of two meetings: first the official Annual General Meeting which would deal with the business of the Society as required by the Company's Act, followed by an open meeting which would give members an opportunity to raise any amateur radio matter. Sir Richard informed the meeting that an official audio tape recording was being made of the proceedings and this would be available to anyone who wished to purchase a copy from the Society.



MINUTES OF THE 62nd ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF RSGB

Sir Richard introduced to the meeting the officials who were seated with him on the rostrum. These were Mrs Joan Heathershaw, G4CHH, Immediate Past Preaident; Dr Julian Gannaway, G3YGF, Executive Vice President and President-Elect; David Evans, G3OUF, the Society's Secretary; Basil O'Brien, G2AMV, Honorary Treasurer; and Willie McClintock, G3VPK, Chairman of the Finance & Staff Committee and a Past Preaident of the Society. Council Members present at the meeting were then asked to identify themselves. Apologies for absence from the meeting were noted from Messrs Smith, G4AJJ; Fisher, G3WSN; Broadbent, G3AAJ; Butcher, G3FSN; Jessop, G6JP; Winchcombe, G6ZH; Hughes, G3GVV; Paul, G3AUB and Thornley, G1NUS.

The President announced that more than 50 members were present. This was the number required to constitute a forum at the Society's annual meeting. (It was later recorded that some 290 members were present.)

The Secretary then read the notice convening the meeting, circulated to members with the November issue of Radio Communication.

The President drew members' attention to the first agenda item which was to receive and consider the minutes of the 61st AGM, eirculated with the May 1988 issue of Radio Communication. No written comment on the minutes had been received and none was raised at the meeting.

The President then proceeded to agenda item two, which was to receive and consider the accounts of the year ended 30 June 1988 and the reports of the Council and the auditors thereon. Sir Richard called upon Mr McClintock, G3VPK, to read the auditors' report for the year ended June 1988. This certified the auditors' satisfaction with the accounts and their compliance with the Company's Act 1985.

The auditors' report having been read, the President called upon Mr O'Brien, G2AMV, to present and discuss the accounts for the 1987/88 financial year.

Mr O'Brien spoke of Council's concern, which he shared, that the accounts showed a deficit of £5,599. He drew members' attention to a statement in the accounts which, he felt, summed up the situation:

"Valiant efforts were made by HQ staff and by Council, which resulted in a saving of some £68,000." Mr O'Brien explained that the significant factors were falls in advertising revenue and booksales, which were disappointing, although both showed an improvement on the previous year's figures. Mr O'Brien assured the meeting that positive steps were being taken towards further improvement in these areas. He added that

the task of preparing the budget for the coming year had been more difficult than usual. This was due to the launching of Project Y.E.A.R., the 75th Anniversary and the unpredictable result of the lottery. Mr O'Brien spoke of the increasing value of the substantial Headquarters property at Potters Bar, Mr O'Brien closed his report by stating that, taking into account the reduced subscription rates of students and senior citizens, the average UK subscription to the Society was £17.75, which, when compared with the cost of commercial amateur radio magazines, meant that the vast range of RSGB services was available to members of the Society at a bargain price!

A written question on the accounts had been received from Mr Mansfield, G2SP. This related to the costs of council and regional meetings. In his reply, the Hon. Treasurer explained that the figure given in the accounts for committees, council and regional costs included overhead costs not attributable to a specific committee, such as the cost of the AGM, election printing and stationery, Presidential expenses etc. Mr Mansfield asked if a breakdown of these items could be given in future, Mr O'Brien replied that the accounts would run to many pages if each item were noted individually. However, consideration would be given to providing a hreakdown of some of the larger items.

Mr O'Brien then answered several general questions relating to the accounts and membership figures.

The Secretary stated that, as quoted in the Annual Report, there was a reduction of 0.86% in the membership during the year under review.

Mr Mansfield, G2SP, had submitted a written question in which he noted that the DTI was issuing an increasing number of licences and he wondered if Council had considered why the Society was losing its 'market share'.

In response, the Secretary pointed out that the Society's membership consisted not only of licensed amateurs, but also included shortwave listeners. Mr Evans said that another significant factor was that a percentage of members were lost whenever the rise in inflation forced an increase in subscription rates. He added that there was a possibility that new licensees considered it less necessary to join their national society. Mr Evans hoped that every member would try to convince new licensees that this was not the case.

Mr Evans then replied to several more questions from the floor. These related to travel and subsistence allowances, book sales and 75th anniversary costs and Project Y.E.A.R. The President then moved to item three of the agenda, which was to announce the names of members to serve on Council for 1989. He announced the results of the recent Council election, declaring that Mr G Benbow, G3HB; Mrs M H Claytonsmith, G4JKS; Mr A A McKenzie, G3OSS; Mr N F O'Brien, G3LP, and Mr F S G Rose, G2DRT, had been elected as Ordinary Members of Council. In the zonal elections, Mr J Green-



well, G3AEZ, had been elected for Zone C, Mr F Hall, GM8BZX, had been elected for Zone G and Messrs P Chadwick, G3RZP, and E J Case, GW4HWR, were elected unopposed for Zones D and E, respectively. Sir Richard read the complete list of names of Council Members to serve for 1989.

The President then formally thanked the election scrutineers for their work. This year's team comprised G6JJ, to whom special thanks were expressed for his leadership, G4EAN, G3FSN, G6DlA, G0DCU, G3BYC, G1LKJ, G8VXY, G4VNR, G3MCK and G6ZH. Volunteers to assist with next year's election count were called for and their names noted.

The President then announced the final official agenda item. This was to pass a resolution to re-appoint the auditors, Messrs Moores & Rowland, and to authorise Council to fix their remuneration.

Following a brief discussion, acceptance of the resolution was proposed by Mr B Donn,

G3XSN, seconded by Mr H Fenton, G8GG, and earried by a very large majority of the meeting.

The meeting then adjourned for a short tea break.

The reassembled meeting was then addressed by Mr Barnes, G3AOS, who said he wished to compliment the RSGB's foresight in bringing this important meeting to the north of the country. He paid tribute to the work done "behind the scenes", particularly that undertaken by volunteers.

These remarks were warmly endorsed by the meeting.

The presentation of trophies then took place as follows:

COUNCIL AWARDS

Calcutta Key - given for outstanding services to international friendship within amateur radio - to Dr Tony England, WOORE, for his considerable work in connection with the







P64—Top: R C Wheldon, G3PJT, receives the Ostermeyer trophy for his article 'An Electrically Steerable Vertical Parasitic Array for 10MHz'.

P64 – Bottom: For his experimental work on high performance modems, James Miller, G3RUH, collects the Wortley Talbot Trophy.

Above: Mr Reynolds, G3ZPF, is awarded the Courtenay Price Trophy for the most outstanding technical contribution to amateur radio.

Left: The Calcutta Key is presented to Dr Tony England, WOORE, for his work in connection with the Shuttle Amateur Radio Experiment and for promoting youth into amateur radio.

Below: For his design for a phase-lock loop narrow band transceiver for 24GHz, Les Sharrock receives the John Rouse Memorial Award.



Shuttle Amateur Radio Experiment and for promoting youth into amateur radio. This award was collected on Dr England's behalf by Mr Brian Davies, GW3KYA.

Founders Trophy – for services to the Society – to Mr Neville Ianson, G3GDO, for his inordinate amount of work in helping the Society to set up the morse test scheme, interview all the examiners and to maintain standards and generally run the scheme from the voluntary point of view.

G5RV Trophy - for contribution to the Society in the field of EMC - to Mr Bob Peace, G8SOZ, for his outstanding and supportive work.

COMMITTEE AWARDS

Ostermeyer Trophy - awarded for the best article in RadCom for home-constructed equipment published during the year ended 30 June to Mr R C Whelan, G3PJT, for his article entitled "An Electrically Steerable Vertical Parasitic Array for 10MHz" published January 1988.

Norman Keith Adams Prize – for the most original article published in RadCom during the year ended 30 June 1988 – to Mr Mike Gibbings, G3FDW, for "Moxon Slopes at VHF and Other Thoughts", published in May 1988. Courtenay Price Trophy – for the most outstanding technical contribution to amateur radio published in the year ended 30 June 1988 – to Mr Reynolds, G3ZPF, for his article entitled "Windloading", published in the April and May 1988 issues of Radio Communication.

Wortley Talbot Trophy - for experimental work in amateur radio - to Mr James Miller, G3RUH, for his original experimental work on high performance modems in the field of amateur satellites, data and packet radio.

Raynet Trophy - to Mr John Stewart, GOCPR, on behalf of the many groups throughout the UK, in recognition of the work done during the hurricane which hit the south-east of England and during the subsequent flooding in South Wales and elsewhere in October 1987.

John Rouse Memorial Award – to Mr Les Sharrock, G3BNL, for his design of a phase lock loop narrow band transceiver for 24GHz.

The Secretary then announced an additional presentation. This was to the winner of the Families and Activities Day, held on 24 July, as part of the 75th Anniversary celebrations. The winning entry had been submitted by the White Rose Amateur Radio Society from Leeds and the prize — a case of champagne — was collected by Dorothy, G4AOT, on the club's behalf.

Mrs Heathershaw, G4CHH, announced that a short video of the 75th Anniversary exhibition at NEC was to be shown to the meeting. Members would see the Society's Patron, HRH Prince Philip, giving his opening address and launching Project Y.E.A.R., in addition to the speech of Mr Coolican the Head of Licensing and Enforcement at the DTI, in which he pledged the DTI's support for Project Y.E.A.R., together with the presentation of the Young Amateur of the Year Award to Mr Andrew Keeble,

The video was received with enthusiasm [and appreciation.

The President then addressed the meeting, remarking that the past year had been a special one for the Society in several ways. As well as 1988 marking the 75th anniversary of the founding of the Society, the year had also seen the emergence of some new challenges to be met and important, new initiatives to be pursued. Referring to the Society's founders, a group of enthusiastic radio amateurs, or experimenters, who met together in friendship and common interests, recognising the need to form a common front against the increasing threat of regulation and restriction, Sir Richard remarked that there had been challenges to face ever since and it was one of the main purposes of RSGB to represent the interest of British radio amateurs, at home or overseas. He expressed the hope that all members present would take every opportunity of pointing this out to non-members.

Sir Richard then spoke of the constant vigilance necessary to maintain and improve the position of amateur radio in the face of increasing market pressures on frequency allocations. He assured the meeting that the Society would do everything in its power to prevent any loss from the amateur spectrum. If the number of licensed aninteurs, and therefore hand occupancy, fell, this would ohviously weaken the Society's case. This was at least one good reason to encourage recruits, particularly youngsters, into the hobby. Sir Richard drew attention to Project Y.E.A.R., and the vast amount of work being undertaken to seek sponsorship for the other various activities needed to develop the Project, He announced that one sponsor had agreed to contribute some £150,000 worth of professional effort in the preparation of educational and promotional material. Also, the DTI had agreed in principle to assist in the organisation of an Industry Conference in early 1989. This would provide an opportunity for the Society to speak to representatives of UK electronics and radio industries about Project Y.E.A.R. Sir Richard reported that the pilot issue of "D-i-Y Radio", the magazine aimed at the newcomer, had been very well received and he felt this would play a useful and substantial part in attracting newcomers.

The President then referred to the revised amateur licence, which was the result of a great deal of work undertaken by the DTI and RSGB. In recognising that the new document was not perfect, Sir Richard gave an assurance that the Society's representatives would continue to press on those matters which were outstanding.

Further welcome changes seen in the last twelve months were the new CEPT provisions, making it easier to operate in other European countries and for other European amateurs to operate in the UK.

The President then spoke of the newly established RLO scheme, aimed at broadening representation and providing assistance to members on a more local basis.

The President then highlighted two innovations which had taken place at HQ during



Out come the lottery prizes. This case of champagne was heading to a deserving home - The White Rose Amateur Radio Society. Dorothy G4AOT is seen receiving it.

the year. These were n new computer based management accounting system, facilitating a clearer production of the accounts, and a desktop publishing system, which was expected to improve the speed and economy of book production.

Sir Richard paid tribute to the many dedicated voluntary workers, who gave much time and effort supporting the work of the Society, He also acknowledged the hard work of the loyal, and often over-burdened, HQ staff.

In conclusion, Sir Richard stated that he had been deeply honoured to have served as the Society's President and he expressed his sincere thanks to all those whose advice and kindness had assisted him throughout the year. He felt that, with members' continued support and encouragement, this great Society was good for at least moother 75 years!

THE SOCIETY'S OPEN MEETING

Introducing the "question and answer" session, Sir Richard explained that a few written questions had been received prior to the meeting and it was intended to deal with these when the specific topic was raised. Earlier in the meeting members had been invited to write a question on cards specially provided and these had been placed in a box, from which the President now drew the first question.

This was from a member who wished to see more simple constructional articles in RadCom.

was noted. He added that the Society's new Editor in Chief was keen to publish more straightforward projects and an invitation had recently appeared in RadCom Inviting authors to submit such articles.

The second question was from G4IGC, who asked about the outcome of the Wita case and the costs incurred by the Society,

Mr Evans briefly explained the background of this case. No variation of licence had yet been received and in making its many representations to the RIS on behalf of the member, the Society had spent a lot of money. The Secretary estimated that approximately £10,000 had been incurred in staff time, and legal and technical advice. He emphasised that this particular case was extremely complicated and as yet had not reached a conclusion. The work done could, however, benefit all members extensively.

A question from Mr Hodgkins, G3EJF, asked why it took so long for the minutes of the AGM to appear in RadCom.

The Secretary outlined the usual procedure for preparing minutes from a transcription of the recorded meeting. He cited the problems involved with the task, for example in ensuring the accuracy of the minutes by attempting to confirm the identities of members who did not always give their names and callsigns clearly when addressing the meeting. Mr Evans added that the Society always undertook to produce the minutes as quickly as possible.

The President proceeded to a question from Mr Foster, G1DRG, asking if the Society The Secretary replied that this comment would approach AMSAT-DL regarding several satellite uplink transmissions from the 144.4MHz band, a quiet part of the band used for SSB DX nets where the ability to copy very weak signals was paramount.

Mr Appleby, G3ZNU, chairman of the Society's VHF Committee, replied that he was not familiar with this particular input band but he would follow this up with AMSAT-DL and AMSAT-UK to ensure that a consistent bandplanning policy was maintained.

Mr Duddington, G4BFH, requested an explanation of the fluctuations in the price of the Society's transmitting log book over the past year.

In his reply the Secretary noted that this matter had been considered by Council and action had since been taken to effect a more commercial approach to certain Society publications. The price of the book in question was now established.

Mr Hall, G3NSY, then expressed his views on how the Society should enhance its publicity, given that the monthly membership, ie RadCom plus the many services provided by RSGB, cost no more than an issue of one of the commercial radio magazines.

The President thanked Mr Hall for his remarks, which would be noted by Council and staff.

Mr Scrivens, GOHHL, enquired whether Council had considered writing to each new licensee to invite him or her to join RSGB. Also, had Council considered the issue of simple, helpful guidance to new licensees who faced the traumatic experience of their first QSO?

The Secretary referred to a mailing shot sent in 1987 to all Class B licensees following the announcement of 50 and 70MHz for Class B licensees, Approximately 900 new members had been recruited from the 10,000 licensees. He confirmed that Council had indeed agreed to a similar recruitment exercise during the next year. With regard to advice to the new licensee, Mr Evans stated that a number of Society publications covered this area and further material was planned for publication in conjunction with Project Y.E.A.R. He remarked upon the importance of teaching correct operating techniques at an early stage, to instil confidence and discipline into the newly licensed amateur.

Mr Bolt, G4SUI, suggested that non-members be charged for their use of the QSL bureau.

The Secretary said that this possibility was being investigated and could be viable, if administration costs were not too high.

Mr Manning, G1LKJ, wondered whether RadCom could perhaps be sold to the general public via newsagents.

The Secretary replied that this question had often been raised in the past and consequently was reviewed regularly. He explained that it would require risking a significant outlay and it had never been considered worthwhile. He added that at present it was intended to produce small introductory



President Sir Richard Davies, G2XM (right) greets Dr Julian Gannaway, G3YGF, President Eicct.

booklets to promote amateur radio, which was felt to be better commercially than marketing a magazine which dated quickly.

A question from G6TJT was then read by the President. This concerned plans to up-date the Radio Communications Handbook and the VHF/UHF Manual.

The Secretary answered that it had recently been decided to split the latter book into three volumes, each dealing with a different aspect of VHF technology. Mr Evans spoke of the difficulties experienced in finding authors to undertake this, and the necessary up-dating of the RadCom Handbook.

Mr Lundegarde, G3GJW, asked why the Society did not save money by allowing Raynet to be a self-financing organisation, such as AMSAT-UK and BARTG.

This point was answered by Mr Griffiths, G3STG, Chairman of the Society's Raynet Committee, who stated that Raynet and the Society had a mutual need for each other. He felt it would be wrong for RSGB to cut itself off from Raynet, which often gave amateur radio an air of respectability in the eyes of the Government and the general public. On the other hand, Raynet needed financial backing from the Society in order to provide training and support to its members.

Mr Lundegarde explained that he was not suggesting that Raynet should be separated from the Society, but that it should be selffinancing

Mr Griffiths replied that this possibility was being investigated.

Noting the existence of a dormant company, RSGB Raynet Ltd, which was mentioned in the accounts, Mr Bolt, G4SUI, asked if it were possible to put this to use.

Mr Griffiths said that this would not be a suitable medium for the route which was currently under consideration.

The President then read out a remark from G2AKK, who thought that Council should explore the possibility of moving Headquarters to the Manchester area and so take advantage of lower property prices and cheaper printing costs. This suggestion was very well received by the meeting!

The Hon Treasurer explained that when the Society had made known its intention to move from Central London some years ago, members from the larger cities in the UK had suggested their own city as the perfect location. However, in order to retain the existing staff it had been decided to move within an approximate 20 mile radius of London. Mr O'Brien added that, he personally would much prefer to travel to Manchester, rather than London.

A question from Mr Rigg, G6FAP, stated that the delivery of RadCom in his area had been extremely erratic for the last two years. He asked what steps were being taken to improve this situation.

The Secretary commented that this was by no means a new problem. The Society had been aware of a general spread in delivery dates throughout the country for a number of years and, regrettably, there was little that could be done since the responsibility was entirely in the hands of the Post Office.

The PRO of the East Lancashire ARC spoke of the difficulty of getting news items publicised for events to be held at the beginning of the month.

This point was noted.

In answer to a question from Mr Paterson, G0HAL, the Secretary confirmed that usually all copies of RadCom were delivered to the Post Office on the same day. There were very rare occasions when, due to publication problems, this was not possible.

Mr Crosland, G6JNS, asked why members were not given the opportunity to pay an additional sum to have RadCom sent by first-class mail.

Several members stated that, in their experience, this would not make much difference to the delivery time.

Mr Metcalf, G6VS, said that he had written to HQ several times and had not received a reply. He then referred to a QSO he had had with an EI member earlier in the day, who had asked him to report that a number of members had been lost in EI because of the refusal to allow them to participate in contests.

The President replied that the EI problem was noted and was being looked into.

Mr Donn, G3XSN, raised the possibility of introducing a new reduced category of membership without RadCom, aimed at people who were out of work.

The President acknowledged that this was a widespread problem and assured Mr Donn that it would be discussed by Council.

The President then referred to the subject of the student licence, on which notice of three questions had been received prior to the meeting. The first was from Mr Shaw, G4EKW, asking if Council intended to implement the student licence without consulting the membership.

The Secretary drew attention to the consultative questionnaire on this topic, published in the September issue of RadCom. An analysis of replies received was to be published in the January issue.

Replying to a question from the floor, Mr Evans said that a response was received from approximately 2.3% of the membership which was considered by the experts to be a satisfactory random sample.

There followed a general discussion about the format of the questionnaire.

Mr James, RS90512, spoke with enthusiasm about the prospect of the new licence.

Mr Stewart raised the possibility of the DTI's acceptance, as an exemption to part of the RAE, of a GCSE pass in electronics.

Mr Smith, G4DAX, Chairman of the Socie-

Mr Smith, G4DAX, Chairman of the Society's Membership Liaison Committee, reported on a recent meeting which had been held to brief RSGB Liaison Officers about the Society's proposals regarding the student licence. He pointed out that clubs must use their RLOs, inviting him to meetings in order to get their money's worth from their elected officer!

There followed a further general discussion on the subject of the student licence, for which there was much support.



The winners of the lottery are drawn.

Moving to another subject, the President read a letter from Mr Winchcombe, G6ZH, concerning the registration of motor vehicles which would be prefaced with the letter G next year, raising the possibility of an arrangement for amateurs to secure plates showing their callsigns.

The President replied that submissions had been put to the Dept of Transport and the matter was to be discussed further at the January meeting of Council.

Sir Richard announced that about thirty questions remained in the box and there would not be time to respond them all during the meeting. However, it was intended that those left unanswered today would be dealt with by post as soon as possible. He then read out a question from G1TXV, who complained that the Call Book print was of poor quality and too small to read easily.

The Secretary explained that this edition was experimental and had been produced by a convenient and economic method. However, he expected that the next version would be improved.

Mr Bailey, GOCRF, then referred to the increasing number of licensees who chose to withhold their addresses from the Call Book, reducing the worth of the book. He asked whether at least a town or locator could be provided against each entry.

The Secretary replied that the DTI had

agreed to release the first part of the postcode of these licensees, so enabling the Society to include the relevant town or postal area. This news was welcomed by the meeting.

Mr Whetstone, G4OUB, asked if there was any possibility of vertical polarisation to enable amateurs to go mobile on 50MHz in the near future.

Dr Gannaway, Chairman of the Society's Licensing Advisory Committee, replied that this was suggested to the DTI some time ago. He added that the subject of 50MHz was a delicate one, pointing out that it would probably be a few years before any more privileges were granted on this band.

Mr Lundegarde, G3GJW, asked if the questions outstanding at the end of this meeting could be published, together with the Society's replies, with the minutes of the AGM.

The President replied that while he did not agree that it would be appropriate to include the questions with the minutes, consideration would be given to the matter.

By the time these minutes appear in print, those members who submitted questions, but which were not answered at the meeting, will have received a reply by post. Unfortunately space precludes publication of the voluminous replies.—Ed

Mr Stokes, G3ZXZ, spoke of a problem with abuse of the local repeater, GB3NA, which gave listeners a very bad impression of amateur radio.

Mr Smith, G4DAX, replied on behalf of the Society's Repeater Management Group, of which he was a corresponding member. He explained that each repeater group was responsible not only for the technical operation of its repeater, but also for its moral application. Standard forms had been sent by the Amateur Radio Observation Service to complainants and these forms had, apparently, not yet been completed and returned to AROS. This was the first official step which must be taken.

The President then closed the informal question and answer session, pointing out that there was a tight schedule to follow, since the Presidential Installation was to be held during the evening. He warmly thanked members of NARSA for their help in hosting the meeting, adding that the 1989 Council would be inviting proposals for the venue for next year's AGM.

The President's final task was to draw the ten winning lottery tickets. The Secretary announced that 148,000 tickets had been sold, the money for which had been invested in a fund which currently stood at £37,664.35.

The lottery tickets were then drawn by the President (see February issue of RadCom for details of the winners).

In officially closing the meeting Sir Richard thanked all those present for attending the meeting, wishing everyone a safe and pleasant journey home.



CONTEST

RULES

FIRST 28MHz CUMULATIVES 1989 RULES

1 The formet of the Contest is unchanged from the second 28MHz Cumulatives 1988.

2 Eligible entrenis: All entrants must be fully paid up members of the RSGB.

3 Dates and Times:

Session I Monday I 0 April: CW 1900-2000; SSB 2030-2130.

Session 2 Tuesday 18 April: SSB 1990-2000; CW 2030-2130.

Session 3 Wednesday 26 April: CW 1900-2000; SSB 2030-2130.

Session 4 Thursday 4 Mey: SSB 1900-2000; CW 2030-

Session 5 Friday 12 May: CW 1900-2000; SSB 2030-2130. All limes ere GMT.

Frequencies: CW - 28:0 to 28:1 end SSB - 28:5 to 28.6MHz.

4 Sections: Single operator, transmitting only. It desired entrants may use a portable or elternative location but this must be the seme for all sessions.

5 Contest exchange: RS(T), seriel number starting with 001 on each evening running continuously through both modes end RSGB country codes. All times, reports, serial numbers and county codes sent and received should be logged. Incomplete logs will be treated as check-logs and not scored. Entrants mey work stations world wide. The same station may be contected on both modes during the same evening. Eech dey is Ireeled es a separale event epart from scoring. See (6).

6 Scoring: Three points per completed contact plus e benus of Ien points for each county, including entrant's own, and each new country outside the British Isles. Bonus points should be claimed for the same counties and countries in both CW and SSB on the same evening. Duplicate contacts will be penalised of 10X claimed score.
Entires should be submitted selected by the entrant es

tolows:

e) Total of best three sessions from five - CW.

b) Total of best three sessions from live - SSB.

c) Total of best three evenings from live, CW and SSB (not necessarily e+b). An entry may be made for any one, any two or all three parts. A check-log for non-scoring sessions is most useful.

7 Loge: Slendard RSGB HFC1, computer derived or prepared on the same formel 40 contects to an A4 page are ell ecceptable. A 'dupe' sheet or callsign list is not required. A list of counties and countries worked on each mode in each session is useful, to seve peper if it is easier purit at the bollom of the log; if there is room! One standard decleration (HFC2) is sufficient to cover all sessions, it might help to draw up a teble showing detes, modes end scores on the back of the HFC2 and then just pick out the scoring sessions, several entrents did this last time. Both modes for one evening cen go on the seme sheet, no need lo leave e gap or split them up.

8 Entries must be postmarked not leter than Tuesday 30 Mey 1989 and sent to the HF Contests Committee c/o J. Kennedy G3MCX, 22 Croham Park Avenue, South Croydon, CR2 7HH.

9 Awards: Certificates of merit will be awarded to the entrents with the highest checked scores in each of the three calegories in (6) ebove. Further certificates may be ewarded at the discretion of the HFCC if the entry for any calegory exceeds twenty.

10 Note: If the CW CQ is Ico last, send ORS delown call or QRS TMF, the other op should slow down to any speed,

you may be worth 13 points!

G3MCX

GENERAL RULES FOR RSGB VHF/ **UHF/SHF CDNTESTS 1989**

Feedback from members indicates that some clarification ol rule 16 is needed. The second senience should reed: The linel emplifier device(s) used must not be capable of a rated power output in excess of twice the power specified

for the event or twice the legal limit, whichever is lower.

Where commercial transmitters are used, the manufaclurer's maximum output power rating for the trensmitter will be taken as the 'raied power ourpul'. Where published ratings for amplifier devices do not contain data on the exact mode of operation being used, the published ratings or characteristics for the nearest similar class of service will be used. In multi-mode contests equipment ratings will be based on those appropriate for SSB operation. G3XDY

ROPOCO 1 CONTEST RULES

A new trophy which has been presented to the Society by The Verulem club will be awarded on a similar basis to the G3XTJ trophy award in Ropoco 2. Other than this, there are no changes to the rules for this very popular short CW conlesi

Date: 0800-1000 GMT Sunday 2 April 1989

2 Eligible Entranta: This is a single-operator contest open to all paid-up members of the RSGB resident in the British

Isles holding e Class-A licence, 3 Frequencles/mode: CW In the IARU recommended segment between 3510-3550kHz.

4 Exchange: Send RST for the first contact plus entrent's own post code. For the second end subsequent contacts the postal code received in the previous contact should be sent. Contects with stations outside the British Isles will not count for points.

5 Scoring: 10 points for each contact. Accuracy in togging and re-trensmilling the Postcode that has been received is most important as points are deducted for logging errors.

6 Entries: Logs should be sent to R L Glaisher, G6LX, 279 Addiscombe Road, Croydon, CR0 7HY, postmarked not later than Monday 17 April 1989.
7 Awards: The new Verulam Silver Jubilee Trophy will be

awarded to the highest placed entrant having the most eccurate tog. Certificates will be awarded to the leading Ihree stations.

SDUTH MANCHESTER RADID CLUB 'OUAD NIGHT DF'

Date: 11 Merch 1989

Msp: OS Sheet No. 109 (Manchester) 1:50000 series. Assemble: 1900 GMT for 1920 GMT start.

Start: Lay-By on A57, 1/4 mile South of M53 junction, NGR

Compelitors requiring supper after the DF should edvise David Yorke, 40 Edgelold Road, Worsley, Manchester, Tel. 061 · 790-4749 by 6 March.

MID-THAMES RDF CLUB – GT PECK MEMORIAL TROPHY EVENT

Dale: 2 April 1989.

Map: OS Sheel No. 174 (Newbury & Wantage) 1:50000 series.

Assemble: 1300 BST for 1320 BST start.

Start: Ridgeway Peth, East side of road at Bury Down. NGR. 480840.

Compelitors requiring lea after the DF should notify Colin Metcalle, 34 Millbank Crescent, Woodley, Reading, Berks. Tel. 0734-698073 by 26 March 1989.

G1MPJ

432MHz - 24GHz CONTEST RULES 432MHz, 1.3GHz, 2.3GHz TROPHY CONTEST RULES

All bands 432MHz - 24GHz 1400GMT - 1400GMT, 6 end

432MHz Trophy period 1400GMT - 2200GMT, 6 Mey

1-3GHz Trophy period 0600GMT - 1400GMT, 7 Mey 1989

2-3GHz Trophy period 0600GMT - 1400GMT, 7 May 1989

A new formal for these Trophy events is being used this year, combined with the IARU coordinated contest in early May. Contestants can enter both the multi band 24 hour event and the trophy events, or just take part in the trophy

The multi-band contest runs for the full 24 hour period.

and there will be individual band tables and an overell jable published, with certilicates awarded to the band leaders and overall winners.

The first eight hours operation on 432MHz quality for the Trophy contest. The 1-3GHz and 2-3GHz Trophy contests run concurrently in the last eight hours. It will be permissible for multi-operator stations to use a different callsign on 1-3 and 2-3GHz lot the Trophy period from that used in the first 16 hours. Entrants should complete a 4422 Summary sheel it leking part in the multi-band event, and indicate whether they wish to take part in the trophy sections as

The general rules published in RedCom, January 1989, will epply. There will be two sections, section S to: Single Operator Fixed Stations using one callsign on ell bands, and section 'O' for all others, who may operate all bands concurrently using different callsigns. Scoring will be by the radial ring system on 432MHz end I-3GHz, and at 1pt/km on other bands. Hall points may be claimed for crossband contacts on end above 3-4GHz.

The following trophies will be ewarded:

Overall winner, 432MHz Trophy section; I 951 Council Cup Overall winner, 13GHz Trophy section; VHF Contests Committee Cup

Overall winner, 2:3GHz Trophy section: G6ZH Trophy All entries and check logs to: VHF Contests Committee, c/o A J Collett, G4NBS, 10 Outnoe Road, The Limes, Hardwick, Cambridge CB3 7XJ.

144MHz & SWL CONTEST RULES

1400GMT - 1400GMT, 27 & 28 Mey 1989

The general rules published in the 'Operating Guide' supplement, RedCom, Jenuary 1988 will epply. There will be three sections, section S for single operator stellons. section M for multi-operator stations, and section L for listeners. County end country multipliers will be used (general rule 14).

All entries and checklogs to: VHF Contests Committee, c/o D J C Bushell, G4WAD, Tenglewood, Bridge Street, Lower Mcor, Pershore, Words WRI 0 2PL,

50MHz TRDPHY & SWL CONTEST

0900-1700GMT 18 June 1989

The general rules published in Conlest News, RedCom, January 1989 will apply. There will be Ihree sections, section I for listeners, section F for Single Operator Fixed Stations, and section O for other stations. County end Country mullipliers will be used in accordance with general

The station with the highest overall score will receive the Tellord Trophy.

All entries and check logs to: VHF Contests Committee, c/o D J Robinson, G4FRE, 15 Ferry Lane, Cavendish Park, Felixstowe, Suffolk IPI 1 8UR.

BERMUDA AMATEUR RADID CDNTEST

0001 18 Merch - 2400 19 Merch

Open le licensed emaleure in Canede, the USA, the UK, the FR of Germany and Bermuda only. All stations must be single-operator only and must operate from their own residence or property. Top winners for the 1984-1988 contests shell only be eligible for eree awards. The contest covers 3.5 to 28MHz (no WARC bends), phone end CW may be used but no mixed mode or cross band OSOs are permitted. Contestants exchange RS/T plus (for UK) letters indicating their county, (for USA) state, and (for Canada) province. Bermuden stations will send report end parish, UK entrants work VE, W, and VP9. Eech QSO on each band counts five points, and repeal contacts on a different mode may be made on the same band but with en interval of al least 30min, between them. The multiplier is the total number of Bermuda stations worked on all bands added logether. The same station can be worked once on each mode on each band. Logs must show ell times in UTC, end separate sheets must be used for each band and mode. All contestants must check their scores carefully and elso check for duplicate QSOs. 'Dupe' sheets must be submitled by those who have made more than 200 contacts. Eech page must be clearly marked with the entrant's callsign,

band, and date, end II is essential to enclose a signed declaration that the rules of the contest and the terms of the entiant's licence have been observed. Each unmerked duplicate will effract e penalty of three contacts and an excess will result in disqualification.

The lop scorer in each province, state, perish or county will receive e printed certificate provided that a minimum of 100 contacts have been made. The top scoters in the US, Cenada, FR Germeny, and the UK will receive awerds which will be presented at the RSB's annual benquet in October, and for this purpose round-trip air transportation and accommodation will be provided. All logs must be received by the Contest Committee, Radio Society of Bermuda, PO Box HM275, Hemillon, Bermuda HM AX, no lalei Ihan I 100 on 1 June 1989 - please enclose IRCs and SAE II acknowledgement of receipt is required. If you think you might have won - send it all by registered alt-mail - the prize is well worth ill

EAST MEETS WEST SSB CONTEST

0800-2200 18 March

Sponsored by the YLAL and open to "women operators throughout the world'. I can supply photocopies of rules.

CQ WW WPX Contest

0000 25 March - 2400 26 March (SSB)

1-8 to 28MHz (no WARC bends), OSOs with own continent count two points on 14, 21, and 28MHz, end four on 1-8, 3.5, end 7MHz. With other confinents they count three end six respectively. Own country counts for multiplier credit only. The multiplier is the total number of different prefixes worked each counts once only (see WPX Award.) Exchange RS and serial OSO number (from 001). There ere single operator single and multi-band and multi-operator multi-band single-transmitter sections. There is also a ORP section for those tunning no more than 5W output and entres in this class must be clearly marked 'ORP'. Single-operator entrents may operate for e maxlmum of 30h only and may take up to live breaks which must be marked in the log. Photocopies of the full rules should be available from me by now (SASE please, but I do not have any contest stationery). G3FKM

24GHz CUMULATIVE CONTEST RULES

1500-21 00GMT, 13 Mey, 6 July, 9 September

Except where modified below all the general rules for VHF/UHF/SHF contests contained in the January 1989 RedCom apply.

The Iwo best scoring periods will be combined to give an overall score.

Stations operating from within the UK must state in their logs the national grid reference of all sites used.

There will be no limit on the number of antennas used for transmilling and receiving (rule 17 does not apply).

There will be one section for all entrants. Additional awards will be made to the leading loreign station and lixed stallon.

During each ectivity period, a station may change its localion once. For the purposes of this contest the 'localion' is defined as any point within a 5km radius of a fixed point. Contestants may start from a new location for each activity

Contacts will be scored at one point per kilometre. Hell points may be claimed by both stations for a crossband contact if two way communication cannot be established on the same band. A full contest exchange should be given on both bands. All crossband contacts must be clearly marked as such in the respective logs.

Please do not send in logs until after the last event. All entries end checklogs to: The VHF Contests Committee of D J Robinson, G4FRE, IS Ferry Lane, Cavendish Park, Felixslowe, Sullolk IPI 1 8UR.

10GHz CUMULATIVE CONTEST RULES

0900-2100GMT, 16 April, 14 May, 16 July, 13 August, 10 September.

2000GMT 24 June to 2000GMT 25 June.

Except where modified below all the general rules for VHF/UHF/SHF conlesis contained in the Jenuary 1989 RedCom apply.

Entrents unable to be ective for three periods ere strongly encouraged to send in their logs as a record of their activity, but will not be eligible for an eward. Such logs will be recorded in the results.

Entries from outside the UK will be eccepted, whether or not they RSGB members.

Stations operating from within the UK must state in their logs the national grid reference of ell sites used.

There will be no limit on the number of antennas used for liansmilling and receiving (rule 17 does not apply).

During the cumulative period on 24/25 June a minimum ol an eight hour continuous break must be taken.

There will be two sections, wideband and narrowband, which will be scored seperately. Stations may operate in all sections if they wish. A given station may be contacted twice, once on each mode. In the case of crossmode contacts, the contect should be included in the section appropriate to the equipment used at your end. Sarial numbers start at 001 and advance by one for each contact, Irrespective of section. Additional ewerds will be made to the leading foreign stellon and fixed station in both sections.

During each activity period a stellon may change its location once. For the purposes of this contest the flocation' is defined as any point within a 5km radius of a fixed point. Confesion is mey start from a new location for each activity

Contacts will be scored at one point per kilometre. Hall points may be claimed by both stations for a crossband contact if two way communication cannot be established on lhe same band. Á full contest exchange should be given on both bands. All crossband contacts must be clearly marked as such in the respective logs. Please do not send in logs until after the last event.

All entries and checklogs to: The VHF Contests Committee, c/o D J Robinson, G4FRE, 15 Ferry Lane, Cavendish Park, Felixslowe, Sullolk IP11 BUA.

COUNTY ROUND-UP

This is a new contest taking place over e weekend, on both SSB and CW. It is similar in formal to the now defunct Region Round-up with county codes replecing region

The General Rules of ASGB HF contests apply.

2 Eligible Enirents: All peld up members of the RSGB resident in the UK. Single operator entries only

3 When: 08.00-11.00GMT - 20 May 1989 - SSB. 09.00-11.00GMT - 21 May 1989 - CW.

4 Sections: There are two sections, A - SSB B - CW. Logs may be submitted for either or both sections of the

5 Frequencies: Contacts to be made on 3-5 and 7MHz bends. Section A SSB - 3.600-3.775MHz and 7.050-7.100MHz. Section B - CW - 3.520-3.560MHz and 7.010-7-040MHz

6 Exchange: Report and serial number, starting 001 in each section (and incrementing by one for each contact) plus county code as published in January 1989 PadCom. NB: Oversees stations only send report and sertal number. 7 Scoring: 3 poolnis per contact. Each station may be conlected for points only once on each band during each section. Points can be claimed for contects outside the UK. The final score is the total number of points on each band added logether and multiplied by the total number of counties worked on each band edded logether. Each section to be scored separately. Scores for both sections count towards the HF chempionship.

8 Entries: Separate tog sheets to be used for each band in each section. Standard HFC 1 tog sheets (or ones identical in format) are to be used. A cover sheet and signed declaration (HFC 2) must accompany logs which should be sent to - PO Box 73, Lichfield, Statis, WS13 6UJ end be posimerked no later then 15 days after the contest. 9 Awards: Certificates of merit will be ewarded to each

of the three leading stations in each section.

RESULTS

144MHz CW CONTESTS NOVEMBER 1988 RESULTS

Conditions for these contests were above average on Salurday evening but did not compare with the outstanding conditions of the November 1987 event. Best DX was achieved by G3PRC/P, the Plymouth Radio Club, with OE3JPC/3 at a distance of 1350km but this was exceplionel. G4THB/P 'The Hill-billies' managed OK1KTUP at 1015km. However the mejority of DX was in HB9, DL and F. Operating standards were good overall with only one or two exceptions.

Certificates go to the winners of each section and entries In both the 6hr and 24hr sections have been sent to ABI (flaty) for the Marcont Memoriel contest. As before many of the 6hi entrants have done well enough for a good placing in the IARU 24hi contest. Check logs were received with Ihanks from G3ZDM and G0HGA.

		6Hr-	Single	Operator S	ations		
Pos	Call	Pte	0S0p	Loc	Seat DX	Χm	
- 1	G4BLX	24634	89	IO90WV	DK8ZB/P	711	
2	GM4YXI	23224	75	IO84KX	F6GOE/P	784	
3	G4RGK	2114B	73	IO910N	DK8ZB/P	760	
4	GAASR	2043B	83	IO81MX	OK5WL	767	
5	GOCLP/P	20279	77	IO84KD	FE6ACU	933	
6	G3VIP	13064	42	IO93XN	DF7LJ	572	
7	G3WRJ	7193	34	IO91UX	DL2KBM/P	507	
8	G3KNU	483B	24	IO93QN	G3PRC/P	392	
		8Hı -	- Multi-	Operator St	stiona		
Pos	Call		0S0s	Loc	Best DX	Km	
1	G5AS/P	21515	B9	IO91TF	DK2XZ/P	696	
n.	24 Hr - Single-Operator Stationa						
Po		Pts	Q50s	Loc	Bost DX	km	
1	G4P1O	74898	235	JO1MU	DL1MAJ	876	
2	G3JXN	48966	163	1091UM	DL8NBN/P	901	
3		38959	147	1092UG	H69BZA/P	860	
4	G4ZEC	38768	126	JO92MA	F8EAH/P	812	
5	G40UT	20459	91	IO92AT	HB9BZA/P	916	
6	G4AG0	17841	49	10910F	DF3TT/P	771	
7	G4ZVS	14630	79	1092BK	DK0BN/P	726	
8	G2DHV	3392	21	J0018K	Q4THB/P	430	
9	G3JJZ	1958	8	J001AJ	F6IOC/P	485	
_				e-Operator			
Po		Ple	050	Loc	Basi DX	km	
- 1	G3PRC/P	103744	181	DAOBOIL	OE3JPC/P	1350	
- 2	G4X8F/P	92604	257	JOOIO	DL1MAJ	846	
- 3	CATHERE	63050	207	10948.1	CHANNE TO	4016	

IARU REGION 1 SSB FIELD DAY 1988

83050 207

J0010 I094RJ

G4X8F/P G4THB/P

The activity must have been trobled on the HF bends this year, some groups operating on 14 and 21 MHz particularly. were working USA and VE sietions at a fremendous rate, add to that the fact that 28MHz elso played its part with e good range of additional multipliers, 3-5MHz produced plenty of European confects as would be expected but 7MHz was partially ignored by a lot of groups, being by-passed in layour of the rich pickings to be had on the higher treguencies.

Winners of the open section, Lichfield ARS (G3WAS/P) emassed nearly a million points with 176 multipliers. claiming 1,636 contacts. Over 350,000 points behind in second place are The Windy Yell Conlest Group (GM5VG/ P) whose total would have nearly been a winner lest year. with Ponteliaci & DARS (G3FYO/P) relatively close behind

In Ihird place as they were last year.

The leading stations in the Restricted section achieved some good results, South Menchester RC (GD3FVA/P) and Liverpool DARS (GD3AHD/P) both emigrating to the Isle of Men for the event, and Torbay ARS (G3NJA/P) took the honours

The prelixes listed in the logs reads like a DX cheser's paradise: Zt., VK, 6W, ZS, HK, HH, CE were buljust a lew that came to the surface in the contest on 14 and 21MHz perlicularly. One group remarked that they could have stayed on 14 for the whole 24 hours.

The edjudicelor nevel ceases to be emazed that a group ol people could spend a weekend in ell kinds of weather and conditions, heaving entennas skywards, risking life and limb climbing trees and various other dangerous acls. lo lel the whole thing go to waste or be subjected to heavy loss of points by not checking their entry before submitting their logs or ensuring the person(s) responsible can count end know an unmerked duplicate contact when they see one. Whilst referring to loss of points, it may be of interest that over 200,000 points were lost totally.

As has been said in the past, the majority of logs were excellent, but still one or two let the side down. A good, clean presentation does help the adjudicators. A log scribbled out by three or lour different people does nothing for anybody except to waste time and causes the checkers to lose their sense of humour. You need one of those when checking conlests. Regrettably one entry has hed to be disqualified for containing 16 unmarked duplicates on one band alone. Sorry, Ipswich RC!

The adjudicator wishes to thank those who wrote saying (>

CONTEST NEWS

how much they appreciated the work done by the HF Contests Committee and to G3XEP/P and G4ZGD/P for their check loos.

Comments from entrants:

Spent three hours trensmitting into usetess aerial.

Checked bands at home - DK. Barbeque was excellent on Saturday evening! - Plymouth RC.

An errant cow became 'legged up' in one of our guy wires bringing lop of mast down. Managed to repair in time lor kick-off -- a neer thing -- Central Lancs ARC.

Strong winds and heavy showers dampened our enthu-slasm in every sense and an ATC Commando exercise on our site (a double booking!) caused bit of a stir - operating station in the middle of a war zone quite an experience. Blackened laces peering through tent windows at 0100 served to reassure us we were not the only idiots in the Open in such weather – Windy Yett Group,
Weather excellent – blackberries in Ireld still needed one

more week to be at their best - Swansea ARS.

BRS20249

Operators of the leading stations G3WAS/P: G3KDB, G3LNS, G3NAS, G3NKC, G3NLY GM5VG/P: GM3AXX, GM3NED, GM3NIG, GM4FDM,

G3FYQ/P: G4DSY, G4TLZ, G4ZVB GD3FVA/P: G3SVW, G4HON, G0AOU, G0CBJ

GD3AHD/P: G4CVZ, G4VYR

G3NJA/P: G3HFG, G3LHJ, G4ELZ, G0BNJ

	Open Section								
Po:	s Call	Group	Multi	Score					
- 1	G3WAS/P	Lichlield ARS	176	964,656					
2	GM5VG/P	The Windy Yell							
		Conlesi Group	148	610,204					
3	G3FYQ/P	Pontelract & D ARS	142	584,614					
4		West of Scotland ARS	136	508,096					
5	GW4CC/P	Swansee ARS	117	482,742					
6	G4SDP/P	Hell Hole Contest Group	112	460,208					
- 7	G4ADD/P	FOF Conlesi Group	90	447,660					
8	GW4NZ/P	Port Talbo1 ARS	95	403,560					
9	G4HRS/P	Horsham ARC	120	402,840					
10	G3SFG/P	Southgata ARC	95	321,385					
11	GU3HFN/P	Guernsey ARS	77	288,057					
12	G4ARN/P	Norfolk ARC	79	280,687					
13	G3TBK/P	East Notis							
		Conlest Group	85	257,720					
14	G3MDG/P	Chesham & D ARS	77	198,275					
15	G3GHN/P	Clilton ARS	82	169,494					
18	G4SJM/P	Ripon & D ARS	84	156,744					
17	G3GLL/P	Colchester Radio							
		Amaleurs	65	153,270					
18	G3GIZ/P	Chester RS	59	124,313					
19	G3VGG/P	Bromsgrove & D ARC	71	111,612					
20	GM4EAF/P	Perth & D ARG	48	107,088					
21	G4RSE/P	Sears Contest Group	55	93,685					
22	G4GXP/P	Kloderminster & D ARS	55	93,005					
23	GJ3DVC/P	Jersey ARS	63	87,570					
24	G3SRC/P	Surrey Radio Contact							
		Club	43	84,925					
25	G4FPQ/P	Stamford & D ARS	67	81,608					
26	G4ECT/P	Cheshunt & D ARC	49	66,934					
27	G3NFC/P	Burton-on-Trent & D RS	48	54,510					
28	G3XZW/P	Taunion & DARC	2t	5,901					

	nestricted Section								
Po		Group	Molti	Score					
1	GD3FVA/P	South Manchester RC	146	444,278					
2	GD3AHD/P	Liverpool & D ARS	95	321,290					
3	G3NJA/P	Torbay ARS	78	182,832					
4	G3YDD/P	Herelord ARS	77	178,946					
5	GD3RFH/P	Western Contest							
		Group Isle of Man	90	173,250					
6	G0FDX/P	Central Lancs ARC	73	151,621					
- 7	GI3XRQ/P	Bangor & D ARS	78	150,072					
8	G4WGE/P	Sutton & Cheam RS	59	145,866					
9	G4FUH/P	Scunthorpe ARC	68	135,796					
10	G3PGU/P	Stratford-on-Avon ARC	70	130,620					
11	GM4TOQ/P	West of Scotland B	75	129,750					
12	G4AYM/P	Gloucester ARS	57	119,130					
13	G4F0X/P	Melion Mowbray ARS	69	112,815					
14	GM0ADX/P	Kilmarnock & Loudoun							
		ARC	59	111,569					
15	G4JBR/P	North Devon Contest							
		Group	72	100,080					
16	G3PRC/P	Plymouth RC	52	92,976					
17	GW4EZW/P	NewportARS	53	89,464					
tB	GM3STU/P	Unst RC	53	75,684					
t9	GM3ZRC/P	Greenock & D ARC	42	70,224					
20	GM0GNK/P	IBM Greenock ARC	40	57,400					
21	G5LK/P	Reigate ATS	43	55,771					
22	G6HC/P	Wimbledon & Coulsdon							
		ARS's	66	52,734					
23	G0AER/P	Hatlield Dynamics RC	37	51,319					
24	G4XOM/P	North Worcestershire							
		Contest Group	43	51,127					
25	G3GXI/P	Eccles & DARS	37	47,064					
26	GM4LKJ/P	_	45	35,640					

Restricted Section

CONTACTS MADE BY THE HOUR

Hour	G3WAS	GMSVG	G3FYQ	GD3FVA	GD3AHD	G3NJA
1	77	27	38	30	39	13
2	103	49	117	42	94	54
3	98	68	84	42	93	47
4	81	69	90	34	60	45
5	86	85	87	39	78	27
6	43	76	70	33	55	t2
7	71	64	71	21	34	18
8	76	44	57	20	35	5
9	86	49	63	43	18	19
10	112	45	39	37	13	61
11	81	78	42	38	11	35
12	78	44	43	12	27	27
13	94	35	38	39	19	16
14	53	22	31	37	27	26
15	51	5t	22	22	37	28
16	44	44	41	20	16	6
17	48	31	25	9	33	7
18	41	34	28	23	33	19
19	53	22	t6	41	4t	17
20	53	52	15	33	33	17
21	41	28	36	45	29	26
22	67	75	59	64	38	14
23	49	59	52	56	42	22
24	50	65	69	67	48	19
Tota1	1,636	1,216	1,233	857	953	580



'Hell Hole' Contest Group's Held dey site. On the occasion of the IARU's Region 1 SSB Freid Dey 1988.

SECOND 28MHz CUMULATIVE **CONTEST 1988 RESULTS**

All three sections had vary clear winners, the CW and again the combined by Mick, G4WON and the SSB by Steve, G0KBB (G4VMM). The log-keeping was very good, lew errors were made end in many cases considerable time had been taken to produce excellent logs. The entry was encouraging and comments made on the tog and elsewhere point to en even better entry next time.

Most entrents used transceivers but there was quite an assortment of eerials, G4WQN used a lour etement Yagi at 50ft, G0KBB with the highest single mode score used e homebrew lour element wide spaced Yagr at 75ft, G0CEI had a Western DX 34 at 40lt, and G4AGQ/M had a 5ll 6 inch lirestik on the root of his car. Others used SRV's, dipoles, verticals, long wires end ground planes. Only session lour produced a (air emount of DX with just a little at the start of session three.

To those who asked about the lack of G0's or activity in the north there appear to be about 25 stations active mostly In YSW & YSS, about hall of them are G0 who seem to work each other. There is activity spread right across the south and a smaller group in the middle. The entrents in the middle are able to work all three groups but north and south rarely make it and lew east, west contacts are made across the large area of the south.

Most other comments refer to the time and duration of these contests, could it be earlier to catch more DX, could we go back to two hours now that there is more activity, could we run it over len weeks altarnate CW and SSB with two hour sessions. An erticle could be written on how the hall hour break is spenil

Jim GOHGH thanks ell operators for stowing down to his speed, these are practice sessions and advice will be given il considered usalul. Thanks lo all who look pert and sent logs in, see you all next time, please carry on recruiting. Footnote: G3WRR apologised for the paw prints but cals like to help in log production.

2nd 28 MHz CUMULATIVES 1988

(a) BEST 3-CW

Pol	Call	County	10/10	18/10	26/t0	3/11	t1/11	Pto
- 1	G4WQN	NOT	210	155	174	ĊК	94	539
2	G4WYG	KNT	CK	147	164	149	CK	460
3	G4WVX	BKS	121	140	155	CK	CK	418
- 4	G3BFP	LDN	4tm	-	143	152	109	404
5	G3JJZ	LDN	CK	114	CK	138	138	390
- 6	GOBON	BRK	126	134	114	CK	CK	374
7	G3MCX	LDN	121	CK	122	128	ÇK	371
е	G4AGQ/M	SXW	139	CK	CK	115	111	365
9	G6NK	SAY	112	118	120	CK	-	350
10	G3WRFI	LDN	CK	CK	89	128	122	339
-11	G30ZT	HPH	136	96	84	_	_	316
12	G4XRV	8KS	-	100	87	CK	86	273
13	GODJF	HWR	71	58	77	CK	CK	206
14	G0HGH	8KS	CK	-	43	74	89	206
(b)	BEST 3 - \$5	В						

(-)									
Pos	Call	County	10/10	18/10	26/10	3/11	11/11	Pts	
1	GOKBB	LEC	CK	346	CK	284	239	849	
2	G0CE1	OFE	-	282	_	203	208	693	
3	C4WQN	NOT	CK	202	152	245	-	599	
-4	G4WYG	KNT	170	CK	OK	157	151	478	
5	G4WEY	DOR	_	n.,	165	139	133	437	
6	GOEZI.	LDN	127	CK	132	CK	148	407	
7	G4MET	HWA	_	216	84	_	84	384	
8	G4AGQ/M	SXW	170	CK	CK	90	122	382	
	COLLOY	1.0011	400	MU	440		0.4		

122 CK CK 96 CK CK 97 CK 100 116 CK 87 CK 118 63 CK 47 99 76 G3JJZ LDN 318 280 273 83 100 90 77 39 60 11 12 GODJF HWA G3WAR 112 13 G3OTE/P MCH GOHGH 8KS CK 206 15 G4XKC YSW G3BFP

(c) BEST 3 - EVENINGS

Pos	Call	County	10/10	18/10	26/10	3/1t	11/11	Pte
1	G4WQN	NOT	CK	357	326	353	**	1036
2	G4WYG	KNT	317	CK	301	306	CK	824
3	G4AGQ/M	SXW	309	CK	CK	205	233	747
4	G3MCX	LDN	243	ÇK	238	228	CK	709
5	G3JJZ	LDN	CK	191	CK	254	257	702
6	G3WRFI	LDN	CK	CK	179	215	206	600
7	G3BFP	LDN	-	_	219	152	202	573
8	GODJF	HWR	141	155	177	CK	CK	473
9	GOHGH	BKS	CK		82	142	186	412

Checklogs received with thanks from G3CXM, G0CKP, GOFUV and entrant's extra evenings marked CK in the tables. G3MCX



RSGB DG Netional Final. Presentation to winner, Andy Collett, of the Dertford Health Club, 18 September 1988, (Results and write up in February Rad Com).

50MHz TROPHY CONTEST RESULTS

This contest was well supported in both sections and the recent explosion in ectivity on 50MHz was reflected by a rebling in the QSO totals of the feeding stations relative to last year. A total of 585 different callsigns appeared in the logs, broken down as follows:G-499; GB-1; GD-3; GI-2; GJ-5; GM-17; GU-2; GW-23; (Class A licensees – 263, Class B 289); EI-1; F-5; PA-24; ZS-2; SN-1. Perhaps that will answer the contestants who claim that there are no GW. Gt. etc. stations activet GW4MGR/P commented on the gentlemantly attitude found on the band, very akin to 4 matres.

Conditions were described as average to better than average over meinland Britatin and as very poor in the Channet Islands, with much ORN from e local car rally. Some oxcitement was provided for a select lew by openings to South Africa and Nigeria, G3GJO/5N28 working 28 stations in the UK, France and Portugal between 13-48 and 14-23 flours. Contacts in the UK were into tN89, IO90, IO91 and JO01 squares only, a fact which encouraged many confestants to make known their approval of the 25 point maximum rule! Such privileged contacts probably would have distorted the results if normal scoring had been used. GJ41 CD claimed a GJ-5N first on 50MHz. The check log from G3GJO/5N28 was very Interesting and helpful, although, as a result of cross-checking, a few contestants may be disappointed to find that their OSOs were invalid.

The standard of logging was generally good and all confestants provided reasonable multiplier chock-lists.

However this is still an area where conformity would be useful and some contestants should note that certain countries, eg GJ, count as both country and county multipliers. If there was a prize (which there isn't!) for the most comprehensive and useful check-list, it should go to G4THB/P whose efforts would make a good book!

Congratulations to all the winners and runners up. Certificates will be awarded to G4KUX and GJ4ICD in the Single-Op Fixed Section and to G4THB/P (ops – G4UJS, G4XUM) and GW4MGR/P (ops – G0JSB, G3UVR) in the Open Section. Subject to Council approval, the Tetlord Trophy will be presented to G4THB/P.

G4WAD

		All Oil	ier Str	Hone !	Section	
Pos	Call	Pis	Multi	QSOs	Loc Besi DX	km
1	G4THB-P	150684	58	270	94RJ GJ41CD	584
2	GW4MGR/P	146853	63	308	83JA PA3BYI	566
3	GICWP.P	129642	62	294	90WVZS3AT	8334
4	G48VY:P	94164	57	228	B2LB GM3WOJ	620
5	G3UUT/P	84046	55	195	94KH GM3POT/A	524
6	G4RFR	41308	46	147	90AS G3GJQ 5N28	5000
7	G4ZTR/P	30708	36	125	01PU PA00OS	393
8	G0FSF/P	28200	40	143	93AD-	_
9	G4DDW	25543	41	153	92KK GMOCLN	331
10	GBYOUP	20824	38	104	90KX G3GJQ/5N28	4900
13	G3LRS	19760	38	114	92KP GBVOUP	273
12	GWITCH'A	8484	28	47	82FJ G4TH8:P	298

Checklogs received with thanks from G3GJQ:5N28, G3MY, G8XZW, and G1LAM

			Single-Operato	r Fixed \$1a	tions Section		
Pos	Call	Pts	Multi	QSQs	Loc	Best DX	km
1	G4KUX	104888	56	197	94BO	GJ4ICD	597
2	GJ14ICD	71714	46	143	69WF	ZS6XJ	8800
3	G3XBY	63130	59	220	92DG	PAORDY	447
4	G3JXN	58956	51	213	91UM	_	_
5	G4AHN	49873	53	188	910E	-	**
6	G4UXC	33764	46	163	92BC	GJ4ICD	319
7	G5IAT	28152	46	134	91TV	GD3AHV	378
8	G8BFL	20623	41	113	92BQ	GOFAJ	230
9	G3XTT	18603	39	116	91MM	G3GJQ'5N28	5000
10	G3TCU	16150	38	102	910E	_	_
- 11	G4NBS	15804	36	95	02AF	GJ4ICD	366
12	GLYNA	10260	30	76	93QN	GI CWP/P	298
13	GIDWQ	6832	28	56	90AT	G4THB.P	409
14	G8JXV	5448	24	55	91VE	G4KUX	396
15	G3ILO	5000	25	37	81VQ	G4KUX	324
16	G8DXC	4914	26	32	02DL	GJ4ICD	398
17	G6MKK	4671	27	45	91J\$	G4KUX	319
18	G4LDR	4524	26	34	91CD	G4KUX	384
19	G7ANH	4510	22	32	01PX	GJ4ICD	389
20	G4XCS	4316	26	36	B2QA	GJ4ICD	312
21	G8GMC	3800	25	40	82XO	G1CWP/P	231
22	GOBJU	3565	23	41	93FJ	G1CWP/P	278
23	G8QRG	3504	24	35	83UC	G1CWP/P	290
24	G4LRT	3360	24	29	92KJ	_	-
25	GUHSK	3171	21	33	93MO	G4AHN	278
26	GM8MJV	2904	22	22	85LW	G4BVY/P	431
27	G5UM	2772	22	30	92MP	G4KUX	142

CONTESTS CALENDAR

RSGB HF CONTESTS

	25,26 Feb	7MHz CW (Ocl88)
	11,12 Mer	Commonwealth Contest (Jan 89)
1	2 Apr	Ropoco 1
	9 Apr	50MHz Fixed (Jan 89)
	10 Apr	28MHz Cumulative
Į	16 Apr	Low Power Fixed (Feb 89)
	18 Apr	28MHz Cumulative
	26 Apr	28MHz Cumulative
	4 1/48y	28MHz Cumulative
	12 May	28MHz Cumuletive
	21 May	Region Roundup
	3,4 Jun	NFD/Region 1 CW Field Day (Feb 89)
	24,25 Jun	Summer 1-8MHz (Apr 89)
	8,9 Jul	SWL (May 89)
	16 Jul	Low Power Field Day (May 89)
	6 Aug	Ropoco 2 (Jun 89)
	20 Aug	Hopscotch
	2,3 Sep	SSB Field Dey (Jul 89)
	8 Oct	21/28MHz Phone (Jul 89)
	9 Oct	28MHz Cumulative
	15 Oct	21MHz CW
	17 Qcl	28MHz Cumulative
	25 Oct	28MHz Cumulative
	2 Nov	28MHz Cumulative
	10 Nov	28MHz Cumulative
	11 Nov	1-8MHz SSB Clubs
	11 Nov	Club Calls Contest 'CCC' - all modes
	40 45 45	& SWL (Sep 89)
	18.19 Nov	Second I-8 MHz CW (Sep 89)

18,19 Nov Second I-8 MHz CW (Sep 89) Region Roundup and Ropscotch are under review and may be replaced with similar type events. Please watch RadCom tor further Information

RSGB VHF CONTESTS

26 Feb	70MHz Cumulative (Jan 89)
4,5 Mar	144/432MHz & SWL (Jan 89)
11 Mai	South Manchester Ouad Night DF
12 Mar	70MHz Cumulative (Jan 89)
26 Mar	70MHz Cumuletive (Jan 89)
9 Apr	50MHz Fixed (Jan 89)
16 Apr	Spring VHF/UHF RTTY (Feb 89)
9 Apr	10GHz Cumulejive
23 Apr	70MHz Fixed (Feb 89)
6,7 May	432MHz-24GHz Trophy Contests
	& SWL
14 May	10GHz Cumulative
27,28 May	144MHz & SWL
17 Jun	144MHz Low Power & SWL
18 Jun	432MHz Low Power & SWL
18 Jun	50MHz Trophy & SWL
25 Jun	I 0GHz Cumulative
1,2 Jul	70MHz Cumulative
1,2 Jul	VHF NFD
16 Jul	10GHz Cumulative
5 Aug	144MHz Low Power & SWL
5 Aug	50MHz Trophy & SWL
6 Aug	432MHz Low Power & SWL,
13 Aug	10GHz Cumulative
2,3 Sep	144MHz Trophy/IARU VHF & SWL
10 Sep	10GHz Cumulative
17 Sep	70MHz Trophy & SWL
7,8 Oct	432MHz-24GHz/IARU UHF/SHF
13 Oct	432MHz Cumulative
21 Oct	1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative
29 Oct	432MHz Cumulative
4,5 Nov	144MHz CW
6 Nov	1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative
14 Nov	432MHz Cumulative
22 Nov	1-3/2-3GHz Cumulative
30 Nov	432MHz Cumulative
3 Dec	144MHz Fixed & AFS & SWL

OTHER CONTESTS

25,26 Feb 18 Mar	French HF SSB Conlest (Jan 89 HFN) Bermuda Amaleur Radio Contest
18 Mei	(Mar 89) Easl meets Wesi SSB Contest (Mar 89)
20 Mar 25 Mer	BARTG Spring RTTY (Feb 89) CQ WW WPX Contest (Mar 89)
First Tuesd	date a pale the state of the Committee of the

First Tuesday each month 144MHz Scandinavlan VHF/UHF/SHF Activity Contest (Jan89 VHF/UHF) First Thursday each month 432MHz Scandinavian VHF/UHF/SHF Activity Contest (Jan89 VHF/UHF) First Monday each month Microweve Scandinavian VHF/UHF/SHF Activity Contest (Jan89 VHF/UHF) Dates of publication of rules in RadCom are shown in parentheses.

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Design House, Junction Road, Dorking,

Oesly Blue femiliance to: Mr. 3. HAWKING SEM, HSGB Abvertiser Oesligh House, Junction Road, Dorking, Surrey RH4 3HB. Cheques should be made payable to RSGB. Members' Ada must be sent to "Members' Ada," RSGB Hq.

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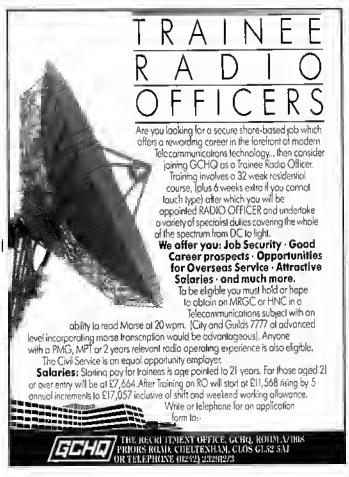
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Call: Jean Hicks 01-979 2204

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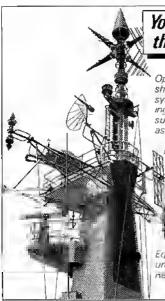
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- 823305. SOMMERIKAMP FT277ZD (FT101ZD) with FM. narrow filler, 12-bands: £425, Yaesu FC902: £110. Mulek TVVF144A tvtr; £125, Yaesu FRG7 inc narrow liter; \$1.25, Kani I ABIC keyer; \$55, Pau Comm TNC200; \$1.00. Biess key; \$10, 25A PSU; \$50, Trio function pwr metel PF810; \$40, 464 equed 2m and rotator; \$40, HF5; \$23, G0AWY. (Harlow) 0279 445718
- ●ICO2E FM lovr c/w bellery 1/4 weve, spkr, miu,
- nicaduhargar; £185, 60562, 0233 629665.

 YAESU F1480R 2m mullimode: £290, F1780R
 70cm mullimode: £300, F1290R inc case, nicads, charger; £240. Microwave Modulas MML432/50 70cm 50W linear: £100, All equip, boxed and in exu cond. G0IVA, (Stockport) 061-456 8499.
- FT290R with Mutak Iront and, niceds and uharger, soli ulese, rubber duck, immaculate cond. with prig. pecking and manual: £250. Detong morse Iulor: £30, G4YIL, (Cambridge) 0954 21 0762. ● TRIQ 9000 2m multimode c/w BO9 base and
- modile drauket used as besestation only, Good cond. £350, Buyer collects. GODLQ QTHR. 0602 640007
- FT708 70cm H/H, YM24 spkr, mlc, 2 ba packs, charger, halical, manual, boxed: £150. GBNWR QTHR. (Evesham) 0386 750380.
- TRIO TS630S, Mini, boxed, KW107 Supermatch ATU, The two; £800, 0302 859451.
- OLD leshloned straight key. Prefer large end freavy. Also worded, electronic keyer, Prefer single paddle or squeeza kayer. GW3YTL OTHR. (Ruthin,
- Clwyd) 4010 eye. ●ICOM ATI 00 ATU, £200 ono, TA33J Iri-band: £90. NAG 144Xt, VHF emp: £350 one, Kenwood VCIO VHF convertor, boxed: £90 one, Mai 4-way VHF splitter, as new: £25, 2 10ele Tigars splitter ceblas, sparas: £60, GOIAS OTHR, 0777 83647.
- MICROWAVE Modulos MML144/100LS 2m linear Lor 3W In, 100W out. Little used. VGC: £125. GLYJI OTHR. 01-882 2351
- FT78 HF Icvr. VGC. 50W output, Works well:
- C310, G0DOE, 01-391 0514.

 ◆ ALL valve SSB equip, KW77 HF RX: £90, KW Viceroy HF TX and PSU and mic: £90, Both In working ordar and handbooks. If both purchased, will deliver free to 100 miles from Wlukford, Essex.
- wait dorder free to 1 top mines from Wilbridge, ESSEX. G3PZZ OTHEN, 0268 732791. JAPAN Riddio Co (JRC), USTI 25 toyr, N80500 PSU, tested only, brand naw, boxed. Superior quality qqub at: \$975 ono. 0802 809345.
- VERSAPOD, Ital roof mounting for HF/VHF, dish anienna's specially designed by Strumech Reavy-duty triengular lattice tripod, 5ft base (solprint, H2R rotor heed unit, KS085 thrust bearing, galvanised, free-standing 10ft(in haight, plus alub mast. Draw-ing available. As new, offere, 0602 609345.
- ALTRON lift-over lalascopic mast 45ff with ground post: £300 one. Western 3els Iriband beam: £100 one. GM4BWT QTHR, 031-449 4421 eva.
- HEATHERLITE 2m Exploror amp 4CX250B valva, boxad; £425. FC707 ATU boxad, £100. 2m lvtr F2VI 07R boxed: £150. Konwood P\$430 PSU. \$P430 spkr: £150. 2m I 9ala Mel anlanna £35. Mrka GLUAX, (Herts) 07072 65025.
- ●BNOS LPM 144-10-180W finaar emp. fmmacu-late cond: £190 Alan GTTFH 091-483 4876 alter
- MUTEK 50MHz Ivit TVVF50A, 10W on 6m from your forming. All-mode Exc cond £190 inc postags. Also Seikosha GP100A printer, with Cantronics (parellel) interlace. Suits most computers £55. GLOUX, 01-894 2507.
- ORAKE R4C GWO. E300. Jon. G4AOS not OTHR. 091-236 2013.
- ♠ EXCHANGE stateo system, uost £850 plus, worth. approx £350 for FT290. Mutak, nicads etc or othat 144MHz mullimoda. May consider FT790 or FT690. May be possible to deliver within 100 miles of Kings Lynn, Dayo, 0553 761943
- TEMPO 2002 2kW 2m amp, mini cond: £650 ono K2RIW 70cm Imser amp kil of perts for RF section. All metal work uhessis, silver plated anode end gnd lines, 2 new Elmac 4CX2508's, 2 new Elmac 620 titles, 2 new Elmas GCX-coto S, 2 nsw Elmas GCX. UHF bisses: £250 ono. Yeasu FTV 2m fvt modula: £70. Yassu YC1000 dete logger frequency, volte, temperature digital display and paper hard copy: £250 ono. SMC RF speauli processor: £20. 6m Microwave Modules 6m praamp: £20. G4CCZ OTHR. 0932 240668
- ◆ YAESU FT101 with FM and 27MHz xlais: £250. Einstein 64k twin disk computer spreadshaet WP and books, Sharp pocket computer, micro recordar/ printer unit plus software: £45, 0773 71526 © 1C730; £450, IC740; £550, IC402 (35K97 Dubus); £200, IC202; £90, I2V,20A, PSU; £60, Mutek
- TVVF144a (1 mih old. Coşi £350): £250, New M57762 20W 23cm PA £60, PA0LPE 2m-23cm
- PCB: \$9, All VGC gone H/B), David, 0778 425367, AQ6 2ele minibeam 10-15-20 with rotator, Navorused; £150 ono, Mark, (Biddendan,Kent) 291075

- YAESU FT980 MDI, miu. Little used: £1000, FT209H new FN84 cell, spkr, mic, YH2 miu, heedsel, NC15 base uharger, PA3 cei adaptor, Welz 2DB anlanna: £275. Hi-mound marble base, key: £30. All one. G4XJ1QTHR, 0527 25928 or 45158.
- ono, GRANIU (Fin. 0527 25926 of 45156) #FT707: 2525, FC902 ATU: £100, Linaei Sommer-kamp SL250DX: £90, 12 GBC PSU, modille mount for FT707; £20, Digital counter Venner TSA6636/2: £25, 200kHz, standard RX 1-1 0MHz: £10, Pjotessional rovr HF Talelunkan type E724 kW/2: £85. Westminster, working: C25, Stornophone CQM700 with remote unit and test ass, ideal 2m conv: C50, ICZE 2m hand portable: £60. Mobile mount for ICZE: \$1 5, 0480 81 0927 ava.

 ◆ YAESU HF Icvr T301 D. 1.8-30Hz. all transisto-
- rised, 200W Input, digital frequency teadout 12V or meins voltage, SSB, CW, AM and FSK. All litters: £390, Trap vartical for 10-15-20m; £28, G4IRD not OTHR. (Northampton) 0504 44341.
- KENWQQQ PS430 DC PSU. Utile use in conjuc tion with TR9130 2m rig only. Orig. Interstura and box. Mint cond: £120. G4WIA OTHR. 0406 350835 aftor 5.30pm or w/e.
- ♠ KENWOOD TR75I E 2m multimode, as new. Still under waranty, c/w mobile mount and boxad; £499 only, GOJXZ OTHR, 021-748 7851.
- FDK multi 750 multimeds. Good cond. 2.5W and low oulput. Can be adjusted to 20W max. One owner, c/w mobile mount, Inst. book and orig. pack Inc: £200. G1LUN OTHR. (Leads) 0532 676949.
- Ingr.:200. G10. bit Hit. (Leading 1053 or 5049. © UNIDEN 28/30 with M2 m viv. 10W multimode operation on both bands for only: £299f Pair of 8in disk drivas (new) with PSU. Nascom 1, cased. Offers, G4HUP QTHR. 0473 37320.
- BERETTA 686 sporting multichoka u/o 12 gauga 26in/2.75 in mint cond: £650. Would consider HF Iovi FT757GX Mk2 or 2m/70 basestation. Also have FT902DM, FC902 ATU, FTV901R 2m/70cm. Would exch, for FT787GX with cash adjustment. G6COB. 0606 550258.
- PACKET BBS system, Xarox 820 computer and spare board, Forguson amber monitor. Twin Shugen 851 8in disk drives and PSU.s. Loads a CP/M software Inc WORLI BBS/Galeway 200 plue dieks. All docs: \$250 one, 3CX2500A3 valves. Offers?
- WG14 bils. TX and BX mixora, presmos on dioda mounts, waveguide to co-ex Iranslions, Isolators, one circulator, waveguide triters, various other waveguida bils Iran old microwava links, usu, 5,7GHz. Ollars Invited. (Walsall, W.Mids) 0922
- TS530S. All bands I.8kHz and 800Hz narrow Inters filled, VGC: £450 one, G0EGR OTHR, (Bour-nemouth) 0202 302698,
- KW204 TX and KW202 RX. Both GWO: £200 tha pall. Realistic PRO32 scannar, ricads and charger: \$140. Rogal, G4WQ1 not QTHR. (Nawquay, Cornwall) 0637 8751 66 til 58 day, 0837 8781 33 ave-w/o.

 FT290 nicads, charge, flaxi-whip, soft case, companion FL2010 10W linear and mobilo mount.
- Ong packing: £275. Cobra 148GTLDX, modried for 10m, plus 150W linear with preamp, and 4-position power output: £175 one. GOIQL QTHR. (Worthing, Sussex) 0903 36780.
- TRIO TS830S, HF TX/RX, axc.cond. superb audio, little used: £750. Yeasu FT209RH, 2m handheld, spkr/mic, casa, headsel. All mint cond. £180. G4MPD OTHR. (Cheshire) 0606 47552.
- CUSHCRAFT Jr. Boomer 2m yegl, 214B-214FB with msl. VGC: \$40, Buyai collecta. Ken GOCVJ. (Huddorshald) 0484 606085.
- ◆ YAESU FTI0I ZDIII FM unii, fan, s/valvos, peilect, manuals: £450. Maluhing FTIQIOM memory ext. VFQ: £90. ERA microraader with Morsa Tutor upgraded for RS232 VDU as new: £90. Kil-buill RTTY leminal with PS: £25. G0EZW QTHR, 0773 810010.
- DISK drive unit comprising two 51/4in double-sided 80 track drives, boxed with PSU and cable to suil BBC, QL elu. Hardly used: £I 40 onc. Also BBC micro, Q1., Spectrum, Call for datails ava. only. Tim. G4IAC OTHR, 06755 2745.

 SHACK clearanua, AQR2001, KPC2, QL com-
- ulor with comm. Inlerface, HP41CX, calculator, 2 Sterphones not stated, Tandy ployprinter, 12-chan stat rovr, 2-chan stated 2m, OMIO camera and lenses. Various open framo PSUs atc. I 50A diodes. lain GMI PSU, 0506 883091.
- ICOM 251E with Mutek and Icom dask mig: £475. Yaesu FT790R with case: £275, FL7010 10W matching 70cm linear: £50, Varsatower PB30 with head bearing auto winch 4m elub masi: £300. MMI 296/144 Mr. £125. Welz \$P400 pwr/swr meler: £50, luom 70cm mastheed preamp: £40, KR800RC relator; £120, KR500 elevation rotelor; £85, Cushcraft 2m 14ele boomer: £25. Jaybeam 2m 8ele quad: £15. 70cm | 8ele parabeam: £10. 23cm two 15 over 15 with splittar: £50. 2m ventical; £10. Heldar two 70cm portable quads: £20. Tonna portable mast: £15. Scarab TU with CBM64 sollware and leads, £40, DLOPR 2m linear chassis HT transfor

23cm cavity: £25, 7289; £20, 2C39, £10, G6LUD not OTHB, 0474 334965.

- OLD interesting docks, SAE IIst. SGBrown phonas, new, unused Howas ST2; £5ea, Marris, 35 Kingswboo Hsa, Femham Rd, Slough, SL2 I DA
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- TRIO 430S FM: £650 ono Trio 9000 2m: £285 one, Kenwood AT230 ATU: £150 one, All in good cond, Manuals and boxed, Exch, (C751A, IC745, 10735, 767. Colin GOJDX, 0623 513758 aller 6.30pm.
- SOTA I 296 linear emp, PSU: €100, Mai anianna 50MHz 3ela: £25. Buyer collects. G8WPL OTHR. ● YAESU FL2100Z lineer: £500 ono. Trio T\$830S
- toyr: £600 one. Heelhkil HW32A 20m single bandar. SB600 spkr and HP23 PSU, HMI02 swr melar;
- Sabou, Spkr and HP23 PSU, HMI02 swr melai; \$100, Buyar collects. GW3\$SG, 0792 205012.

 FT727R hendhald 2m/70cm, NC15 base charger, spkr/mic, FNB4A, FBA5A battery pscks, NC18C wall charger, YH2 headsal; \$300, G0JNT not QTHR, (Grimsby) 0472 752794.

 FDDYSTONE 540 641.
- EDDYSTONE 940 RX Inc. spkr plmth. GWO. Plus orig. Eddystone booklet and wiring dragram: \$125. Laughton RS87320, (Doncaster) 0302 884448.
- Laughion HS97220, (Doncaster) 0302 8944-95.

 SHACK closiance, FT757CX, axuuood: 1950.
 TR9000, system base, PS10 PSU: £250, BNOS 25A
 PSU: £75, SEM Zmeich: £45, Weiz SP15M: £25.
 Trio SP100: £15, All with manuels and orig, packing,
 Othor odds and s***. €4UPV OTHR. 0705 50171 8.

 £6735, PS55, as now: £995, £02E, chargar, naw ● IC735, PS55, as now: £995, ICU2t; chargar, naw-195, 240/115V lapped IkVA autoximir: £10. Oly 2102 memory chips £2/10. KT34A 4ele lo Sela corv. kil, unused: £125. Various moters, anquira, G3TYC new OTHR. (Werwick) 0326 490897. ● FT1012D Mk3 FM. fon, CW filter, manual, boxed, VGC: £500. FTV901R, cW Sm, 4m, 70cm. VGC: £450. FC902, VGC: £100. FL2100Z. VGC: £550.
- G4NRG OTHR. 0268 584564.
- DATONG speech piccessor, cased, plugs and bettery. Perfect: £25. Two Qy3 125 Ideal for gro linear: £30. Both plus postage, G4ISB QYHR, 061-
- GEN.COV RX, MR4099, similar Spny 2001D. outperforms FRG7, Idaal SWL: £88, (Thenje) 0843 294448.
- © DRAKE TR4Cw: £475. Denion GLA1000B, new valves: £395. Delong FL2 multimode lifter: £50. Delong ASP: £50. All in VGC with hbks. GW4RYK. 0686 88255.
- KW2000 160-10 lovr with LS/PP circuits atc and spara valves. Working but sold as sean. Buyot collects: \$100. G3IIQ QTHR. 0273 475908.
- FIL21002 Immac: \$500. Shura 444 d/mic: \$25. 4elfa quad, mini: \$27, World clock HCI0: \$20. Dalong FL3 M/M fillar with PSU: \$90 as naw. GODNLOTHR
- FT221 144-148MHz FM/SSB/AM, Good cond: £290, Solent 23cm TV convertor; £20, Tonna 23cm 23ele: £10. Amstrad PCW8256 computer, Tyr old.
- Little use: £260, G4CML (Surrey) 0737 354497.

 YAESU 726 2m 70cm sal board and HF module, plus sal mic. Mint: £850, Realistic 300 channel pro 2004 scanner, Unused, still in wrappers; £230. John G4PDW, (Grimsby) 0472 70125.
- PROGRAMMABLE scanner PRO2021 AM/FM VHF 68-88/108 136/138 174MHz, UHF 380-512. Mint cond, boxed: £190 ono G0ATB QTHR, 01-311 0332
- ST5C, 13 8V. Wide normal shill. RS232/TTL, miu. sockal: £60, Breml 10A PSU: £25, Specifium 48k Dkironics keyboard duill-in PSU, morse interface. RTTY, slowscan, ATV and other software. Seva, load, record TX switch unit: £40, G0JIX QTHR, 0743
- TEN-TEC Century 22 keyer circuit breeker. As new cond: £250, CR1 00 works well, recent front and reefignment. Menuel, spara valves: £45 ono GOKMC. (Aylesbury) 0296 29342 ave-w/e.
- 70CM equip. Homebrew solid stata 50-432MHz Intr 3W out: £30. Used 8/8 stol: £5. PFI RX with xtal for 433.0MHz and rechargeable bettery: £10. Prefer buyer coffects. John Roberts G8FDJ. (Sheffield) 0742 333847.
- OUE to time-westers, still available, TS530S c/w 270Hz and 500Hz litters and VFO120. Also new 12V DC converter for TS830S, Offers, FT707 service manual, Offers, G4PDQ QTHR, 0242 42336.
- ₱ FT726R 2m/70cm satellite litted £750. Kenpro KR500 elevator: £50. Commodore 64, PSU, cassatta: £130, All In good cond. Phil, GIGXS OTHR. 01-872 1833 after 7pm.
- TVTRS MMT 432/26S: £115 one. MMT 144/28: 195 one. RC-pack plus Lowe BBC ROM: £165 one
- Taylor, (Twickenhem) 01-891 2820 eve.

 6JS6C matched pair, boxed and unused: £20.
 G3BCI ΩΤΗΝ. 0202 760231.

- mer with electrolytics and valve: £40, UPX6 modified ICOM ICR70 HF RX FM board, Exc.cond: £425, Code Master CW/RTTY model CWR 610E: £50. GM4GUF, 0968 74070 eve.
 - COMMODORE PET 3032 32k computer. Monitor,
 - dual disk drive and printial in soundproof box. Exc. cond. £200 one. 0942 324452 after 6pm.

 50MHz portable tour 6m multimode FT690 MkI : £220. Good cond, with soft case, G0KNN QTHR. (Spennymoor) 0388 817325.
 - FT301D solid stata all-bend (cvr 100W with metching FP301 PSU, clock/ident, FC301 ATU swr/ pwr malers, YO301 monitor scope twin tone osciald £650. Yeasu FP301 12V 10A PSU, bulli-in spkr
 - £85, 0243 573308 eve. PK232 laiesi, as new: £235, FT22i R 2m multimode Icvr c/w YC221 digital display: £275. Philips LDH 0050/03 TV camare, 200V AC 12V DC, c/w lenses. New, naver used, sensidle ollers. Squaeze key on marole base, es new: £5, 0243 573308.
 - ◆ DENTRON Clipperton lineer I 60-10m 2kW, very lille used: £350, KW Supermatch: £90. Avo 8 Mk5 RE/CAL: £85. Gould digital multimolar DMM7A mains/batt: £95, Advance digitel multimeter OMM3: £85, 0243 573308 ava.
 - ◆ YAESU caparates, FLDX400 transmitter, FRDX400 revr, SSB/CW/AM/FM inc 2m/4m/27MHz RX. Can be used TX or as separeta VFQ,a. Recently overhauled with 2 new PA valves litted, inc mic on sland end handbook: £200, 0709 814550.
 - HELPI My floorboards are sagging. Over 30,000 iCa and they've got to go. All medam types, and at silly prives. Exemples: at 20p each: 87401 15MHz. FIFO, M6086 sine-wave took-up lable, HY12/HZ12 hybrid D-A modules, HA2-2635-5 last power op-amp (normally £15 each). Into evailable, LM318/ LF396. At 10p each: CA3060/80 txconductance op-amp, NE529, CA3146, 74LS192/194, 74LS290. Al 5p each: TLQ80, CA3130, CA339, UA733 video-amp, 74S74/112, 74LS95, and loads more beeides! Mixad selection packs £5/100 or £10/250. Please alala (inspr/digital/mixed, Please edd 50g postaga, ALSO Sincleir QL with twin 3.5in floppies and NEC colour monitor: £175 one. Tractor-lead 80-col printer, Cantronics: £30, Jaybeam 2m white-slick: £15, GBKSM, (Durley) 04895 881 or write: 2 Sciviers Ville, Sulviers Lane, Lower Upham, Southampton, SO3 I HB.
 - PRINTER Copal medal SC5500 from ICS. Wide cerriage 136/233 columns, 12 char sels end NLQ. 180cps. Parallel Centronics Interface Epson com-patible, c/w nearly 2000 lanibid sheets. 2 spare nbbons and manual: £150, G3RDG QTHR, 01-455
 - ♠ BTTY_STSMC_T/II and Class 444 plus Creed mod. 7E with paper rolls and all uables. Mint. Con dem. Buyer collects: £85 onc. 19de 70cm Tonna ant: £10. GTAVE OTHR. 0245 55648.
 - SONY PRO90 I 50kHz-220MHz: £180, Pwr melar ▼ SUNY PROPOLISOR PROPORTING TO SURVEY PROPORTING TO SURVEY PROPORTING THE SERVEY SURVEY SUR
 - INTERESTING RTTY Iominal, well constructed documented in heavy duty aluminium enclosure. Circuit boards on edge connectors. Failures Inc. keyboard, memory, hard copy (Creed 444 free to purchasar), audio (n/out, video out. Delails/offers, G4GXE QTHR. 0298 78861.
 - FT101Z MX3, lan, mic, h/book: £390. Gona QRP.
 Jeybaam vertical VR3, 10/15/20m. £25. GM3HVN QTHR. (Abordeenshire) 0358 21324.
 - © HW101 with PSU, spkr l/mic, 600Hz hiter litted £230. FRG7 with Inleget DFM: £135, Icom IC260 2m m-mode with AC PSU, MM and t/mic: £255, All VGC. Buyer uplieut or pay carr. G4NJB. (Hull) 0482 500648 eva.

 YAESU FT726R 2m 70cm and salellile modula.
 - mini cond: £750. Hansan FS603M 70cm PEP meter: £35. Jaybeam 70cm I 9ele perabeam: £30. Vertical colinear: £30. Never used outside! All no offers. The JR599 custom special; £130, G6EYD, (Chasterfield) 0246 239487
 - ICOM IC2E with case and charger: £120. Also Yaesu FT2700RH with voice synthesiser (naverused mobile): £310. Both units in exu.cond. G6MRZ. 0782 630843.
 - SELLING Leak Verislope valve amp. 12W: £15. Rogers valva VHF Juner; £15. Thompson CSF BandW camera. Needs Jens: £12. Neon Helium lasar tube 1.2mW and PSU, working £60. TV luner, UHF, amaisul, bands 1 and 3; £30, G8JAQ 0684 573977.
 - FT290R with nicads, charger, phones, Mulak front end, carrying case, rubber duck: £275. Tektro-nix scope 581A with type 82 duel trace, type L, type 53/54k, calibration and differential plug-ins, type 81 adeptor, probe and manual; £200 pno. Marcont eig.gen. 10-480MHz, ualibrated allanuator; £50. Wayne-Kerr LCR bridge: £20. Devid G4ZZS, 0703 695144.
 - MICROWAVE Modules 2m lineer amp MML100S.
 100W output 10W input. As new: \$85. G4NTY

QTHR. 061-790 7673.

● ICOM IC251A as new; £375. FT101ZD, fan, 12V Invarier, 6-bands: £375, WARC kit for FT101Z: £20, 2m Tonna 13ele portable: £25, Prestel Terminal, built-in screen, modern, keypad (ideal for RSGB Data Box): £35, G4GXL, (Oursley, Glos) 0453

AR880: £45, LG300 TX and PSU: Free, Four 813s and two bases: £20, Seven 807s end one base; £10, 5-band vertical 18AVT-WB: £50. Jaybeam 2m I Cela yagl: £5. Two Jaybeam 4m 4ele yagls and splitter: £10. G5NU QTHR. 0734 871290.

 TEKTRONIX storage scope type 549 with type M qued trace module end type CA dual trace module. Manuals and Irollay/stand, Suyar collect or arranga (hemis inducingl): \$55. Mike G4GGC QTHR, [Sullolk) 0787 71842.

■ KENWOOD dip meter and colls type DM81 for sale with a Dalwa type CS401 4-channel aarial switch. The bl; £29. G4VLN QTHR, 01-330 2739.

● RCVR R1155 with spkr and mains PSU. 8C221 frequency mater with PSU. Both in working order. Wit self separately. R1155: £30 one. BC221: £50 ono. Buyer collects. Reason for sale, going solid stata. G3DSX QTHR. 0264 52603.

■ ICOM ICR70 comm. rcvr. ICSP3 ext. spkr, FM board filled. 2m Microwava Modules cvtr, mini cond. orlg, boxes and manual, Buyer inspects and collects, £530 evno. Cash prelaited please, G08PX

Other, Oxford) 0865 24892.

◆ YAESU digital display YC601 for FY101/277 end FT401/505 series (cvrs, boxed and manusi: £38 inc leads, C4ZUX QTHR, 0934 512141.

KW2000E and Q mult. Good cond: £175. Heath
HW101, HP23B, \$8550 frequency display, outboard
VFQ. Coder, PR30 pre-selector: £150. MM2 elector
ic memory keyer: £50. G4AMT QTHR. (Cornwall)

● TS700G 2m all-modes: £350, Haelhkil GOM model GO/IU: £10. Haalhkli VVM model 1M/180: £25. Healhkil sig gen RF/IU. £25. Retaior RTAI 75: £40, Jeybeam 8XY/2m; £15, Allas vertical 10/15/20/ 40; £15, GEC resistor/capecitor testar (AC mains); £10. G4EGP. (Palgnion) 0803 555549.

STATION of lete G3K8N, HRO with 8 GC coils: \$20, Minimiller TOP27 transmiller: \$20, MC70 xial The Control of the Co

 TEN-TEC Argosy HF torr with eccessories, PSU, axc.cond. £350. Hameg HM203-4 20MHz scope. Exc.cond. £180 onc. SEM Transmalch Ezdune. VGC:£70. John, G4GWE QTHR. 0908 51 11 29 eve. BELCOM LS102L: £150 onc. Nato Commiron 21/8/D FM/AM: £75 onc. GI PLX. 0526 52540.

 FT707, 100W, WARC, Exc cond: £395, 8BC-8.
 ISS7 OFS/AOFS: £225, Solidisk 128K RAM/ROM: 1637 UPS/MUP: 1223. Springs 1256 Announced.

640. 80TS 00: 885 asch. Panasonic KXP1 080 prin-ler: £140. Ferguson I 2hr menitor: £60. Joyslicks: £8. Wwise and orig. 1egistration: £25. All. 0243 822891.

• YAESU FL2000B linear 60-10m, in first class

cond: £275. RAF 1155, no mods, working with cased PSU/spkr for AC mains operation. A gih at £25. Claed 444, low hours with additional commar-cial acoustic cover that cost £2501; £36. Masses of paper Irea to purchaset, KW 160 AM/CW TX, VFO cantrolled, in VGC, Self-contained, mains powered, melared: £25. Prafai buyei collect/s. Carr. extra. G3CRH QTHR. (W.Mids) 05436 6364 aftar 6.30pm.

● RACAL RA17 RX 0.5MHz to 30MHz, Rack mounting model with luned RF emp. A bit scruffy but GWO: £140 onc. G0XIH. (Suney) 0252 722139. ● HOWES 50MHz tvtr 144MHz input, as new: £105.

Belcom Liner 2, 144MHz SSB Icvr, VGC, manual, mic: £75, Yaesu FL2050 144MHz Imaar, 50W and O/P, as new: £65. Realistic PRO32 scannor, as new, nicads, charger: £125. G4JXK. (Faraham) 0329 230737

● FT230R, rilcads, scope, Hamag HM312-8 dual frace. Yeasu FRG7000. Allal dip meter. Ollers invited. Yamahe electronic organ, 2 manuals, pedal board, Model B-4BR, Offers over: £200, G6ROE QTHR. 0702 586781.

● STRUMECH winch with trans: £100, IC210 2m with PSU: £80, 4m Storno boot mount, 3-chans: £40. Sjandard 420 70cm handheld 6-chans: £65. Hudson FM208 4m: £10. Piper EME 23cm amp 150W with PSU, unused: £150, G4CX8, QTHR. (Ivar) 0753 652933.

● TRIO_TSI20S with mobile bracket. Exc.cond: £350. G4ROT. 0329 236906.

◆ YAESU YDI48 dynamic dask mic, boxed, as new: £15. Hi-mound HK802 brass key, exc cond: £55 ono. Paul G0KPH. (Warwick) 0925 429719.

© UNIOEN 8C170 scannar, 16-memory, (29-512MHz), 12V mains adaptor. Unwanted gift, as naw with handbook: £120. G6VFR. Or. Kevin Dorsay-Tyler, 0602421421 and bleep.

● COLLINS KWMI Icvr collectors itam. See TT RadCom July 88, PSU, spara valves, mic, manual,

superb cond. Offers or exch. compact solid state low WHY? Bob Ralph, GAKSG OTHR, 021-743 7979.

● TRIO TH21E compact 2m handheld, boxed. Spera nicad battary, C type battery case and spkr/ mlc: £120. G4KSG QTHR. 021-743 7979.

● FT102 lcvr. Fitted AM/FM board, manuals: £525 ono. Adonis desk mic. AM303G: E28. Bargain. All axc.cond. Buyer inspects and cellects, G3MIN OTHR (New Stanford Lines) 0780 62675.

● PACCOM TNC220, c/w leads for BBC-B: £110 one, Bart G RTTY terminal STSC c/w leads for BBC-B and FT707: £60 one. Both in exc.cond. Stephen, GOOLIA OTHR, (Sulfolk) 0284 878159.

Stephen, GOUDA (11HI, TSWORK) (284 B/3139.

• YAESU FT23R 2m fevr cw 2 elicáe f NB10 battery pecks, NC28C mains charger, PA6 DC car adaptor/charge. Soft case, MH18 spkr/mic. Bell clip: 1250. G4Y8U. 01-393 9691 eve-w/e.

EDISCN Gem cylinder phonograph with 15 2in cylinders, Olfers. Brother Qaisy-wheel printer, model H810C for Commodore 54, Plus 4, Vic 20 and 16. New: £75 onc. GSUL 0.7HR. 01-749 1454.

◆ VALVES 2C39A, 4CX2508, QQV0320. Small quentity of each Bases, SK620, QQ(B7A) to suit if regid, unfinished projects. Any reasonable offers accepted of WHY?, GIASE not OTHE, 0760

720989 efter 5pm.

• FT9020M with CW filler, mic, handbook, origpacking. Little used, looks like new: £495. No offers. Roger, G4NVA QTHR. (Central Cheshira) 0477

● 10GHz WB/TX/RX; £30. Printer RS232; £30. Tape punch 300cps: £30. Taletype 33 with stand: £25. 2-216MHz sig.gen: £75 2304MHz preamp: E18, Weterproof wallimity case: £15, Meins motors, laris: £4 each, Mains Irensformers, chokes, digital junk, ribbon cable. G4NVA QTHR. (Cheshire) 0477 33011.

● FOK750E, 2m multimode. Exc.cond. c/w mebile mic: £250. Phil, G0DDI QTHR. 0702 76104.

Z88 computer with extra 32k RAM, software by C Port to PCW8256, as new. Boxed, manual atc;

£195. Oavid Cole. 01-594 3495 day. ● YAESU FT980 tcvr: £950. MBI 88 desk mic: £40. Yaesu FT227R 2m lovr, mic and PSU: £95, KW109 Supermatch: £90, CM8533 RGB monitor: £120, AR-22R rotator with 150ft cable: £95. Ex G3VQC.

● OATONG FL2: £60. Lowe uftra loco UZ 1000 tuned preemp: £30. Racal 12m telescopic mast. used for lightweight HF beam. As new: £100, BBC-8. 32K sideways ram, double donaity litted twin 40/80 track disk drives. Software gelore. 70 roms, 000 games. All on disk. Business utilities, technical and ameteur radio progs, inc. log, qty locator, repealer, search, Identification, lei-long locator, spreedsheel, town/city search for UK and USSR, giving lai-long OTH locator atc. All on one program. £100 worth books, ell mint. Offors, John G4TEN QTHR. (Blandford) 9258 53075 eve-w/e.

WANTED.

 VERSATOWER 36/46/50 or similar bitover mast Trio SM220 plus BS80 SP940, G3MJK QTHFL (Hanis) 025687 439.

● WORKSHOP manual for Aide I 03 3-band love or copy, All expenses ratunded, G3ZLJ QTHR. [Wolrerhampton) 0902 761 339.

◆ LEAFLETS from shows, for exhibition in Wireless Museum. Wartime "Racio Times", wireless books, megazines, calalogues alc. List pre-WW1 amateurs. Cartridge recorder, BBC mic. R1082 Y1083. Details

Carnoge recores, pot mis, into a violation to Couglas Byrne, G3RPO QTHR, 0983 67865.

■ SCHEMATIC or circuit diagram for Eddystone 15770R or copy. Will pay expenses. G0EYN QTHR. (Mansfield) 0523 555509.

YAESU FT107M HF trans, must be mint or VGC

with Ini. or axi. PSU. (Weymouth) 0305 773240.

FC902 ATU with or without FT902DM toyr, Also KWI 07 Supermatch ATU, Oigital unit for FTI 01Z.

GOKCQ OTHR. 0449 872726.

◆ DRAKE 28 revr in good cond. Collins CW and RTTY 455K/C filters. GISNUM OTHR, 0861 524315 day, 08462 70796.

● COLLINS 75S3B, 32S3, 30LI, 30SI or KWM2(A). Turns counters Groth, Millen or B and W. Hy-gain d8.10-15 or similar 10-15m dual-band yegi. Chris Pedder, G3VBL OTHR, 0772 612289.

WANTEO, wanted, wanted... Faulty of damaged Racal RX etc. Sleve. 0254 823305.

HAMMALUND SP600RX, Good cond. Exch lor GEC BRT400 RX, Racal RA1772 RX. Anything considered, any condition. Cash waiting Please help Racal null Also bandspread coils for HRQ G5XNC. 01-462 4461.

OECCA KWI08 monitorscope - replacement

MODULAR TRANSCEIVERS

The following discrepancies have been reported to G3TSO by constructors of his Modular Transceiver:

Modufe 1. Components list, add D108 - SBL1. T101 is 2t + 6t not 6t + 6T as T102.

Module 4. Components list, C421 Is 470 pF not 270 pF.

Module 5. Components list, L505 to L512 cores are T50-6 not T50-2.

Fig 5 page 774. IC301 pins 11 and 13 are reversed.

Fig 21 page 883, fC2 is CA3140 not CA3130.

Will anyone interested in

obfaining PCBs for the Modular Transceiver please contact G3TSO in writing, as soon as possible. PCB's will be made available in complete sets of seven boards. If they include a SAE he will advise them of the cost and time scale of production. He anticipates that he will need to order at least 25 sets to make the cosf acceptable. Those who have already contacted him by phone are also requested to write.

He can provide data of relevant tilters necessary to: WARC band operation.

power transformer required or screp monitorscope containing marviceable transformer. Goulding GW3GWA OTHR, 0978 266760 eve.

300Wplus line er wanted. All offers replied to and acknowledged. GM0EKM QTHR. 09505 405.
 EARLY wireless XIal sets, horn speakers, valves,

old books, catalogues, bound volumes Wireless World wanted. Also interested in American Comm. RX's, Jim Teylor G4ERU, S Luther Road, Winton, Bournemouth, 0202 510400.

Drake R4C with Sherwood litter mods for CW and

SS8, Ron G3TLX, 01-958 8671 eve.

● YAESU FTV700 lvtr frame with 2m module. GOJXZ QTHR. 021-748 7851.

 KW2000 any model, don't mind II not working or incomplete but must be cheap. Also need various bits and pieces for AR880 restoration, can you help7 Chris GI ZXY, (Begulidy) 05477 273

●100W mobile HF low such as FT707, TSI 20S, TSI 30S, TSI 40S. Also Fax-1 wented. (Somersel) 0278 652139.

Power unit Codar 250/S as used with AT5 TX. Marris, 35 Kingswood Hise, Farnham Rd, Slough, SL2 I OA

 ■ VALVES type 6LO6 wanted, G4RHI QTHR, 0297 32572

TWO enode connectors for conduction cooled 4CX250's (CCSI). Your price paid, G3RPO, 0265

 WANTEO for TI154/RI155 installation, Jones plugs, visual Indicators, AI134 amp WHY? Also wanted for FTDX401 lcvr, FV401 ext. VFO. GDJNT not QTHR. 0472 752794.

FINAL amp 425LH RF choke, 500k ohms AF gein pot with Cat switch for Heathkit S8I 01 fcvr, John, GOULO OTHR, 0769 74051 I.
 ● GEN.COV, Tx/RX, ET757GX, FT747, IC720A atc.

Anything considered. Also early HF SSB rig, suitable spares/repair, FT401, Swan 350, FT200 anything. (Thanet) 0843 294446.

● 40A PSU not Homebrew, 35A considered, must be in good cond. Also JST 135 toyr wanted. Must be mint. Noward, G0HZH QTHR, 0394 450474.

KLYSTRON CV2346. Also wanted. Microwave

oscillator approx 10-15GHz, Also wavemeter to bscalator approx 10153472, Assa wavements to measura 12-15GHz. Good price paid, carr. arranged. Needed urgantly for microwava exper-iments, N.S Bennett, G3HSC. 45 Graen Lane, Pur-ley, Surray, CR2 3PC. 01-569 2896 anytime. ■ DRAKE T4XC AC4 MS4, R4C T4XC MS4 AC4.

Will consider solo R4C. Equip, must be mint cond with boxes, manuals, spares II available. Will inspect/collect in April, Mall into/photos to Box 5347, Res el Khaimah, U.A.E. Your poslaga costs will be

repain.

TEN-TEC Argosy, 0243 57330B ava.

STILL looking for any parts for G2OAF RX, complete rigs, part bulls, unfinished ones or just components, in particular colle, stels, 898 dial, mech, filter, metalwork etc. GBHLL, 051-334 dul 2.

DATONG keyboard model MK, G8FR CTHR.

 ► DATORIG Reyoborid model MR. GBFH OTHE. (Hants) 0243 376177.
 ► BC348, BC224 for spares/restoration, parts, dynamotors etc. APA10, BC1031 panedaptors. PSU module for German ES2 RX or duff ES2 containing onc. PVI35 (ATP35) PA bottle for WS12 TX. GBLIU QTHR. (Uxbridge) 0895 30006.

SONY ICF 7600DS, 0202 301913 eve

 SMALL petrol generator, preterbally lightweight and quiet, Honda or similar WHY? Manual or loan to copy for Merconi TFI 44H/45 stg.gan. Oave, GOCAO OTHR.(Oxlord) 0865 341 428.

G3MPO FET dip oscillator Mk2 or similar. GDO

must be in good cond. G3AO OTHR, 0663 50639 • FT77 CW litter, 20A PSU, Alf, 0243 822891.

ATU KW107 or similar, Proletbely with Int. swr/ pwr mater, dummy loed and antenne switching. Martyn, G4HIA QTHR 0742 368267.

● MORSE keys, brass pre-1939 please. (Lincs) 0778 424496

● FVI0IOM, FTV90IR. Ex. VFO and Ivtr. Paul G0KPH. (Warwick) 0926 429719.

SERVICE sheet for Telefunkan Allegretto 10-10 stereo luner-amp. Handbook for Marconi TF2200A scope. Pages 27-29 inclusive from handbook for Swan SS200 lcvr. John Power, GM0KTQ, 43 Mer-wick SI, Glasgow, G31 3NE, 041-556 6985 efter

HF LOOP ANTENNA

CepCo have pointed out what they regard as e problem in I1ARZ's design published last month. As it stands with the dimensions provided, they say that the tuning won't work on 10m.

Additionally the internal diameter should be 80cm, and at least a 2.5" gap should be included at the top.

3-BAND TRANSCEIVER

In G3TXO's transceiver (Feb 89 RadCom) p45 Fig 2, IC109 (SL6270) should have 22kohm resistor from pin 5 to earth (pin 6). Without this, oscillation can occur at AGC threshold, dependent upon the polarity of the Input offset between pins 4 and 5. This polarity is batch dependent, the resistor is advised in the date book.

HELPLINES

Owing to the heavy demand on spece in this month's RadCom we have had to temporarily torgo fhis popular feature.

But remember the deadline for the MAY issue of RadCom is Wednesday

22 MARCH latest, and if you can send items in earlier it would be much appreciated.

Write to us marking your envelope 'Helplines' end we'll do what we can to get the message

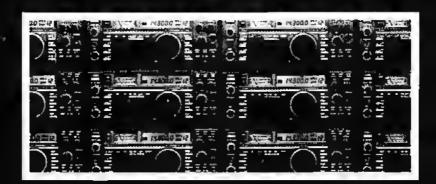
RAE







OUT NOW £4.95 TO RSGB MEMBERS BY POST



George Benbow G3HB

CLUB NEWS

<u>QEADLINE</u> - items for includion in the MAY issue must be sent to MQ marked "Clnb Nows - OfARY" to be received by Wadnesday 22 MARCH latest.

If news is recoived by the published deadline, it will appear in the listing. It is your responsibility to ensure that items are sent DIRECT to HQ in good time. Hews items should be sent in writing, preferably typed or written legibly, and be signed by the club secretory or the person responsible for publicity.

- AVOH:

 * Bath & DARG 1, MF night on the air; 15, preparation for ACH; 29, video night.

 * Bristol ARC *MEW SECRETARY* Barry Robbins, COCFH tel: Bristol 6005D3.

 * Horth Bristol ARC 17, MF octivity night; 25, third inter-cinb "Bnils Eye" competition; 31, 80m octivity night.

 * Shirchampton ARC 3, Satellite TV demo by COIME; 10, Discourse by C3PHV; 17, talk "Spectometers" by CADPJ.

 * South Bristol ARC 1, talk "GWR from the Footplete" by Ren Gardner; 8, MF activity ovening; 15, bring & buy/junk sale; 22, Easter activity evening; 29, hand-held rig meet.

 * Thornbury & DARC 1, tolk "Merlai illuminate" by D Yotes, G3PCO, BBC Engineering Treining Dept. Evenhem; 15, MF octivity.

- DFORDSHIRE:
 Dunstable Downs RC 20, CB2WCG at Watford
 CIfis' Gremmar School.
 Shefford & DARC 9, talk "Op Amps" by High,
 CGTDT and Derek, CBJLP; 16, junk sale; 23,
 computer evening bring your machine &
 software; 3D, talk by Alan, CBPSO and Tim,
 CGRCT.

BERKSHIRE:

- * Burnhem Beechas RC 6, AGN & talk; 2D, telk
 "Networks" by Brian Kerr* Recoding ARC 9, junk sole; 23, discussion on
 Project YEAR.

BUCK INCHARSHIRE:

* High Mycombe ARC - *NEW* meets every second Thursday of the month at Unit 2, Fryers Morks, Abercrombe Avonue, High Mycombe. Details G20RI.

- * Falkirk & DRS *REFORMED* Details Bill
- Ferguson, CH6VCV tel: 0324-2244.

 * Stirling & DARS *HEW SECRETARY* Brien
 Mulleady, CM1PVC tel: 0324-36235.

CHANNEL ISLANDS:

* Guornsey ARS - *NEW SECRETARY* Peter Bannler,
GU4SXH,

CHESHIRE:

- Chester & DRS 14, "Your questions answered"; 21, talk & demonstration "Hotes from an experimenter's diary" by G2FVA; 28, aurplus
- aquipment sale. * 6, talk "Underwater DXing" by Goffr, GASYG (provisionol); 20 tolk "The 7th mystery" by Trever, GBTYY.

- * Commy Valley ARC *TEMPORARY SECRETARY* CMMHNL, tal: 0492-530725. 2, annual construction competition. * Delyn RC 14, ACM; 28 RSCB film or video.

- DERBYSHIRE:

 * Buxton RAs *MEW VEXUE* Leemood Hotel, Buxton.
 Details CalHO tol: 0298-5005.

 * Derby & DARS 1, Junk sale; 8, talk "TVI Its
 causes end cures" by Fred Ward, G2CVV; IS, talk
 & demo by Nutek Ltd; 22, ACH; 29, talk
 "Noteor-Scatter" by Migel Milsen, C4VVZ,

- * Exeter ARS 13, talk "OF on top band" by John,
- Exeter ARS 13, talk "UP on top band" by John C3COM.

 Exmoor RG *MEW SECRETARY* Higel Puttick, C4PCM tel: 07697-607. *NEW VENUE* The Did
 Chapel, Horth Holton, first and third Thursday at 7.30pm.
- at 7.3cpm.

 **Tannton & DARC *NEW SECRETARY* Pater
 Robinson, GDEYR tol: 0823-275973, 3, tolk by
 Erlo Godfrey, G3GG; 17 RSG8 video.

**Bonnementh RS - **NEW ORGANISER* Clivo, GSMY1 tel: 0202-422441. 19, bring & bny.

- * Filght Refuelling ARS *NEW SECRETARY* Graham, G3VMO tel: 0202-886151. S, talk "Direction Finding" by John, G6A2V; 12, talk "Audio Techniques" by Collin, G6MXL; 19, talk "EMC lechnology" by G4MMO. *Seuth Oorset RS 7, junk sala and bring & buy.

SSEA: * Loughton & DARS - 10, C30PA top Band OF set construction judging night, RLO led Whitworth, C4TUO is the judge.

GREATER LONDON:

- CREATER LONDON:

 * Acton, Brentford & Chiswick ARC 21, talk
 "Aeronoutical Communicotions" by CACD.

 * Echelford ARS **KEW VENUE/SECKETARY* Staines
 Congragational Church, Kingston Road, Staines,
 Hiddx. Details GOJSP, 114 Patarfield Ave,
 Staines, Middx.

 * Edgwere & BARS 9, RSGB video evening; 23,
 talk & demo "Weather Satellite Recaption" by
 John Cobley, CARMO.

 * Harrow ARS 3, talk "Nowes Products" by Dave,
 CAKCH; 10, activity night; 77, construction
 contest; 31, ACM.

 * Mome Conntles ATVG 22, talk "Sofety in the
 Shack" by CBPDS,

 * Southgate ARC 9, talk "The Effects of Weether
 on Propagation" by Jim Bacon, C3YLA; 23,
 partable MF rig evoluation night.

 * Mimbledon & DARS **RECENT NEW SECRETARY* Hick
 Lawlor CGALM; tol: 01-330 27D3.

- Lawlor C6AJY, tol: 01-330 2703.

CREATER HANCHESTER:

- Eccleo & DARS 7, demonstration "Avoiding TVI" by COKRG.
- by GBKRG.

 South Manchester RC 1D, talk "Computers in Education" by John Ashurst, 8.Sc., 17, surplus equipment sale; 31, talk "Confessions of a Sefety Engineer" by C. Plummer.

 * Stockport RS 8, club project.

* Chepatow & DARS - *NEW SECRETARY* Oan Taylor GWOECH, tel: 0291-426725.

CWYNEDO:

- CMYNEDO:

 * Drogon ARC *NEW SECRETARY* Tony Rees, CWOFMQ tals D248-600963. 6, debate "Will the Introduction of a student/novice licence be a good thing for the future of Amateur Rodio?"; 20, telk "Fifty Years of Amateur Radio" by Ron Horrocks, CWZFLP,

 * Helrion ARS *NEW SECRETARY* Brian CWAKDP.

- RAMPSHIRE:

 * Andover RAG *NEW SECRETARY* GBALR

 tel: 0264-23741.

 * Saalngstoko ARC *NEW SECRETARY* David Deano,
 G3201 tel: 0734-332777. 6, talk "The RSGB" by
 Trevor, G3KMU, local RLO.

 * Farnberongh & DARS *NEW PRO* COHAA

 tel: 0252-519773, 8, talk "VHF Contast
 Committee" by G3HMI.

 * Horndean & DARS *NEW SECRETARY* Hr F
 Chorrett, G3C00, 8 Havis Grescent, Havent,
 Hants, PD9 2AE. 2, talk "The RSGB" by G3MKU.

 * Itchen Valley ARC 10, AGH; 18, annual Dinner;
 24, talk "Palaeontology" by GAEOW;

 * Rowner & DARS *NEW SECRETARY* GMCN

 tel: 0705-261977,

- **Rowner & DARS **NEW SECRETARY* COMEN tel: 0705-261977,

 **Southempton ARS **NEW SECRETARY* Halcolm Troy, GIUM, tel: 0703-701770.

 **Three Counties ARC 1, talk "Sstallite Communications" by the RAF; 15, club night; 29, talk "Satellite Digital Communications" by Hichael Heerman.

 **Victory Contest Group 4, talk "4C 250 Ampliflers Built & Tested in 80 hours" by G3XDY, at Sutser Hill Beacon, 3 pm.

 **Minchester ARC 17, talk "5WR and that Burning Smell" by G3XDY.

 **Minchester ARC 28, talk "Amoteur Microwave Equipment".

- HEREFORD & WORCESTER:

 * Bromsgrove ARS 1%, OTT RIS rig chacks; 28, 4m night on the air.

 * Bromsgrove ARRC 10, ACM at Avencroft Art Centre, Bromsgrove at 8 pm.

 * Halvarn Hills ARC 14, talk "Metaorology" by John Spicer, GBLIU.

 * Valo of Evoshem ARC 2, talk "Something in the Sky" by C4HIJ.

 * Wythail RC 1%, rolly preparation; 19, 4th annual Mythail radio raily; 21, raily roundup and reviam; 28, Tho New Liconco Conditions reviewed by Chris Pottitt, CGEYO.

HERTFORDSHIRE:

- Cheshunt & DARC *NEW SECRETARY* Rogor, CACAA tel: 0992-464795, 8, talk "Mistory of ecomunications pt3" by Derek, GOBIX; 22, junk
- * Welmyn-Hatfleld ARC 20, wideo evening.

HUMBERS IDE:

Morth Ferrlay United ARC - 10, talk "QRP" by Rev.George Dobbs; 17, activity night; 31, talk "Aerlais" by Pater, G3PDL.

* 1slo of Men ARS - *NEW SECRETARY* June Wrigley, 20 Fairy Hill Close, Ballofessen, Port Erin, 1slo of Man, tel: 0624-834257,

Sinstead ARS - *NEW ADDRESS FOR SECRETARY* Hr O.F. Barnes, Flet 17, Rose Court, Helville Street, Ryde P033 3A1.

Jersey ARS - *NEW SECRETARY* David Reld, CJ08ZF.

- KENT:

 * Edenbridge ARS 1, net night; 8, gadgets & glzzmos/project; 22, shack visit by C41PJ.

 * Fellxstome & DARS 6, talk "Police Deg Handling" by Ken Backhouse, C4RIR, Suffolk Constabulery.

 * Maldstone (YMCA) ARS 10, "AYV" with C81CY.

 * Sevendaks & DARS *MEM* Meetings 7.30pm on 3rd Mondey of each month at Emergency Control Centra, Sevendaks DC Officas. Secretary: Barry Leggett, G7CIC tal: 0732-741222 ext.245. 20, Radio Amateurs exams.

 * SE Kent (YMCA) ARC 8, ten-minute telks; 16, Morso test; 23, construction eontest.

LANCASH18E

- * East Lancs ARC 7, surplus egulpment sale. * Eccles & DARS 7, talk/demo "Avolding IVI" by
- * Eccles & DARS 7, terminated Carrotte Carrott

LEICESTERSHIRE:

- **Leleastor RS ~ 6, guarterly progress, open meating 13, HF/WHF octivity night; 20, telk "Lot's get Gigs-ling (10GHz)" by GBMWR. **Helton Mombroy ARS ~ 17, grand junk salo,
- LINCOLNSHIRE .
- Grantham RC *NEWS SECRETARY* John, COWWJ tel: 0476-65743.

- ERSEYSIDE:

 * Liverpool & DARS *NEW SECRETARY* Lynn
 Bromsgrove, GIEXJ tel: 051-486 5745. 7, RLO's
 report; 14, activity construction club atn
 en afr; 21, talk "EMC" by Cordon, G30VW; 28,
 surplis equipmont sale.

 * Wirral ARS *NEW SECRETARY* Alox Seed, G3F00,

- RFOLK:

 Merfolk ARC 1, "Any Questions" esk the

 panel for answers1; B, surplus equipment

 euetlen/bring & buy; TS, talk "Computer elded

 Printed Circuits" by Peul Sergent, CHONF; 22,

 The Shefford Glub project Zm DC XCVR, by Diek
- The Shefford Glub project ZM DC XCVR, by Diek Bacon, GSMRJ. Yarmonth RC 2, talk & demo "Using 2M for Local & DX Talk"; 16, telk "Electronics & Mediea! Imageing"; 23, talk "Fault Finding on Radio Equipment" by GSVKM.

NORTH YORKSHIRE:

* Hornsea RC = 1, talk "SMR" by G3TEU; 15, talk
"Omege Entertains" by G47TV; 22, talk "Computer
Operating Systems" by Simon SWL,

- NOTIENCHAMSKIRE:

 * Mensfleld ARS *NEW VENUE* Westfleld Folk
- Mansileld and When you mestileld folk Honse, Mestfield Lame, Hansfield, second and fourth Fridays et 7.30pm, 24, "Foxhunt". Worksop ARS 14, talk/videe "MSLFL"; 28, talk "Astronomy" by Kevin CAMDO.

* Orknay Group - 1, slida & tope lecturo "Soler Cyelo 21".

**Telford & DARS - 1, G3ZME on the air; B, undar £5 construction contest; IS, packet radio updato, G3IMP; 22 construction competition; 29, Morso class and club station.

OMERSET: *Yoov11 ARC - 2, talk "Logarithms & OBM" by C3MYM; 9, entries in for constructors contest -homo brew tebocce tin transceiver; 16, talk "The Effect of Snaspot Haximum" by C3MYM; 23, censtructors contest.

EVENTS DIARY

SOUTH CLAMORGAN:

- UTH CLAMORGAN: British Telerom ARS 8, talk/drmo "What's Up Thero?" by Mr. L.E. Horrby of Sparrtrrh; 16, 1816 visit. Cerdiff RSGS Grorp 13, telk "Converting CG
- Rigs* by GW3SPA.

 Highlields ARC 2, terhalral telk by John Cesr, GW9H/R; 16, trchalcal telk by John Gese, GW4HWR; 30, Guiz.

SOUTH YORKSHIRE:

- SOUTH YORKSHIRE:

 Barnsiry & OARC 13, talk/demo "Hicrowave
 Constructior" by Eric, C3MWN; 27, on the air.

 Rotherhem & DARS *NEW VENUE* Ihr Gorrdien
 public house, St.Arns Road, Rotherham, Meets on
 the first Wedersday of rach month.

STRAILHOLYDE:

West of Scotland ARS - 24, "Irnna Mast" CM4VHZ.

Toswich RC - 8, constructional rortrst -membars orly; 29, menting of South Angile Repeater Group.

SUPPEY.

* Sutton & Cheem RS - 17, constructional cortest.

- WARWICKSHIRE:

 * Rugby A15 14; talk by Ian Hopmood, GOEDT,
 RSCB Llaison Ofilrer; 28, test gear evening
- with GPIWH, Stretford-upon-Avon & OARC 13, Howes Communications; 27 AGM and jrrk sale,

WEST CLAMORGAN:
* Swensee ARS - 2, visit to MTV Studios, Cardill,
Detells: CW0880, tel:D792-8181DD,

WEST HIGHANDS:

of MIDLANDS: Coventry ARS - 3, alght on the alr and Morse tultion; 10, members' silde/video show; 17, night ar the eir and Morse tultion; 24, telk from British Amaterr TV Club; 31, alght on the

air and Morse tuition. Sutton Coldfield RS - *NEW SEERETARY* lony Quy, COFED, 17 Fireroft, Kingsbury Park, Kingsbury, W.Mids.

m.nias. Walverhempton ARS - 14, talk "The effects of acid rain, and alternetive means of generating power" by the CECB; 21, club project; 26, right or the air.

WEST SUSSEX:

* Horsham ARC - 2, Spring junk sele.

WEST YORKSHIRE

Keighley ARS: - 7, telk "Clandastino Radio" by C3LEQ1 21, night on the air; 20 visit to SMC Leeds, 8pm.

- Leads, 8pm.

 * Leeds & OARS 13, junk sale.

 * Spon Valley ARS 2, simple electroric projects by Carald Edinburgh, C3SDY; 16, pre-AGM.

 * Yodmorden & DARS *

 * White Rose ARS 15, constriction contest.

MOBILE RALLIES

This is a list of eli-reffles, exhibitions and convertions notified to HO (as et press date). Items are given in detail for the next three months inclusive and ir brist thereefter. Please send detailed informetion, including contact callsign and telephone numbers direct to HO and marked "Rally News - DIARY".

which the Blue Ster Redio Relly - High Coslorth Perk (Memoastle Racecourse). Usual ettrections, telk-in avsilable. Details lerry, GGVEC tel: 091-264 8196.

5 KARCH

- MARCH

 Bsrry Rally Borry Leisrre Centre, oil Molton
 Road, Barry. Detells Mike CMBCAU
 tel: Q446-711426.

 Bury Hamfeest The Cestle Leisure Centre,
 Belton Street, Brry, Doors oper liem, large
 bring & bry, reireshments available, talk-in on
 \$22. Venue just 3 mins from MSG. Detells C4KL7
 tel: Q61-762 9300.

 MARCH

Trailord Raily - *NEW VENUE* The G-MEX Centre. * Trailord Raily - *NEW VENUE* the G-MEX Centre, Henchester. Opens flem (10.30em for disabled), RSCB stand, usual traders, bring & bry, refreshments erd bar. Entrence £1 includes frre cesh prize draw. Ample free ard peld for perking edjacent or close by. Details Graham CIIJK tel: O61-748 980%, * Pontefrect & DARS 9th Annrel Composents Fair - Opens llam, admission lree, prize programme, trede stands, bring & buy stall, ORP stend,

bookstell, usual refreshments,Detalls Colla GCAAD tel: 0977-43101.

COMD tel: 0977-43101.

MARCH

Mythall RG Relly - Wythall Perk, Sliver Street,
Mythall (sorth of Birmingham on A435, 2 miles
from M42 Junc 3). Opens 71.30am, 3 large hells,
rsuel traders, junk å lire markets, bar end
snacks. Talk-in aveileble on S22 end ample irre
parking, Details Chris COEYO trl: D21-430 7267.
South Essex ARS Hoblie Rally - The Paddocks
Commenty Centre, Long Road, Carvey ts. Dpens
10am, talk-in on S22 by CBRSE. Details Ken
COGEN tel: 0268-755350.
Mid-Devon Rally - Parrier Harket, Tiverton.
Opens 10am, trade stands, bring å buy,
rrireshments, talk-in on S22. Details G41SW,
Mid-Devon Rally, PO Box 3, liverton, Devon.
Cambridgeshire Repeater Group Junk Sale & Relly
Extravagenza - Philips Catoring Centre,
St, Andrews Road, Cambridge, Fraders, bring å
buy, all-dey auctior. Details COHEN
tel: 0799-23659.
Bournemouth Anateur Event - Kinson Community 19 KARCH

* Bournemouth Amateur Event - Kinson Community Contro. Opens at 2pm, trade stands, bring & bry, relreshments, lree parking. Octalis Clive, CoNT tel: 0202-422441, evenings.

26 MARCH

- MARCH
 Gunringhame Olstrict RC Raily Magnum Lelsurr
 Gentre, Irviar. *NEW* Opens 10,30am, trade
 stards, lelsure centre facilities for the
 family. Details Petar CMOFC! tal: 0294-72253.
 MEDII
- Tamily, Details Petar GMOCI tal: 0294-7225.

 2 APRIL

 * White Roso Relly Leeds University, Drtails

 A.S Kessler, C40XA, PO Box 73, Leeds, LS1 5AR,

 * North Cornwall Radio Rally Sports Hall,

 Laurceston Collage, Details Hary

 tel: 0566-5632.

- APRIL
 RSG8 VHF CONVENTION Sandown Park Rececourse, * RSC8 VHF CONVENTION - Sandown Park Rececourse, Esher, Surrey. Usual trade stands, lecture programme, large RSC8 bookstell and committee stands, rolrashmants, ber, Ampla car parking. This year threa will be a Members' Hart (similar to Wobren) with a small number of tables available to non-tredar membars for the disposal of amater radio and allied items - cost f4.00/table/horr. Tables can be pre-booked by sending a chaque rede out to 'RSCB', to Hartin Shardlow, G3SZJ (01MR). Octalis RSCB HO or see advertishent in this lasue.

 3 APRIL

 * Swanses ARS Rally - Leisure Centre, A4067

or see advertishent in this lasue.

3 APRIL

* Swansee ARS Rally - Leisure Centre, A4067
Swansee to Mumbles road. Opens 10.30am, trade
stands, bring & buy, bookstall, HF
demonstration stetion, bar and refreshmente.
Talk-ir on 522 end via R86 by 6825WR. Details
Rager CW445H tel: 0792.404422.

* Harske-by-tha-Sos Rally - Harske Cormunity
Centre, High Street, Herske, or Seltburn,
E,Cleveland, Datails Allen, G7CBR
tel: 0642-480055.

30 APRIL

* BAIC Rally - The Crest Hotel, innotion 2 of the
H6 motorway. Smell entrance fee must be charged
to comply with local Sunday trading
regulations, Opens 10am, trade stands,
components etands, everything for the koen ATV
eethuslast, lectures end constructioe displays,
Details Trevor, C&CLS tal: 0532-670115.

* 6th Angle-Scettlah Relly - *CMANGE OF DATE*
lait Hall, Kelso. Oetella Bruce GM4UIB,
NAY

* Hid-Chashire APS Rally - Civic Hall, Mineford.

MAY

* Hid-Cheshire ARS Raily - Civic Hall, Winsford.

Opens 11am (10.3D for disabled). Full cetering and ample cer perking. Details David, CAXIV tals 0606-27787.

7 MAY

* Southend & District Mobile Relly - Roachway
Youth Centre, Rochford, Essex, Doors open 10am.
Octolis Ted G&TUD tol: 0702-202129.

* Yeovil GRP.Convention - Preston Centre, Morks
Dale, Yeovil, Doors open 9am, traders, two
lectures, refreshments. Octolis Dave, CIMPM,
14 MAY
* Orayton Mance Mobile Control

14 MAY

* Oreyton Manor Hobile Radio Relly - Dreyton
Hanor Park, Temmorth, Stafis, On A4091, 1 mile
from A5 junction. Opens liem, usual tradera,
flaa market, park facilities for family,
refreshments, bars. Talk-in on \$22 and 70cm.
Octolis Morman G88ME, tel: 021-422 9787.

21 MAY

21 MAY

* 32nd Morthern Mobile Relly - Creat Yorkshire
Showground, Herrogate, Morth Yorkshire. Ususl
large number of traders, craft stells.

Oetalls Harry G3COO. GA(1602118

* British lelecom ARS Relly - 6T HO, Coryton,
Cerdiff. Opens 10.30am, traders, bring & buy,
refreshments and bar. £1 addission (half-price
children/DAPs). Ample parking and easy eccess
100 yerds from H4 junc 32. Detells Hartyn
Jenkins, tel: 0222-379534 (office).

* Parkeneur Rally - Silverwood Hotel, Lurgen,
Co.Armegh. Opens 12 noon. Usual trade stands,
bring & buy, bookstall, OSL bureau. Telk-in on
\$22. Detells Jim, G11YGS tel: 0762-851179.

28 MAY

* 13th East Sullolk Wireless Revival - Civil

* 13th East Sullolk Wireless Rrvival - Civil
Srrvice Sportsgrornd, Bucklesham, nr. Ipswich.
Opens 10em, usuel treders and ettrectiors. Well
sulted for lemily day out. Free parking.
Details Jack, C4iff tel: 0473-464047.

* Maldstonr (YMCA1 Radio Rally - Sports Centre,
Meirose Close, Heldstone. Usual traders and
attractiors, srack bar and beer tert. Oeteils
C6F20 trl: 0622-50709.

* Plymouth 8C Mobil Rally - Plymstock School,
Church Roed, Plymstock, Plymouth. Opens 10em,
usual traders, demonstrations, relreshments and
raffle. Largr Iree car park, talk-in on S22.
Details Jor, CIRXR trl: 0752-509855.

BAY

- ** Doncastrr Radio Relly Bircotes Sports Centre, nrar Bawkry, Doncastrr, Deteils Audrey Wilson tel: 0307-72129 or 0307-857526, Write: 23 Florrnre Avonue, Balby, Doncaster.
- IN BRIEF Hore details later.

11 JUNE

* Elvaston Castle Mobila Relly - Elvaston Corntry
Park near Derby, Obtalis John CAPZY
tel: 0332-767994, Irade Peter C3WFU
tel: 0332-700265 evenings.

* 29th RNARS Mobila Rally - HMS Hercury,
Prtrrsileid, Hants, Detells Cliff, C4UJR
tel: 0703-557469,

tel: 0703-55769, Norfolk Raynet Raily - Barford Villega Hell (7 miles E of Norwich, NGR: 1C 113 078). Details lim, G4CIT. Hid-Lenark ARS Open Oay - Community Education Centre, Newarthill, by Motharmell, Octalia David, CHISSA tal: Holytown 732403.

David, CHISSA tal: Holytown /32403.

B JUNE

* Denby Cela ARS Relly - Shelley High School, S
miles SE of Hudderslield, W.Yorks, Oetalis
Ceraid Edinburgh tel: C484-602905.

25 JUNE

32rd Longlaet Mobile Raily - Longloet Perk, ar. Warminstar, Wilta, Detolls Shaun, GBVPG tal: D225-873098,

9 JULY
* Morcaster 6 OARC Oroltwich Strawberry Rally - High School, Droitwich. Details Derek Batchelor tel: 0905-641733.

* Cornlah RAC Rally - Richard Landor School, Iruro. Oatells Rolf Little tel: 0872-72554, 16 JULY

* Sussex Amateur Radio * Communications of the control o

* Sussex Amateur Radio & Computer Fair * Brighton Racacourse, Suasax, Details Bob, CilDS tair 0798-43841.

**Ponteiract Rececourse Relly & Fair * *CHANGE OF DAIE* Octails Colin COAAO tel: 0977-43101.

29/30 JULY

Ath ANSAT-UK Colloquium/2nd RSCB Date Symposium University of Surrey, Culidford, Details G3AAJ tel: DI-989 6741, (Sea news item re this joint event), 30 JULY

Scenborough ARS Relly - The Sps. Scenborough. Detalla lan, G4UQP tel: 0723-376847. 6 AUGUST

RSGB MATICNAL HOBILE RALLY - Woburn Abbey, Bedfordshire. Detelle Normen Hiller, C3MVV tel: 0277-225563 deytime.

AUCUST AUCUSI Filight Refuelling Hemfest 'B9 - Filight Refuelling Sports Ground, Wimborne, Dorset, Oetalls John COAP1 tel: 0202-691649 or Rob G6DUN tel: 0202-479038.

Derby Redio Relly - Lower Bomrosa School, St,Albars Road, Derby, Oetalla Hartin, G3SZJ tel: 0332-SS6875,

20 AUCUST

Red Rose Summer Relly - Bolton Sports & Exhibition Centre. Details Deve, C1100 tel. OZD4-24104 evanlegs.

27 AUGUST
* Torbay Mobile Relly - STC Social Club, Brixham Road, Palgnton, Devon. Datelle C3KZJ (OHR), NO APPLICATIONS UNTIL AFTER MAY 1989 PLEASE
* Geleshiela & DARS Opon Day - Focus Centre, Caleshiels, Detella John, CNDAMB.
* BARTG Relly - Sandown Perk Rececoursa, Esher, Surrey. Detalls Peter, C8VXY tel, 021-853 2676, 3 SEPTEMBER

3 SEPTEMBER

* 22nd Preaton ARS Raily - University of Larcester, Oetella Codirey, C30W0 tel: D772-5381D,

* Telford Ameterr Redio Reily - Talford Exhibition Centre, Oetelle Martyn, C3UKV tel: 0952-255416.

10 SEPTEMBER

* Light Maria - 1960

| D SEPTEMBER

* Linraln Hamiest '89 - Lincolnshire Showgrourd,

* miles north oi Lircoln on Ais, Details John
CBVGF tel: 0522-25760.

* Vange ARS Raily - Nicholes School, Basildon.
Details CANVI tel: 0268-43025 or Hrs Thompson

tel: 0268-552606.

* 6th Notional Amateur Gor Boot Sale - fhe Shettleworth Collection, Old Warden Aerodrome, or Bigglaswade, Beds. Details Tony GOCDD tel: 0582-508259 (24hrsl. Permission to 'fly-in' tel: Northill 288.

Scottish National Canvention - (PRDVISIONAL) File Sports Instituto, Details John, CM4ALA tel: 0592-742760.

Wight Wireless Rally - Wirlass Musoum, Arreton Manor, nr Newport, 1DW. Details Doeglas, G3KPD tcl: D983-67665.

17 SEPTEMBER

Peterborough R & ES Mobile Raily - Mirrina Sports Centre, Peterboroegh, Datalis CAPYP tel: 0733-230412, evenings. tel: 0733 SEPTEMBER

* Harlow Mobile Raily - Harlow Sports Centra. Detoils G4MS tel: D279-722622 evenings or G4KPR tel: 0279-22365 daytima.

Great Lumiay ARES Raily - Great Lumicy Gommenity Gantre, Chestar Ic Stract, Go.Durham. Detoils Barry GIJDP tel: 091-388 5936.

DTHER EVENTS

13 HARCH

* falacommunications Symposium = Watiord Grammar School for Girls, Lsdy's Close, Watfard, Herts. Schools particularly welcome. Lacturas, talks and demonstrations. Datalls Tony Katsay-Stood, GOC00 (Head of Physics) tal: Wotford 2234D3, daytime or OS82-5D8259, 24 hoers. 29/3D JULY

9/30 July * Ath AXSAT-UK Collaquium/2nd RSGB Data Symposium Univarsity al Surray, Guildlord, Details G3AAJ tal: DI-989 6741, ISee nows Item ra this jaint

GB CALLS

The list bolow shows ALL the special event stations licensed for operation during this month and early next menth, (as at press date) it is taken direct from the GB Calls file on the HD computer. These collaigns are voild for uso from the date given bet the paried all operation may very from I to 20 days.

DON'T FORGET ENTRIES FOR THE RSGB 75 AWARD GLOSE ON 1 APRIL 1989

1 MARCH:
CBOAfG - 888 SQDN, ATC., W.Mlds.
CBOCCM - St. Dunstan's College, Landon SE6.
CBOCDN - Crid: SZ 298 849
CBORGT - ClayMidon, Devon.
CBOYDS - St. Dovid's, Dyfad.
CBZRND - Old Swinfard Hospital Schaal, W.Mids.
CBSAC - 85 SQUADRON A.T.G., LDNODN M21.
CBSDBB - Centrol Methodist Schoal, W.Mids.
CBSAR - Nunsilold House, Derby.
CB800 - Thernton Por, Northampton.

2 MARCH: CBIHHG - Haywords Hoath, W.Sussax. CBSLV - Grystol Palaca, London SEI9.

3 HARCH GBABR -Borry Rally, S.Clamorgan.

4 MARCH: GBOCDK - Fort Glikicker, GBOCDM - Monkton, GBDCDX - Crid: SZ 339 879, GBZPYM - Palslay YHCA, Strotholyde, GBBRAF - Laicostor,

GBICDA · Cospart, Hants. CB4XXX - DX-padition to N.Walas.

9 MARCHI

GBDXXV - 25th Annivarsory Bristol ARC. GB4HHC - Haywards Haeth Collega, W.Sussax.

ID MARCH: CB2PCS - Hanks Dala, Somarsat. CB4SBC - Seaford, E.Sussax. 11 MARCH: G84BLE - Basingstoko Library, Hants. G85DX - Menwith Hill, W.Yorks.

CBICHX - G-MEX Exhibition Cantra, Mauchestai. GBAHHS - HMS Warrior 1860, Honts. GBARCH - Horwich, Lancs.

I3 MARCH CBOCDS - Grid: SU 62B 069. CBDFOC - fsmwarth, Staffs. GBICDS - Grld: SU 628 069.

14 MARCH: GB4QRS - Duainton Railway Contre, Aylasbury. GB4SPD - Co.Antrim, N.Iraland.

IS MARCH:
GBIGDJ - Portsmoeth, Hants.
GBICDK -Fort Glikicker, Hants.
CBICDM - Fort Hankton, Hants.
CBIGDO - Partsmoeth, Honts.
CBIGDS - Fort Soethwick, Hants.
CBICDW - Fort Widlay, Hants.

17 MARCH: CB2GGA - Girl Geldes Assoc., Clithoroc, Esnos. GBZRAF - RAF Newton, Notts.

GBZCDT - Hilsea, Portsmoeth. CBZCDW - Foit Wallington. GBSCRAF - Yorkshire Air Huseum, York.

20 MARCH: C82MCG - Watford Cirls Crommor School, Herts. G84RAF - Yorkshira Air Nesaum, York.

GBSOK - 50 Kidderminstor T.A. Cantre.

GB2578 - HIII No.3, Scotland. GB50RAF - RAF Halton, Becks.

25 HARCH:

GB4WTF - Wortley Top, Shaffleld.

31 HARCH; GBIGDN - Neadlos Battary;

1 APRIL: CBOCOX - Fort Cilklekar. CBOCOM - Honkton. GBOHHO - Old Yalograph Station, 10%, CB4ACF - Crid: SE 301 712.

3 APRIL: CB2fCC - Thornton Clavelays, Bisckpool.



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the last ...

DON'T GIVE UP BEFORE YOU START BUILDING

Perhaps I may be allowed to reply to G4LXN's letter in the Feb RadCom. I find II both sed and stranga thet he should find II necessary to go QRT because he is unable to lind sufficient Inspiration or Information from which to build a simple amateur redioproject.

He quotes my recent article as a possible contender but than seys that there is insufficient Information, I am not surprised. If I wented to take up motor racing I would not stert by antering the Grend Prix; such a project is for the experienced constructor. The beginner with tille or no experience should start with simple projects, perhaps a simple audio amplifier, e OC receiver, or some tilem of test equipment such es e GDO.

The newcomer will initially make lots of silly mistakes, and even the most simple circuit may not work, but this is how the knowledge begins. Every mistake is a potential lesson in fault finding; you learn how a besic circuit works, whet stops it working and those thems that are criticate correct operation.

There is no substitute for experience. Tha more you try to build the more you will learn and, as a result, you learn to do things for yourself such as designing your own simple

Initially you must find some Ideas and this is where G4LXN claims to have falled. I wonder has he a copy of the ARRL Handbook (eny year), a copy of the QRP Circuits Manual, the ARRL Solid State Design Manual or what about Ham Redio (The American one) available through the RSGB. There are dozens of publications containing hundreds of simple designs for the newcomer.

I started constructing radio equipment et the ege of 13. Many of the articlas in the lew megazines thet existed were over my head, but it did not stop me. As I recall Hound a book in the locel library covering one, two and three-velve radios. No instructions ere so comprehensive that they fell you everything; you have to think e bit for yourself, experiment a little and persist until something eventually works, fleught myself to pass the RAE from the only book availeble, the ARRL Hendbook. It took three months.

In 1989 you can buy electronic components by just picking up tha telephone from numerous suppliers; there are railies nearly every weekend of the year with thousends of components on offer; and there are books end manuels containing almost every circuit that you could ever think of. If hes never been easter, but at the end of the day it is down to the individual – you will only get out of it what you put Into it. I am not an engineer, I have never hed any training in radio et all, yet I have never had any trouble linding the necessary information to build my own equipment so why should G4LXN by any different.

I carrecall an emalaur of my vintage who went QRT shortly aftar receiving his licence; the reason did not emarge for a white but it appeared that other emaleurs had laughed at him because he had a brand new commercial rig! How times have changed, but I expect in the linal analysis both he and GALXN hava something in common. Naither were very interested in amaleur radio in the

first place, or they would not have been so easily put off.

Incidentally, in mid-December I worked Dave, G4HMC, who was using my design from the Oct/Nev RadCom. This, plus the numerous other enquiries I have received has restored my laith in the more traditional side of emaleur radio. Home brewing is indeed alive and well. Come on G4LXN, if you ere really Interested in ameteur radio gal some more books and start building—you will never regret it.

MJ Grierson,
G3TSO

VHF EGO TRIP?

Further to the erticle "It's voits that joits - a winter's tale" which appeared on page 20 of RadCom for January 1989, I would like to point out one or two items which were not mentioned in the erticle.

The property mentioned was probably bull before the widespread use of washing machines, dishwashers, Iridges, Ireezers and electric cookers. This means that the electricity supply to the house would not have been designed with these appliances in mind.

City supplies usuelly are capable of teking these loads because the concentration of electrical leads in one area demands more robust systems. However, overhead line systems to rural ereas suffer from the lect that the load is spread out and long runs of overhead line are required to reach them. The vollage drop compensations required to give our friend, the author, a stable supply would require complax monitoring systems, or a lot of money spent upon uprating the network. If the preperty is such a ".. spilling VHF OTH.." why does the author require a linear amplifier using a 4CX350? Surely he could prove his operating abilities by using lower power? Or perhaps he is on some sort of Ego trip!

Finally, Electricity Boards do Investigate and improve supplies upon receipt of compleints of fow or high voltage. However, e simple job such as replacing the transformer, high voltage overhead line end low vollage feeder to the house would run into thousands of pounds. Who would pay? The author who's loed is causing the problems? Or the rest of us mere mortals who live in the city end operate with lower power, using the better VHF conditions to D J Ackrill, GODJA. gel a little lurther? I fear that Mr Ackrill has rather comprehensively missed the point of the erticle, which is all the more surprising insolar as fundersland that he is employed in the electricity supply industry. He should, therefore, be familier with the statutory requirements relating to the mointenance of voltage and frequency at e consumer's premises. Also, of course, the matter of whether or not the property was built .. before the widespreed use of washing machinas, dishwashers, Iridgas...elc" is quite irrelevant to the fact theil the Board hes e statutory obligetion to maintain its supply within cartain defined parameters. A sletutory obligation remains e statutory obligation. Mr Ackrill will ba interested to leam that the property in question was converted end the supply to it installed in 1983: although we are not as advanced as Birmingham in these matters, electric domestic eppliances were quite common in the county of Powys by the early 1980s. It is

also an incontrovertible fact that my local electricity board has shown not the slightest Interest in ecknowledging that a problem exists, contrary to the implication in Mr Ackrill's last paragraph. As a matter of record. Lunderstend from other correspondance received as a result of this article that many other amateurs in the UK have suffered from the twin problems of poor regulation and the unwillingness of their local electricity board to consider the matter. On Mr Ackrill's other point, il is not ...the author who's (sic) load is causing the problem"; the erticle mede it clear that both line and load regulation were inadequete, and as a matter of lect the off-load line regulation at this site is very sub-standard al around 10per cent.

I was amused by Mr Ackrill's suggestion that operating ability is an inverse function of the amplifier power used by the operator end that those who choose to use high amplifiar power from good siles ere on an "... ego trip". This merely demonstrates a lack of knowledge of the factors effecting VHF propagation. Firstly, I am afraid that the lews of physics are immutable and thet the raquiraments for working reel DX vie earth-moon-earth end eurora Involva high effective radiated power (not merely high amplifier power) however "spiffing" OTH, I essume that Mr Ackrill habitually uses low Irensmittar power, and essumes from my article thet I he bituelly use high transmitter power. Even if both thase assumptions are true, neither tells the full story of our respective station's capabilities: that would only emerge if our respactive entennes were lakan into eccount. However, il my essumption is correct, il expect that the stations which Mr Ackrill is eble to work when conditions ere good ere those who - like myself - run high ERP. Presumably they ere all - lika myself - on en ego trip, in which cese I assume that he will henceforth decline to work any strong Europeen station ha heers when conditions ere good.

Theve every respect for the QRP frelemity. However, Mr Ackrill's implied suggestion that all QRP operators are good operators is very ler from true. Many seem to feel, for example, thei running low power entitles them to call out of turn in a pile-up when specific ereas or prefixes heve been requested. Meny UK 144MHz ORP operators eppear to fevour protracted CQ calls when conditions are good, which echieve nothing epert from cousing inlarference. Equelly, it is notable thet a very lerge number of low- end mediumpower 144MHz stations in the UK rediata Iransmissions which ere of considerably poorer quality then many from those which run the full legal limit. More seriously, those who enjoy low-power VHF DX work generally fail to recognise and acknowledge an important point. This is that the DX with which they make contact usually consists of thosa who have taken the I rouble to put logether e stetion which will hold up both ends of the OSO. Amongs! other things, this normally involves a highgain entenna and high transmittar power. I have elerge number of QSL cards from Mr Ackril's counterparts in Europe, many of which carry stelements of the form "first GW" or "mni tnx new square" or "FB for my 3W". In other words, some of us are quite happy to be DX for others as well as to take advantage of those operators who have been willing to erect good antennas and use high power.

All in all, I rather think that Mr Ackrill would benefit considerably from a few hours' study of the equations governing path loss copability. He will doubtless discover that high amplifier power is the

least effactive way of improving the station's DX performance under everyday conditions. What is far mora importent are a) the site and its take-off end b) the antenna used by the station.

G4FRX

DILIGENCE AND TACTICS ARE THE ANSWER

In answer to the pleas from G1UGA (Sec. Greeter Peterborough Amateur Radio Club) in "The Last Word", RadCom, January 1989, the schools in my area operate Internal clubs during school time and for an hour after school linkshas. These take the form of Computer. Electronics, Music etc clubs. What we need to do Is to teke Amelaur Radio to them, not well for them to come to us. At the school you would have a captive audience!

Your lirst step listo lind out what clubs operate in your local schools. Computers and Electronics are the obvious ones to start with. Contact the teacher who runs the club, get him interested and you are hall wey there.

Seek the assistance of refired radio emateurs for the display because they will be able to ettend during school time. Continuity is the key, so be prepared to attend at leest three weaks in e row. Invite the teacher end the children around to your house to see your station, ply them with cakes, and get them interested.

Whet about the RSGB having a mobile Amateur Redic Information Van which could visit the schools? It could be littled out with all examples of our hobby. Funding would come from the many Amateur Radio equipment suppliers who have a vested interest in seeing our hobby flourish.

Sleve Fosler, G4MPK.

DD WE REALLY NEED THE EXTRA CHANNELS?

Over recent months, and no doubt Iriggered by Angus McKenzie's excellent enalysis. I heve heard considerable discussion regarding the occupency of the 2 metre FM bend. I am surprised, however, that two points do not seem to have been considered.

First, In view of the high occupency of the band, is FM and channalisation really necessary? Under present standards, one FM trensmission takes the bandwidth of elest four AM stations or eight using SSB. Putting it another wey, twelve FM channals occupy the same amount of the frequency specificm as the whole of the eighty metre bend. A change of moda, coupled with dechennelisation and there would be room to scale.

Secondly, modern developments have made 40-50well FM aquipment commonplace. It located lavourably and using a standard omni-directional aerial, a station using such equipment could reasonably expect a service area in the order of 50 miles radius. The channel which that station is using can therefore only carry a single contact over an area of 8000 square miles. Reduction of power to the minimum necessary would obviously help, but it even the simplest of beam aerials were used, this would immediately reduce that area by at least a hall and permit a doubling of band occupancy "at a stroke".

В Kandal, G3GDU

··· word

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"They said I couldn't work DX with just 100 watts. Especially with a radio that has less than 1000 switches on the front panel.

But the truth is, I'm working lots of DX, more than some of these blockbuster types, thanks to my Yaesu FT-747GX.

You see, my no-nonsense FT-747GX was designed with me in mind, so I can hop around the band fast to nail those DX stations. While the other hams are warming up their amplifiers. I'm working the new country!

My FT-747GX has a super receiver, with a directly-driven mixer for great overload protection. And, Yaesu included the CW filter in the purchase price

(I used the money I saved on postage for the QSL cards!).

And my FT-747GX is loaded with other features. The receiver works from 100kHz straight through 30MHz, and it's a fantastic shortwave broadcast receiver. I can use all twenty memories for that alone! Plus it's got dual VFOs. A noise blanker. Split frequency operation for the pile-ups. And scanning up the band helps me check out openings as they happen.

I just put in the optional crystal oven, and next month I'm going to pick up the FM board.

And with the money I saved when I bought my FT-747GX, I got a second ten-metre antenna for satellite work on the high end of the band. I use my personal

computer to tell me what satellites are going by, and the computer even sets the frequencies on the radio for me.

Now my friends are getting FT-747GX rigs, too. I knew they'd figure out my secret weapon sooner or later. But now I'm setting the pace!

Thanks, Yaesu. You've made a rig that makes sense, at a price I can afford."

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"They laughed when they saw my radio. Then they saw my logbook."

